2018/0231(COD)

COLUMN TABLE FOR INTERINSTITUTIONAL NEGOTIATIONS – WORKING DOCUMENT

Proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing the Programme for single market, competitiveness of enterprises, including small and medium-sized enterprises, and European statistics and repealing Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 (COM(2018)0441 – C8-0254/2018 – 2018/0231(COD))

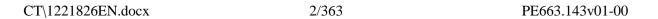
Date of the trilogue: 25.11.2020

Committee on the Internal Market and Consumer Protection – Negotiating team

NB: this cover page has been added for technical reasons only.

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Proposal for a

REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

establishing the Programme for single market, competitiveness of enterprises, including small and medium-sized enterprises, and European statistics and repealing Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826

2018/0231 (COD) (text with EEA relevance)

PART 1: RECITALS

Cell in green: The text can be deemed as already agreed

Cell in yellow: The issue needs further discussion at technical level

Cell in red: The issue needs further discussion in depth at the trilogue meetings

Cell in grey: The issue has not been agreed in the framework of the interinstitutional negotiations

Note:

Differences between the EP's position and the Commission's proposal are highlighted in Bold/Italics.

Differences between the Council's position and the Commission's proposal are highlighted in Bold/Italics.

Modifications by lawyer-linguists are in Italics.

Deletions are not marked. Compromise wording is in Bold/Italics/Underline.

Row	COMMISSION	EP	COUNCIL - PARTIAL	POSSIBLE COMPROMISE
	COM(2018)441 final		GENERAL APPROACH	SOLUTION
1.	Proposal for a	Proposal for a	Proposal for a	Green
	REGULATION OF THE	REGULATION OF THE	REGULATION OF THE	Proposal for a
	EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT	EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT	EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT	REGULATION OF THE
	AND OF THE COUNCIL	AND OF THE COUNCIL	AND OF THE COUNCIL	EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT
	establishing the Programme for	establishing the Programme for	establishing the Programme for	AND OF THE COUNCIL
	single market, competitiveness of	single market, competitiveness of	single market, competitiveness	establishing the Programme
	enterprises, including small and	enterprises, including small and	of enterprises, including small	for single market,
	medium-sized enterprises, and	medium-sized enterprises, and	and medium-sized enterprises,	competitiveness of enterprises,
	European statistics and repealing	European statistics and repealing	the area of plants, animals,	including small and medium-
	Regulations (EU) No 99/2013,	Regulations (EU) No 99/2013,	food and feed, and European	sized enterprises, the area of
	(EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No	(EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No	statistics and repealing	plants, animals, food and
	254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014,	254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014,	Regulations (EU) No 99/2013,	<u>feed</u> , and European statistics
	(EU) No 652/2014 and (EU)	(EU) No 652/2014 and (EU)	(EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No	and repealing Regulations
	2017/826	2017/826	254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014,	(EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No
			(EU) No 652/2014 and (EU)	1287/2013, (EU) No
			2017/826	254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014,
				(EU) No 652/2014 and (EU)
				2017/826
2.	(1) The internal market is a	(1) The internal market is a	(1) The internal market is a	Green
	cornerstone of the Union. Since its	cornerstone of the Union. Since	cornerstone of the Union. Since	(1) The internal market is a
	inception, it has proved a major	its inception, it has proved a	its inception, it has proved a	cornerstone of the Union.
	contributor to growth,	major contributor to growth,	major contributor to growth,	Since its inception, it has

competitiveness and employment. It has generated new opportunities and economies of scale for European businesses, notably micro, small and medium sized enterprises (SMEs), and strengthened their industrial competitiveness. The internal market contributed to the creation of jobs and offered greater choice at lower prices for consumers. It continues to be an engine for building a stronger, more balanced and fairer economy. It is one of the Union's major achievements and its best asset in an increasingly global world.

competitiveness and employment. It has generated new opportunities and economies of scale for European businesses, notably micro, small and medium sized enterprises (SMEs), and strengthened their industrial competitiveness, and it should continue benefitting all citizens equally. The internal market contributed to the creation of jobs and offered greater choice at lower prices for consumers while guaranteeing high quality of products and services offered. It continues to be an engine for building a more integrated market and a stronger, more balanced and fairer economy. It is one of the Union's major achievements and its best asset in an increasingly global world, as well as being core element in achieving the transformation into a resource- and energyefficient sustainable economy to respond to the increasing

competitiveness and employment. It has generated new opportunities and economies of scale for European businesses, notably micro, small and medium sized enterprises (SMEs), and strengthened their industrial competitiveness. The internal market contributed to the creation of jobs and offered greater choice at lower prices for consumers. It continues to be an engine for building a stronger, more balanced and fairer economy. It is one of the Union's major achievements and its best asset in an increasingly global world.

proved a major contributor to growth, competitiveness and employment and it should continue benefitting all citizens and businesses equally. It has generated new opportunities and economies of scale for European businesses, notably micro, small and medium sized enterprises (SMEs), and strengthened their industrial competitiveness. The internal market contributed to the creation of jobs and offered greater choice of *high quality* of products and services at lower prices for consumers. It continues to be an engine for building *a more integrated* market and a stronger, more balanced and fairer economy. It is one of the Union's major achievements and its best asset in an increasingly global world, as well as being a core element in achieving the

		pressure of climate change. [Am. 1]		green and digital transformation towards a sustainable economy, also as a response to the increasing pressure of climate change.
chareveners conformed chareveners conformed chareveners conformed chareveners	The internal market has to ntinuously adapt to a rapidly anging environment of digital volution and globalisation. A we era of digital innovation ntinues to provide opportunities a businesses and individuals, eates new products and business odels but equally constitutes a allenge to regulation and forcement.	(2) The internal market has to continuously adapt to a rapidly changing environment of digital revolution and globalisation. A new era of digital innovation continues to provide opportunities and benefits to the economy and to daily lives, especially for businesses and individuals, creates new products and business models but equally constitutes a challenge to regulation and enforcement, and to consumer protection and safety. [Am. 2]	(2) The internal market has to continuously adapt to a rapidly changing environment of digital revolution and globalisation. A new era of digital innovation continues to provide opportunities for businesses and individuals, creates new products and business models and new opportunities for the efficient production of high-quality statistics but equally constitutes a challenge to regulation and enforcement.	Green (2) The internal market has to continuously adapt to a rapidly changing environment of digital revolution and globalisation. A new era of digital innovation continues to provide opportunities for businesses and individuals, creates new products, services, processes and business models, and opportunities for the efficient production of high-quality statistics. It equally constitutes a challenge to regulation, enforcement, consumer protection and

				safety.
4.	(3) The substantial body of	(3) The substantial body of	(3) The substantial body of	Green
٦٠.	Union legislation underpins the	Union legislation underpins the	Union legislation underpins the	Green
	functioning of the internal market.	functioning of the internal	functioning of the internal	(3) The substantial body of
	This concerns, in particular,	market. This concerns, in	market. This concerns, in	Union legislation underpins
	competitiveness, standardisation,	particular, competitiveness,	particular, competitiveness,	the functioning of the internal
	_	standardisation, <i>mutual</i>	standardisation, conformity	market. This concerns, in
	consumer protection, market surveillance and food chain	,		,
		recognition, consumer	assessment, consumer	particular, competitiveness,
	regulation but also rules	protection, market surveillance	protection, market surveillance	standardisation, <i>mutual</i>
	concerning business, trade and	and food chain regulation but	and food chain regulation the	recognition, conformity
	financial transactions and the	also rules concerning business,	plant, animal, food and feed	assessment, consumer
	promotion of fair competition	trade and financial transactions	area, but also rules concerning	protection, market surveillance
	providing for a level playing field	and the promotion of fair	business, trade and financial	but also rules concerning
	essential for the functioning of the	competition providing for a level	transactions, the production of	business, trade and financial
	internal market.	playing field essential for the	European statistics and the	transactions, the plant,
		functioning of the internal market	promotion of fair competition	animal, food and feed area,
		for the benefit of consumers and	providing for a level playing	the production of European
		businesses. [Am. 3]	field essential for the	statistics and the promotion of
			functioning of the internal	fair competition providing for
			market.	a level playing field essential
				for the functioning of the
				internal market for the benefit
				of consumers and businesses.
5.	(4) Still, barriers to the proper	(4) Still, unjustified,	(4) Still, unjustified or	Green
	functioning of the internal market	discriminatory and	<u>disproportionate</u> barriers to the	(4) Still, discriminatory,

	remain and the new obstacles	disproportionate barriers to the	proper functioning of the	unjustified or
	emerge. Adopting rules is only a	proper functioning of the internal	internal market remain and the	disproportionate barriers to
	first step, but making them work is	market, remain and the new	new obstacles emerge.	the proper functioning of the
	as important. This is ultimately a	obstacles emerge. Adopting rules	Adopting rules is only a first	internal market remain and
	matter of citizens' trust in the	is only a first step, but making	step, but making them work is	new obstacles emerge.
	Union, in its capacity to deliver,	them work is as important. This	as important. This is ultimately	Adopting rules is only a first
	and ability to create jobs and	Inadequate enforcement of	a matter of citizens' trust in the	step, but making them work is
	growth while protecting the public	existing rules, barriers to free	Union, in its capacity to deliver,	as important. Current
	interest.	movement of goods and services,	and ability to create jobs and	enforcement challenges to
		and low levels of cross-border	growth while protecting the	existing rules, barriers to free
		public procurement limit the	public interest.	movement of goods and
		opportunities for businesses and		services, and low levels of
		consumers. Addressing such		cross-border public
		obstacles is ultimately a matter of		procurement limit the
		citizens' trust in the Union, in its		opportunities for businesses
		capacity to deliver, and its ability		and consumers. Addressing
		to create <i>quality</i> jobs and growth		such obstacles is ultimately a
		while protecting the public		matter of citizens' trust in the
		interest. [Am. 4]		Union, in its capacity to
				deliver, and <i>its</i> ability to create
				jobs and growth while
				protecting the public interest.
6.	(5) Several programmes for	(5) Several programmes for	(5) Several programmes for	Green
	Union action exist currently in the	Union action exist currently in the	Union action exist currently in	
	fields of competitiveness of	fields of competitiveness of	the fields of competitiveness of	
	enterprises including SMEs,	enterprises including SMEs,	enterprises including SMEs,	(5) Separate programmes for
	consumer protection, customers	especially micro, small and	consumer protection, customers	Union action existed

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and end-users in financial services. policy making in financial services and food chain. Some additional activities are financed directly under the internal market budget lines. It is necessary to streamline and exploit synergies between various actions and provide for a more flexible and agile framework to finance activities aiming to achieve a well-functioning internal market in the most cost-efficient manner. It is therefore necessary to establish a new programme bringing together activities financed previously under those other programmes and other relevant budget lines. The programme should also include new initiatives which aim to improve the functioning of the internal market.

medium-sized enterprises, consumer protection, customers and end-users in financial services, policy making in financial services and food chain. Some additional activities are financed directly under internal market budget lines. It is necessary to streamline and exploit synergies between various actions and provide for a more flexible, transparent, simplified and agile framework to finance activities aiming to achieve a well-functioning and sustainable internal market in the most costefficient manner. It is therefore necessary to establish a new programme bringing together activities financed previously under those other programmes and other relevant budget lines that draws the lessons to be from learned existing *programmes*. The programme should also include new initiatives which aim to improve the

and end-users in financial services, policy making in financial services and food chainin the plant, animal, food and feed area. Some additional activities are financed directly under the internal market budget lines. It is necessary to streamline and exploit synergies between various actions and provide for a more flexible and agile framework to finance activities aiming to achieve a well-functioning internal market in the most cost-efficient. manner. It is therefore necessary to establish a new programme bringing together activities financed previously under those other programmes and other relevant budget lines. The programme should also include new initiatives which aim to improve the functioning of the internal market.

previously in the fields of competitiveness of enterprises, especially SMEs, consumer protection, customers and endusers in financial services, policy making in financial services and in the plant, animal, food and feed area. Some additional activities were financed directly under the internal market budget lines. It was necessary to streamline and exploit synergies between various actions and provide for a more flexible, transparent, simplified and agile framework to finance activities aiming to achieve a well-functioning sustainable internal market. Therefore, a new programme is established bringing together activities financed previously under those other programmes and other relevant budget lines.

The programme should also

		functioning of the internal market, avoiding duplication with related Union programmes and actions. [Am. 5]		include new initiatives which aim to improve the functioning of the internal market, while avoiding duplication with related Union programmes and actions.
7.	(6) The development, production and dissemination of European statistics are subject to a separate European Statistical Programme established by Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴⁷ . In order to provide continuity of producing and disseminating European statistics, the new programme should also include activities covered by the European Statistical Programme by providing a framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics. The new programme should establish the financial	(6) The development, production and dissemination of European statistics are subject to a separate European Statistical Programme established by Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴⁷ . In order to provide continuity of producing and disseminating European statistics, the new programme should also include activities covered by the <i>existing</i> European Statistical Programme by providing a framework for the <i>collection of data, as well as for the correct use, application</i> and	(6) The development, production and dissemination of European statistics are subject to a separate European Statistical Programme established by Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council ¹ . In order to provide continuity of producing and disseminating European statistics, the new programme should also include activities covered by the European Statistical Programme by providing a framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics. The new programme	Green (6) The development, production and dissemination of European statistics under this Programme pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2009 on European statistics were subject to a separate European Statistical Programme established by Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council 147. In order to provide continuity of producing and disseminating European statistics, the new

framework for European statistics to provide high-quality, comparable and reliable statistics on Europe in order to underpin the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of all Union policies.

⁴⁷ Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 January 2013 on the European statistical programme 2013-17 (OJ L 39, 9.2.2013, p 12).

dissemination European of statistics. The new programme should establish the financial framework for European statistics provide high-quality, comparable and reliable European statistics on Europe, also on matters such trade and migration, in order to underpin design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of all Union policies in accordance with Article 3 of the Treaty on European Union. [Am. 6]

⁴⁷ Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 January 2013 on the European statistical programme 2013-17 (OJ L 39, 9.2.2013, p 12).

should establish the financial framework for European statistics to provide highquality, comparable and reliable European statistics-on-Europe in order to underpin the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of all Union policies. The professional independence as one of the most important principles is seen as a necessary prerequisite for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics.

¹ Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 January 2013 on the European statistical programme 2013-17 (OJ L 39, 9.2.2013, p 12).

programme should also include activities covered by European the previous Statistical Programme providing a framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics pursuant to Regulation (EC)No 223/2009. The new programme should establish the financial framework for European statistics to provide high-quality, comparable and reliable European statistics, in order to underpin the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of all Union policies. The professional independence is a necessary prerequisite for the development, production and dissemination of **European statistics.**

⁴⁷ Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 of the European

	Parliament and of the Council
	of 15 January 2013 on the
	European statistical
	programme 2013-17 (OJ L 39,
	9.2.2013, p 12).
	^{1a} Regulation (EC) No
	223/2009 of the European
	Parliament and of the Council
	of 11 March 2009 on
	European statistics and
	repealing Regulation (EC,
	Euratom) No 1101/2008 of the
	European Parliament and of
	the Council on the
	transmission of data subject to
	statistical confidentiality to the
	Statistical Office of the
	European Communities,
	Council Regulation (EC) No
	322/97 on Community
	Statistics, and Council
	Decision 89/382/EEC,
	Euratom establishing a
	Committee on the Statistical
	Programmes of the European
	Communities (OJ L 87,
	31.3.2009, p. 164).

8.	(6a) High-quality European	Green
	statistics developed, produced	
	and disseminated under the	deletion
	European Statistical	
	Programme are essential for	
	evidence-based decision	
	making European statistics	
	should be available in a timely	
	manner, in accordance with	
	the principles of the European	
	statistics Code of Practice,	
	and should contribute to the	
	implementation of Union	
	policies as reflected in the	
	Treaty on the Functioning of	
	the European Union, notably	
	strengthened and integrated	
	economic governance, social,	
	economic and territorial	
	cohesion, sustainable	
	development, agricultural	
	policy, the social dimension of	
	Europe and globalisation.	
9.	(6b) European statistics are	Green
	indispensable for Union	deletion
	decision-making and for the	

		measurement of the	
		performance and impact of	
		Union initiatives. Therefore,	
		the continued provision and	
		development of European	
		statistics, taking a Union-wide	
		approach and going beyond	
		an internal market	
		perspective should be ensured	
		in order to cover all Union	
		activities and policy areas,	
		including empowering	
		businesses and citizens to take	
		informed decisions. In order	
		to respond correctly to policy-	
		making requirements, gender	
		disaggregated data is	
		necessary, where appropriate.	
10.		(6c) In view of its horizontal	Green
		character, the European	deletion
		Statistical Programme is	
		subject to specific	
		requirements and notably	
		those laid down in Regulation	
		(EC) No 223/2009 of the	
		European Parliament and of	
		the Council ^{1a} , in particular	

with regard to the respect of statistical principles, the functioning of the European Statistical System and its governance, including the role and tasks assigned to the European Statistical System Committee and to the Commission (Eurostat), the establishment and implementation of the programming of the statistical activities.

1a Regulation (EC)
No 223/2009 of the European
Parliament and of the Council
of 11 March 2009 on
European statistics and
repealing Regulation (EC,
Euratom) No 1101/2008 of the
European Parliament and of
the Council on the
transmission of data subject
to statistical confidentiality to
the Statistical Office of the

			European Communities,	
			Council Regulation (EC)	
			No 322/97 on Community	
			Statistics, and Council	
			Decision 89/382/EEC, Eurato	
			m establishing a Committee	
			on the Statistical Programmes	
			of the European Communities	
			(OJ L 87, 31.3.2009, p. 164).	
11.			(6d) The Programme has been	Green
			submitted for prior	deletion
			examination to the European	
			Statistical System Committee	
			in accordance with Regulation	
			(EC) No 223/2009.	
12.	(7) It is therefore appropriate to	(7) It is therefore appropriate	(7) It is therefore appropriate to	Green
	establish a Programme for the	to establish a the Single Market	establish a Programme for the	
	internal market, competitiveness of	Programme for <i>strengthening</i> the	internal market,	
	enterprises, including micro, small	internal market, and improving its	competitiveness of enterprises,	
	and medium-sized enterprises, and	functioning in the fields of	including micro, small and	(7) It is therefore
	European statistics (the	competitiveness and	medium-sized enterprises,	appropriate to establish a
	'Programme'). The Programme	sustainability of enterprises,	protection and empowering of	Single Market Programme for
	should be established for the	including especially micro, small	citizens and consumers, the	<i>improving</i> the functioning of
	duration of seven years from 2021	and medium-sized enterprises,	area of plants, animals, food	the internal market and the
	to 2027.	standardisation, market	and feed, and European	competitiveness and
		surveillance, consumer	statistics (the 'Programme'). The	sustainability of enterprises,
		protection, food supply chain and	Programme should be	including especially SMEs,

		European statistics	(the established for the duration of	standardisation, market
		'Programme'). The Program	`	surveillance, consumer
		should be established for		protection, the area of plants,
		duration of seven years from 2	021	animals, food and feed, and
		to 2027. [Am. 7]		European statistics (the
				'Programme'). The Programme
				should be established for a
				period of seven years to align
				its duration with that of the
				multiannual financial
				framework laid down in
				Council regulation (EU,
				Euratom) No [reference to the
				MFF Regulation to be
				inserted].
				Note: To be dealt with at
				finalisation stage in line with
				horizontal guidance and
				decision on retroactivity and
				end clauses.
13.	(8) The Programme should	` '	ould (8) The Programme should	Green
	support the design, implementation	support the des	ign, support the design,	(8) The Programme should

and enforcement of Union legislation underpinning the proper functioning of the internal market. The Programme should support the creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market: businesses, citizens including consumers, civil society and public authorities. To that end, the Programme should aim to ensure the competitiveness of businesses, notably SMEs, but also supporting the enforcement of consumer protection and safety rules and by raising the awareness of businesses and individuals by providing them with the right tools, knowledge and competence to make informed decisions and strengthen their participation in Union's policy-making. Furthermore, the Programme should aim to enhance regulatory and administrative cooperation, notably through exchange of best practices, building of knowledge and competence bases, including

implementation and enforcement of Union legislation underpinning the proper functioning of the internal market. The Programme should support the creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market: businesses, citizens including consumers, and employees, civil society and public authorities. To that end, the Programme should aim to ensure the competitiveness and sustainability of businesses, notably SMEs, especially micro, small and medium-sized enterprises, including those in the tourism sector, but also supporting the enforcement of consumer protection and safety rules as well as environmental and social standards, and by the raising awareness businesses and individuals by providing them with the right tools, appropriate information and assistance, knowledge and competence to make informed

implementation and enforcement of Union legislation underpinning the proper functioning of the internal market. The Programme should support the creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market: businesses. citizens including consumers, civil society and public authorities. To that end, the Programme should aim to ensure the competitiveness and the capacity building of businesses, notably SMEs, including in the tourism sector, but also supporting the enforcement of consumer protection and safety rules and by raising the awareness of businesses and individuals by providing them with the right tools, knowledge and competence to make informed decisions and strengthen their participation in Union's policy-

support the design, implementation and enforcement of Union legislation underpinning the proper functioning of the internal market. The Programme should support the creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market: businesses. citizens including consumers, and employees, civil society and public authorities. To that end, the Programme should aim to foster the competitiveness, capacity building and sustainability of enterprises, especially SMEs, including from the tourism sector. The sustainability of enterprises is important to maintain their long-term competitiveness and contributes to the transition to a more economically, environmentally and socially sustainable Union, which

the use of strategic public procurement. The Programme should also aim to support the development of high-quality international standards that underpin the implementation of Union legislation. This also includes standard setting in the field of financial reporting and audit, thereby contributing to the transparency and well-functioning of the Union's capital markets and to enhancing investor protection. The Programme should support rulemaking and standard setting also by ensuring the broadest possible stakeholder involvement. The objective of the Programme should also be to support the implementation and enforcement of Union legislation providing for a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and the improvement of the welfare of animals.

decisions and strengthen their participation in Union's policymaking. Furthermore. the Programme should aim to enhance regulatory and administrative cooperation, notably through training programmes, exchange of best practices, building of knowledge and competence bases, including the use of strategic public procurement. The Programme should also aim to support the development of high-quality international standards that underpin the implementation of Union legislation. This also includes standard setting in the field of financial reporting and audit, thereby contributing to the transparency and wellfunctioning of the Union's capital markets and to enhancing investor protection. The Programme should support rulemaking and standard setting also by ensuring the broadest possible stakeholder

making. Furthermore, the Programme should aim to enhance regulatory and administrative cooperation, notably through exchange of best practices, building of knowledge and competence bases, including the use of strategic public procurement. The Programme should also aim to support the development of high-quality European and international standards that underpin the implementation of Union legislation. This also includes standard setting in the field of financial reporting and audit, thereby contributing to the transparency and wellfunctioning of the Union's capital markets and to enhancing investor protection. The Programme should support rulemaking and standard setting also by ensuring the broadest possible stakeholder

involvement. The objective of

should go hand in hand with digitalisation and engagement in sustainable business practices. The Programme should also support the enforcement of consumer protection and safety rules. It should also raise the awareness of businesses and individuals by providing them with the right tools, appropriate information and assistance, knowledge and competence to make informed decisions and strengthen their participation in Union's policy-making. Furthermore, the Programme should aim to enhance regulatory and administrative cooperation, notably through training programmes, exchange of best practices, building of knowledge and competence bases, including the use of strategic public procurement. The Programme

involvement. The objective of the Programme should also be to support the implementation and enforcement of Union legislation providing for a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and the improvement of the welfare of animals. [Am. 8]

the Programme should also be to support the implementation and enforcement of Union legislation providing for a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and the improvement protection of the well-being of people and the welfare of animals, food and feed safety whilst respecting the principles of sustainable development. Furthermore, the programme should support the production of high-quality European statistics in accordance with the statistical principles set out in Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 and further elaborated in the European **Statistics Code of Practice.**

should also aim to support the development of high-quality Union and international standards and rule-making, including through a broad stakeholder involvement, that underpin the implementation of Union legislation. This should cover the field of financial reporting and audit, thereby contributing to the transparency and wellfunctioning of the Union's capital markets and to enhancing investor protection. The Programme should support rulemaking and standard setting also by ensuring the broadest possible stakeholder involvement. The objective of the Programme should also be to support the implementation and enforcement of Union legislation providing for a high level of health for humans, animals and plants,

				<pre>protection of the well-being of people and the welfare of animals, food and feed safety whilst respecting the</pre>
				<u>principles of sustainable</u> development and ensuring a
				high level of consumer
				protection. Furthermore, the
				programme should support
				the production of high-
				quality European statistics
				in accordance with the
				statistical principles set out
				in Regulation (EC)
				No 223/2009 and further
				elaborated in the European
4.4				Statistics Code of Practice.
\	(9) A modern internal market	(9) A modern internal market	(9) A modern internal market	Green
_	promotes competition and benefits	that is based on principles of	promotes competition and	
	consumers, businesses and	fairness, transparency and	benefits consumers, businesses	(9) A modern internal
e	employees. Making better use of	<i>mutual trust</i> , promotes	and employees. Making better	market, that is based on
tl	he ever evolving internal market	competition and benefits	use of the ever evolving internal	principles of fairness,
iı	n services should help European	consumers, businesses and	market in services should help	transparency and mutual
b	ousinesses create jobs and grow	employees. Making better use of	European businesses create jobs	<i>trust</i> , promotes competition
a	across borders, offer wider choice	the ever evolving internal market	and grow across borders, offer	and benefits consumers,
О	of services at better prices, and	in services should help European	wider choice of services at	businesses and employees.
n	naintain high standards for	businesses create jobs and grow	better prices, and maintain high	Making better use of the ever

consumers and workers. To achieve this, the Programme should contribute to the removal of remaining barriers, and to ensure a regulatory framework that can accommodate new innovative business models.

across borders, offer wider choice of services at better prices, and maintain high standards for consumers and workers. To achieve this, the Programme contribute to better should monitoring of internal market developments, including of the impact of new technological development, the identification and the removal of remaining unjustified, discriminatory and disproportionate barriers, and to ensure a that the regulatory framework that can accommodate new innovative business models, including collaborative economy models and social entrepreneurship, while ensuring a high-level of social protection, including for entrepreneurs. [Am. 9]

standards for consumers and workers. To achieve this, the Programme should contribute to the removal of remaining unjustified or disproportionate barriers, and to ensure a regulatory framework that can accommodate new innovative business models including social entrepreneurship as well as non-technological innovation.

evolving internal market in services should help European businesses create jobs and grow across borders, offer wider choice of services at better prices, and maintain high standards for consumers and workers. To achieve this. the Programme should contribute to better monitoring of internal market developments, including of the impact of new technological development, as well as to the identification and the removal of remaining discriminatory, unjustified, or disproportionate barriers, and ensure that the regulatory framework can accommodate all forms of innovation. including new technological developments and processes, service innovation business models, collaborative and social economy models, social innovation, and non-

				technological innovation.
15.	(10) Regulatory obstacles in the	(10) Regulatory obstacles in	(10) Regulatory obstacles in the	
13.	internal market have been removed	the internal market have been	internal market have been	Green
	for many industrial products	removed for many industrial	removed for many industrial	(10) Regulatory obstacles in
	through prevention mechanisms,	products through prevention	products through prevention	the internal market have been
	the adoption of common rules and,	mechanisms, the adoption of	mechanisms, the adoption of	removed for many industrial
	where no such Union rules exist,	common rules and standards,	common rules and, where no	products through prevention
	through the principle of mutual	and, where no such Union rules	such Union rules exist, through	mechanisms, the adoption of
	recognition. In areas where no	exist, through the principle of	the principle of mutual	common rules and, where no
	Union legislation exists, the	mutual recognition. In areas	recognition. In areas where no	such Union rules exist,
	principle of mutual recognition	where no Union legislation exists,	Union legislation exists, the	through the principle of
	means that goods that are lawfully	the principle of mutual	principle of mutual recognition	mutual recognition. In areas
	marketed in one Member State	recognition means that goods that	means that goods that are	where no Union legislation
	enjoy the right to free movement	are lawfully marketed in one	lawfully marketed in one	exists, the principle of mutual
	and can be sold in another Member	Member State enjoy the right to	Member State enjoy the right to	recognition means that goods
	State. However, inadequate	free movement and can be sold in	free movement and can be sold	that are lawfully marketed in
	application of mutual recognition	another Member State, unless the	in another Member State.	one Member State enjoy the
	makes it harder for companies to	Member State concerned has	However, inadequate	right to free movement and
	access markets in other Member	grounds to oppose the marketing	application of mutual	can be sold in another Member
	States. Despite the high degree of	of the goods, provided that such	recognition makes it harder for	State, unless the Member
	market integration in the area of	a restriction is non-	companies to access markets in	State concerned has grounds
	goods, this leads to lost	discriminatory, justified by	other Member States. Despite	to oppose the marketing of
	opportunities for the economy at	legitimate public interest	the high degree of market	the goods, provided that such

large. The Programme should therefore aim to improve the application of mutual recognition in the area of goods and to reduce the number of illegal and noncompliant goods entering the market. objectives, as set out in Article 36 of the Treaty or recognised by the case-law of the Court of Justice, and proportionate to the aim pursued. However, inadequate application of mutual recognition unjustified such as disproportionate restrictions makes it harder for companies to access markets in other Member States. Despite the high degree of market integration in the area of goods. this leads to lost opportunities for the economy at large. The revision of Regulation (EU) No xxx/ 2018 on Mutual Recognition will help to boost the economic benefits in this area. *The* Programme should therefore aim to improve the application of mutual recognition in the area of goods, realising its full potential and to reduce the number of illegal and non-compliant goods entering the market, through targeted awareness raising and training, support for Product

integration in the area of goods, this leads to lost opportunities for the economy at large. The Programme should therefore aim to improve the application of mutual recognition in the area of goods and to reduce the number of illegal and noncompliant goods entering the market through the reinforcement of market surveillance.

a restriction is nondiscriminatory, justified by legitimate public interest objectives, as set out in Article 36 of the Treaty or recognised by the case-law of the Court of Justice as an overriding reason of public interest, and proportionate to the aim pursued. However, inadequate application of mutual recognition, consisting for example in imposing unjustified or disproportionate restrictions makes it harder for companies to access markets in other Member States. Despite the high degree of market integration in the area of goods, this leads to lost opportunities for the economy at large. The adoption of Regulation (EU) 2019/515, will boost the economic benefits in this area. The Programme should therefore

		Contact Points and better		aim to improve the application
		cooperation among competent		of mutual recognition in the
		authorities for mutual		area of goods, <i>realising its full</i>
		recognition and by		potential and to reduce the
		strengthening market		number of illegal and non-
		surveillance. [Am. 10]		compliant goods entering the
				market, through targeted
				awareness raising and
				training, support for Product
				Contact Points, referred to in
				Regulation 2019/515 and
				better cooperation among
				competent authorities for
				mutual recognition.
16.	(11) New regulatory and	(11) New regulatory and	(11) New regulatory and	Green
	enforcement challenges relate to a	enforcement challenges relate to a	enforcement challenges relate to	(11) New regulatory and
	rapidly changing environment of	rapidly changing environment of	a rapidly changing environment	enforcement challenges relate
	the digital revolution, concerning	the digital revolution, concerning	of the digital revolution,	to a rapidly changing
	issues such as cybersecurity,	issues such as cybersecurity, data	concerning issues such as	environment of the digital
	internet of things or artificial	protection and privacy, internet	cybersecurity, internet of things	revolution, concerning issues
	intelligence. Should damage occur,	of things or artificial intelligence	or artificial intelligence. Should	such as cybersecurity, data
	stringent rules on product safety	and related ethical standards.	damage occur, stringent rules	protection and privacy,
	and liability are essential to ensure	Should damage occur, stringent	on product safety and liability	internet of things or artificial
	a policy response that allows	rules on product safety and <i>clarity</i>	are essential to ensure a policy	intelligence and related
	European citizens, including	with regard to liability, as well as	response that allows European	ethical standards. Should
	consumers and businesses, to	strict enforcement of rules are	citizens, including consumers	damage occur, stringent rules
	benefit from such rules. The	essential to ensure a policy	and businesses, to benefit from	on product safety and <i>clarity</i>

	Programme should therefore	response that allows European	such rules. The Programme	with regard to liability are
	contribute to the rapid adaptation	citizens, including consumers and	should therefore contribute to	essential to ensure a policy
	and enforcement of a Union	businesses, to benefit from such	the rapid adaptation and	response that allows European
	product liability regime which	rules. The Programme should	enforcement of a Union product	citizens, including consumers
	fosters innovation.	therefore contribute to the rapid	liability regime which fosters	and businesses, to benefit from
		adaptation and <i>better</i>	innovation.	such rules. The Programme
		enforcement of a Union product		should therefore contribute to
		liability regime which fosters		the rapid adaptation and better
		innovation whilst ensuring the		enforcement of a Union
		safety and security of users.		product liability regime which
		[Am. 11]		fosters innovation whilst
				ensuring the safety and
				security of users.
17.	(12) Placing on the market of	(12) Placing on the market of	(12) Placing on the market of	Green
	products that are not compliant	products that are not compliant	products that are not compliant	
	with Union law puts those who	with Union law puts regardless of	with Union law puts those who	(12) The placing on the
	comply at disadvantage and may	whether such products are placed	comply at disadvantage and	market of products that are not
	endanger consumers. Many	on the market by traditional or	may endanger consumers. Many	compliant with Union law
	entrepreneurs disregard the rules	electronic means and regardless	entrepreneurs disregard the	including products imported
	either through lack of knowledge	of whether they are produced in	rules either through lack of	from third countries, puts Union citizens and consumers
	or intentionally to gain a	the Union or enter it from third	knowledge or intentionally to	as well as other Union end
	competitive advantage. Market	countries, puts Union citizens	gain a competitive advantage.	users at risk. Economic
	surveillance authorities are often	and consumers at risk. Economic	Market surveillance authorities	operators selling compliant
	underfunded and constrained by	operators selling compliant	are often underfunded and	products by traditional or
	national boundaries, while	products face distorted	constrained by national	electronic means face
	entrepreneurs trade at Union or	competition from those who do	boundaries, while entrepreneurs	distorted competition from those who do not comply with
	even global level. In particular, in	not comply at disadvantage and	trade at Union or even global	mose who uo noi compry with

the case of e-commerce, market surveillance authorities have great difficulties in tracing noncompliant products imported from third countries and identifying the responsible entity within their jurisdiction. The Programme should therefore seek to strengthen product compliance by providing the right incentives to entrepreneurs, intensifying compliance checks and promoting closer cross-border cooperation among enforcement authorities. The Programme should also contribute to the consolidation of the existing framework for market surveillance activities, encourage joint actions of market surveillance authorities from different Member States, improve the exchange of information and promote convergence and closer integration of market surveillance activities.

may endanger consumers. Many entrepreneurs disregard with the rules either through due to lack of knowledge or intentionally to gain a competitive advantage. Market surveillance authorities are often underfunded and constrained by boundaries. national while entrepreneurs trade at Union or even global level. In particular, in the case of e-commerce, market surveillance authorities have great difficulties in tracing compliant products imported from third countries and identifying the responsible entity within their jurisdiction or conducting riskassessments or safety tests due to the lack of physical access to *products*. The Programme should therefore seek to strengthen product compliance by providing the right incentives to entrepreneursclear, transparent and comprehensive rules to economic operators. raising awareness of applicable Union

level. In particular, in the case of e-commerce, market surveillance authorities have great difficulties in tracing noncompliant products imported from third countries and identifying the responsible entity within their jurisdiction. The Programme should therefore seek to strengthen product compliance by providing the right incentives to entrepreneurs, intensifying compliance checks and promoting closer cross-border cooperation among enforcement authorities. The Programme should also contribute to the consolidation of the existing framework for market surveillance activities. encourage joint actions of market surveillance authorities from different Member States. improve the exchange of information and promote convergence and closer

the rules *due to* lack of knowledge, intentionally in order to gain a competitive advantage or as a result of the fragmentation of market surveillance across the *Union*. Market surveillance authorities are often underfunded and constrained by national boundaries, while entrepreneurs trade at Union or even global level. In particular, in the case of ecommerce, market surveillance authorities have great difficulties in tracing non-compliant products imported from third countries or conducting riskassessments, as well as safety tests in order to identify the responsible entity within their jurisdiction. They also have great difficulties in conducting risk assessments and safety tests due to the lack of physical access to products. The Programme should therefore seek to strengthen product compliance by raising awareness of applicable

product safety rules, intensifying compliance checks and, including through systematic use of checks samples of products representing significant percentages of each type of products placed on the market and mystery shopping carried out market by surveillance authorities as well as by promoting closer cross-border cooperation among enforcement authorities. The Programme should also contribute to the consolidation of the existing framework for market surveillance activities, encourage ioint of actions market surveillance authorities from different Member States, improve the exchange of information and promote convergence and closer integration of market surveillance activities, in particular ensuring the that new requirements introduced by the Regulation (EU) 2018/858 of the

integration of market surveillance activities.

Union product safety rules, by intensifying compliance checks, including through systematic use of checks on samples of products representing significant percentages of each type of products placed on the market and mystery shopping carried out by market surveillance authorities, in line with Regulation (EU) 2019/1020 of the European Parliament and of the Council^{1a} and by promoting closer cross-border cooperation among enforcement authorities. The Programme should also contribute to the consolidation of the existing framework for market surveillance activities. encourage joint actions of market surveillance authorities from different Member States. improve the exchange of information and promote convergence and closer integration of market surveillance activities. It should do this in particular by European Parliament and of the Council^{1a} are strictly enforced so as to avoid the sale of noncompliant products to European citizens. The Programme should thus strengthen the capacity of market the surveillance authorities across the Union and contribute to greater homogeneity between Member States, equally benefitting from the Internal Market in terms of economic prosperity and sustainable growth, while addressing their specific needs in a tailored manner. [Am. 12]

The Regulation (EU) 2018/858 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 May 2018 on the approval and market surveillance of motor vehicles and their trailers, and of systems, components and separate technical units intended for such vehicles, amending Regulations (EC) No 715/2007

ensuring that the new requirements introduced by Regulation (EU) 2019/1020 are strictly enforced so as to prevent the sale of noncompliant products to European citizens. The Programme should therefore strengthen the capacity of market surveillance authorities across the Union. contribute to greater homogeneity in enforcement of rules between Member States, and enable them to benefit equally from the internal market in terms of economic growth and sustainability

^{1a} Regulation (EU) 2019/1020 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on market surveillance and compliance of products and amending Directive 2004/42/EC and Regulations (EC) No 765/2008 and (EU)

and (EC) No 595/2009 and No 305/2011 (OJ L 169, repealing Directive 2007/46/EC 25.6.2019, p. 1) (OJ L 151, 14.6.2018, p. 1). Green (12a new) While this Programme does not lay down objectives and actions supporting the protection of intellectual property rights, often counterfeit products do not comply with the requirements set out in the Union legislation on product safety and consumer protection, and present risks to health and safety of consumers, particularly when such products are purchased online. This Programme should therefore increase synergies with other Union programmes in the field of the protection of intellectual property rights programs, in particular the Customs Equipment Programme.

- 18. Product safety is a common concern. The conformity assessment bodies verify whether products meet the safety requirements before they are placed on the market. It is therefore of paramount importance that the conformity assessment bodies are reliable and competent. The Union has put in place a system of accreditation of the conformity assessment bodies, verifying their competence, impartiality and independence. The main challenge is now to keep the accreditation system in line with the latest state of the art and to ensure that it is applied with the same stringency across the Union. The Programme should therefore support measures to ensure that conformity assessment bodies continue fulfilling the regulatory requirements and to enhance the European accreditation system, in particular in new policy areas, by supporting the European co-
- (13)Product safety is common concern. The conformity assessment bodies verify whether the products meet safety requirements before they are placed on the market. It is of therefore paramount importance that the conformity assessment bodies are reliable and competent. The Union has put in place a system of accreditation of conformity the assessment bodies. verifying their competence, impartiality and independence. However. Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of Council⁴⁸ the has been implemented in many different ways at national level. Those differences the concern distribution of competences between market surveillance authorities and the internal coordination mechanisms national level, the level of deployed financial resources
- (13) Product safety is a common concern. The conformity assessment bodies verify whether products meet the safety requirements before they are placed on the market. It is therefore of paramount importance that the conformity assessment bodies are reliable and competent. The Union has put in place a system of accreditation of the conformity assessment bodies, verifying their competence, impartiality and independence. The main challenge is now to keep the accreditation system in line with the latest state of the art and to ensure that it is applied with the same stringency across the Union. The Programme should therefore support measures to ensure that conformity assessment bodies continue fulfilling the regulatory requirements and to enhance the European accreditation system,

- Green
- To facilitate the (13)compliance of categories of harmonized products with higher inherent risk, the Union has put in place a system of accreditation of the conformity assessment bodies, verifying their competence, impartiality and independence. The conformity assessment bodies verify whether products meet the safety requirements before they are placed on the market. It is therefore of paramount importance that the conformity assessment bodies are reliable and competent.
- The main challenge is now to keep the accreditation system in line with the latest state of the art and to ensure that it is applied with the same stringency across the Union.

operation for Accreditation (EA) referred to in Article 14 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴⁸.

⁴⁸ Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 339/93 (OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 30).

dedicated to market surveillance and the market surveillance strategies and approaches, as well as the powers with regard to non-compliant products and the of penalties level infringements, resulting in the fragmented enforcement of harmonisation Union legislation. This fragmentation has lead to market surveillance being more rigorous in some Member States than in others. potentially undermining the deterrent effect of the legislation, creating an unequal playing field among businesses in some Member States and resulting in imbalances in the level of product safety in the Union. The main challenge is now to keep the accreditation system in line with the latest state of the art and to ensure that it is applied with the same stringency across the Union. The Programme should therefore support measures to ensure that

in particular in new policy areas, by supporting the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA) referred to in Article 14 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council²

² Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 339/93 (OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 30).

The Programme should therefore support measures to ensure that conformity assessment bodies continue fulfilling the regulatory requirements such as impartiality and independence, especially through the use of accreditation, and to enhance the European accreditation system, in particular in new policy areas, by supporting the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA) referred to in Article 14 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council.

conformity assessment bodies continue fulfilling the regulatory requirements, especially through the use of third-party assessment in order to improve impartial and independent procedures, and to enhance the European accreditation system, in particular in new policy areas, by supporting the uniformity of checks and penalties, as well as the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA) referred to in Article 14 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council. [Am. 13]

⁴⁸ Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 339/93 (OJ L 218, 13.8.2008, p. 30).

- 19. As consumer markets know (14)no borders with the development of online trade and travel services, it is important to ensure that consumers residing in the Union can benefit from adequate protection when importing goods and services from economic operators based in third countries. The Programme should therefore allow supporting cooperation with relevant bodies located in key trading third country partners of the Union where necessary.
- The development of e-(14)commerce could raise certain issues regarding the protection of health and safety of end users from non- compliant products. As consumer markets know no borders with the development of online trade and travel services, it is important to ensure that consumers residing in the Union benefit from adequate protection equivalent when importing goods and services from economic operators based in third countries. The Programme should therefore allow supporting cooperation with relevant bodies located in key trading third country partners of the Union where necessary with regard to the exchange of information on non-compliant products, recent scientific developments and new technologies, emerging risks and on other aspects related to control activities. [Am. 14]
- (14) As consumer markets know no borders with the development of online trade and travel services, it is important to ensure that consumers residing in the Union can benefit from adequate protection when importing goods and services from economic operators based in third countries. The Programme should therefore allow supporting cooperation with relevant bodies located in key trading third country partners of the Union where necessary.

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(14) As consumer markets know no borders with the development of online trade and travel services, it is important to ensure that consumers residing in the Union can benefit from **the** same high level of *equivalent* protection from hazards to their health and safety when goods and services are imported from economic operators based in third countries, including when they are sold online. The Programme should therefore, where necessary, also allow supporting cooperation with relevant bodies located in third country partners of the Union, for example, with regard to the exchange of information on noncompliant products.

20. Public procurement is used (15)by public authorities to ensure value for public money spent and to contribute to a more innovative. sustainable, inclusive and competitive internal market. Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴⁹. Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁰ and Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵¹ provide the legal framework for the integration and effective functioning of the public procurement markets representing 14% of Union's gross domestic product, to the benefit of public authorities, businesses as well as citizens, including consumers. The Programme should therefore support measures to ensure a wider uptake of strategic public procurement, the professionalisation of public

(15)**Public** procurement used by public authorities to ensure value for public money spent and to contribute to a more innovative, sustainable, inclusive and competitive internal market, including, where this is in with accordance applicable Union law, by applying criteria other than simply the lowest price or cost effectiveness, taking into account. among others. qualitative, environmental, fair trade and social aspects and by facilitating the division of tenders into lots for large infrastructure. Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴⁹. Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁰ and Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵¹ provide the legal framework for the integration and effective functioning of the public

(15) Public procurement is used by public authorities to ensure value for public money spent and to contribute to a more innovative, sustainable, inclusive and competitive internal market. Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council³. Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴ and Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵ provide the legal framework for the integration and effective functioning of the public procurement markets representing 14% 5a of Union's gross domestic product, to the benefit of public authorities, businesses as well as citizens, including consumers. The Programme should therefore support measures to ensure a wider uptake of strategic public

Green

(15) Public procurement is used by public authorities to ensure **good** value for public money spent and to contribute a more innovative, sustainable, inclusive competitive internal market. includes to This apply evaluation criteria that not only identify the most economic advantageous offer also **but** the most advantageous offer for the greatest public value when awarding tenders according to the 'best price-quality ratio'. Where this is in accordance with applicable Union law, environmental, fair trade and social aspects should be taken into account and aa division of tenders into lots promoted for large infrastructure projects. Directive buyers, improved access to procurement markets for SMEs, increase of transparency, integrity and better data, boosting the digital transformation of procurement and promotion of joint procurement, through strengthening a partnership approach with the Member States, improving data gathering and data analysis including through development of dedicated IT tools, supporting exchange of experiences and good practices, providing guidance, pursuing beneficial trade agreements, strengthening cooperation among national authorities and launching pilot projects.

procurement markets representing 14% of Union's gross domestic product, to the benefit of public authorities, businesses as well as citizens, including consumers. Correctly implemented public procurement rules are a crucial tool for strengthening the single market and for boosting the growth of Union companies and Union iobs. The Programme should therefore support measures to ensure a wider uptake of strategic public procurement, the professionalisation of public buyers, improved to facilitate and improve access to procurement markets for SMEs and micro enterprises, in particular through advisory services and training, increase of transparency, integrity and better data, boosting the digital of transformation procurement and promotion of ioint through procurement. strengthening a partnership

procurement, the professionalisation of public buyers, improved access to procurement markets for SMEs, increase of transparency, integrity and better data, boosting the digital transformation of procurement and promotion of joint procurement, through strengthening a partnership approach with the Member States, improving data gathering and data analysis including through development of dedicated IT tools, supporting exchange of experiences and good practices, providing guidance, pursuing beneficial trade agreements, strengthening cooperation among national authorities and launching pilot projects.

2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of Council⁴⁹. Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁰ and Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵¹ provide the legal framework for the integration and effective functioning of the public procurement markets representing 14%^{5a} of Union's gross domestic product, to the benefit of public authorities, businesses as well as citizens. including consumers. *Properly* implemented public procurement rules are a crucial tool for strengthening the single market and for boosting the growth of Union companies and Union jobs. The Programme should therefore support measures to ensure a wider uptake of strategic public procurement, professionalisation

⁴⁹ Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 1).
⁵⁰ Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the

³ Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the

Council of 26 February 2014 on public procurement and repealing Directive 2004/18/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 65).

Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on procurement by entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors and repealing Directive 2004/17/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 243).

approach with the Member States, improving data gathering and data through analysis including development of dedicated IT tools, supporting exchange of experiences and good practices, European referencing and international standards. providing guidance, pursuing beneficial trade agreements, strengthening cooperation among national authorities and launching pilot projects. [Am. 15]

⁴⁹ Directive 2014/23/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the award of concession contracts (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 1).
⁵⁰ Directive 2014/24/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on public procurement and repealing Directive 2004/18/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 65).
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⁵¹ Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the

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European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on public procurement and repealing Directive 2004/18/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 65).

⁵ Directive 2014/25/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on procurement by entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors and repealing Directive 2004/17/EC (OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 243).

5a European Commission
Communication "Making
Public Procurement work in
and for Europe" of 3 October
2017 (COM(2017) 572).

public buyers, to facilitate and *improve* access to procurement markets for SMEs. particular through advisory services and training, increase of transparency, integrity and better data, boosting the digital transformation of procurement promotion of joint and procurement, through strengthening a partnership approach with the Member improving States. data gathering and data analysis including through development of dedicated IT tools, supporting exchange of experiences and good practices, referencing European and international standards, providing guidance, pursuing beneficial trade agreements, strengthening cooperation among national authorities and launching pilot projects.

Council of 26 February 2014 on	⁴⁹ Directive 2014/23/EU of the
procurement by entities operating	European Parliament and of
in the water, energy, transport	the Council of 26 February
and postal services sectors and	2014 on the award of
repealing Directive 2004/17/EC	concession contracts (OJ L 94,
(OJ L 94, 28.3.2014, p. 243).	28.3.2014, p. 1).
	⁵⁰ Directive 2014/24/EU of the
	European Parliament and of
	the Council of 26 February
	2014 on public procurement
	and repealing Directive
	2004/18/EC (OJ L 94,
	28.3.2014, p. 65).
	⁵¹ Directive 2014/25/EU of the
	European Parliament and of
	the Council of 26 February
	2014 on procurement by
	entities operating in the water,
	energy, transport and postal
	services sectors and repealing
	Directive 2004/17/EC (OJ L
	94, 28.3.2014, p. 243).
	^{5a} European Commission
	Communication "Making
	Public Procurement work in
	and for Europe" of 3
	October 2017 (COM(2017)

21. In order to meet the objectives of the Programme and to facilitate the lives of citizens and businesses, high-quality usercentric public services need to be put in place. This implies that public administrations will need to start working in new ways, bring down silos between the different parts of their administrations, and to engage in the co-creation of these public services with citizens and businesses. Moreover, the continuous and steady increase of cross-border activities in the internal market requires provision of up-to-date information on the rights of businesses and citizens, but also information explaining the administrative formalities. In addition, provision of legal advice and helping to solve problems which occur at cross national level becomes essential. Furthermore, connecting national

(16)In order to meet the objectives of the Programme and to facilitate the lives of citizens and businesses, high-quality userpublic centric services, increasingly digitally oriented and fully accessible, need to be put in place and e-administration and e-government efforts further while boosted ensuring appropriate data protection and privacy. This implies that public administrations will need to start working in new, more innovative ways, *in order to* bring down silos between the different parts of their administrations, and to engage in the co-creation of these public services with citizens and businesses. Moreover. the continuous and steady increase of cross-border activities in the internal market requires provision the availability of up-to-date, accurate and easy to understand

(16) In order to meet the objectives of the Programme and to facilitate the lives of citizens and businesses, highquality user-centric public services need to be put in place. This implies that public administrations will need to start working in new ways, bring down silos between the different parts of their administrations, and to engage in the co-creation of these public services with citizens and businesses. Moreover, the continuous and steady increase of cross-border activities in the internal market requires provision of up-to-date information on the rights of businesses and citizens, but also information explaining the administrative formalities. In addition, provision of legal advice and helping to solve

<u>572).</u>

Green

(16)In order to meet the objectives of the Programme and to facilitate the lives of citizens and businesses, highquality user-centric public services, that are increasingly digitalised and fully accessible, need to be put in place. E-administration and e-government efforts also need to be boosted, while ensuring appropriate data protection and privacy. This implies that public administrations will need to start working in new, more innovative ways, in order to bring down silos between the different parts of their administrations, and to engage in the co-creation of these public services with citizens and businesses. Moreover, the administrations in a simple and efficient manner as well as evaluating how the internal market works on the ground is necessary. The Programme should therefore support the following existing internal market governance tools: the Your Europe Portal which should be a backbone of the upcoming Single Digital Gateway, Your Europe Advice, SOLVIT, the **Internal Market Information** system and the Single Market Scoreboard in order to improve citizens' daily lives and businesses' ability to trade across borders.

information on the rights of businesses and citizens, but also information explaining administrative formalities, as well as simplifying them. In addition, provision of legal advice and helping to solve problems which occur at cross national level becomes essential. Furthermore. connecting national administrations in a simple and efficient manner, supporting public authorities in achieving those objectives, as well as evaluating how the internal market works on the ground is necessary. The existing internal market governance tools already play an important role in facilitating the achievement of those objectives. To this end, and in order to keep up with technology and market developments, as well as with new regulatory and enforcement challenges, the Programme should support the enhancement

problems which occur at cross national level becomes essential. Furthermore. connecting national administrations in a simple and efficient manner as well as evaluating how the internal market works on the ground is necessary. The Programme should therefore support the following existing internal market governance tools: the Your Europe Portal which should be a backbone of the upcoming Single Digital Gateway, Your Europe Advice, SOLVIT, the Internal Market Information system and the Single Market Scoreboard in order to improve citizens' daily lives and businesses' ability to trade across borders. The Programme should also support activities using administrative data sources in order to minimize response burden when European

continuous and steady increase of cross-border activities in the internal market requires the availability of up-to-date, accurate and easy to understand information on the rights of businesses and citizens. This means that simplified information explaining the administrative formalities should be displayed. In addition, provision of legal advice and helping to solve problems which occur at cross national level becomes essential. Furthermore, public authorities should be supported to achieve these objectives, e.g. by connecting national administrations in a simple and efficient manner,, as well as by providing information and facilitating an exchange on how the internal market works on the ground. The existing internal market

		of quality, visibility and transparency and of the reliability of the internal market governance tools. The Programme should therefore support, amongst others the	statistics are produced.	governance tools already play an important role in this respect, and their quality, visibility, transparency and the reliability should be further enhanced. The
		following existing internal market governance tools: the Your Europe Portal which should be a backbone of the upcoming Single Digital Gateway, Your Europe Advice, SOLVIT, the Internal Market Information system and		Programme should therefore support, the following existing internal market governance tools: the Your Europe Portal which should become a backbone of the upcoming Single Digital Gateway, the
		the Single Market Scoreboard in order to improve citizens' daily lives and businesses' ability to trade across borders. [Am. 16]		Your Europe Advice, SOLVIT, the Internal Market Information system and the Single Market Scoreboard.
22.	(17) The Programme should support the development of the Union regulatory framework in the area of company law and corporate governance, as well as contract law, with a view to make business more efficient and competitive while providing protection for	(17) The Programme should support the development of the Union regulatory framework in the area of company law and corporate governance, as well as contract law, with a view to make business, <i>especially SMEs</i> , more efficient and competitive while	support the development of the Union regulatory framework in the area of company law and corporate governance, as well as contract law, with a view to make business more efficient	Green (17) The Programme should support the development of the Union regulatory framework in the area of company law and corporate governance, as well as contract law, with a view to

stakeholders affected by company operations, and to react to emerging policy challenges. It should also ensure appropriate evaluation, implementation and enforcement of the relevant acquis, inform and assist stakeholders and promote information exchange in the area. The Programme should further support the Commission's initiatives in favour of a clear and adapted legal framework for the data economy and innovation. Those initiatives are necessary to enhance legal certainty with regard to contractual and extra contractual law, in particular with regard to liability and ethics in the context of emerging technologies, such as internet of things, artificial intelligence, robotics, 3D Printing. The Programme should aim at stimulating the development of data-driven business, as it will be decisive for the position of the Union economy in a global competition.

providing protection for stakeholders affected by company operations, and to react to emerging policy challenges. It should also ensure appropriate evaluation, implementation and enforcement of the relevant acquis, inform and assist stakeholders and promote information exchange in the area. The Programme should further support the Commission's initiatives in favour of a clear and adapted legal framework for the data economy and innovation. Those initiatives are necessary to enhance legal certainty with regard to contractual and extra contractual law, in particular with regard to liability and ethics in the context of emerging technologies, such as internet of things, artificial intelligence, robotics, 3D Printing. The Programme should aim at stimulating the of development data-driven business whilst ensuring a high

providing protection for stakeholders affected by company operations, and to react to emerging policy challenges. It should also ensure appropriate evaluation, implementation and enforcement of the relevant acquis, inform and assist stakeholders and promote information exchange in the area. The Programme should further support the Commission's initiatives in favour of a clear and adapted legal framework for the data economy and innovation. Those initiatives are necessary to enhance legal certainty with regard to contractual and extra contractual law, in particular with regard to liability, security, and ethics and privacy, or a combination of them. in the context of emerging technologies, such as internet of things, artificial

make businesses, especially **SMEs**, more efficient and competitive while providing protection for stakeholders affected by company operations, and to react to emerging policy challenges. It should also ensure appropriate evaluation, implementation and enforcement of the relevant acquis, inform and assist stakeholders and promote information exchange in the area. The Programme should further support the Commission's initiatives in favour of a clear and adapted legal framework for the data economy and innovation. Those initiatives are necessary to enhance legal certainty with regard to contractual and extra contractual law, in particular with regard to liability, security, ethics and privacy in the context of emerging technologies, such as internet

		level of privacy protection, as it	intelligence, robotics, 3D	of things, artificial
		will be decisive for the position of	Printing. The Programme	intelligence, robotics, and 3D
		the Union economy in a global	should aim at stimulating the	printing. The Programme
		competition. [Am. 17]	development of data-driven	should aim at stimulating the
			business, as it will be decisive	development of data-driven
			for the position of the Union	business, as it will be decisive
			economy in a global	for the position of the Union
			competition.	economy in a global
				competition
23.	(18) The Programme should also	(18) The Programme should also	(18) The Programme should	Green
	promote the correct and full	promote the correct and full	also promote the correct and	(18) The Programme should
	implementation and application of	implementation and application of	full implementation and	also promote the correct and
	the Union legal framework for	the Union legal framework for	application of the Union legal	full implementation and
	anti-money laundering and	anti-money laundering and	framework for anti-money	application of the Union legal
	countering terrorism financing by	countering terrorism financing by	laundering and countering	framework for anti-money
	the Member States and the	the Member States and the	terrorism financing by the	laundering and countering
	development of future policies to	development of future policies to	Member States and the	terrorism financing by the
	address new challenges in the field.	address new challenges in the	development of future policies	Member States and the
	It should also support the relevant	field. It should also support the	to address new challenges in the	development of future policies
	activities of the international	relevant activities of the	field. It should also support the	to address new challenges in
	organisations of European interest,	international organisations of	relevant activities of the	the field. It should also
	such as the Committee of Experts	European interest, such as the	international organisations of	support the relevant activities
	on the Evaluation of Anti-Money	Committee of Experts on the	European interest, such as the	of the international
	Laundering Measures and the	Evaluation of Anti-Money	Committee of Experts on the	organisations of European
	Financing of Terrorism of the	Laundering Measures and the	Evaluation of Anti-Money	interest, such as the
	Council of Europe.	Financing of Terrorism of the	Laundering Measures and the	Committee of Experts on the
		Council of Europe.	Financing of Terrorism of the	Evaluation of Anti-Money

			Council of Europe.	Laundering Measures and the
				Financing of Terrorism of the
				Council of Europe.
24.	(19) The implementation and	(19) The implementation and	(19) The implementation and	Green
	development of the internal market	development of the internal	development of the internal	(19) The implementation and
	in the area of financial services,	market in the area of financial	market in the area of financial	development of the internal
	financial stability and the Capital	services, financial stability and the	services, financial stability and	market in the area of financial
	Markets Union including	Capital Markets Union including	the Capital Markets Union	services, financial stability and
	sustainable finance, highly depends	sustainable finance, highly	including sustainable finance,	the Capital Markets Union
	on the evidence based policy	depends on the evidence based	highly depends on the evidence	including sustainable finance,
	measures taken by the Union. In	policy measures taken by the	based policy measures taken by	highly depends on the
	order to achieve this objective, the	Union. In order to achieve this	the Union. In order to achieve	evidence based policy
	Commission should have an active	objective, the Commission	this objective, the Commission	measures taken by the Union.
	role in constantly monitoring	should have an active role in	should have an active role in	In order to achieve this
	financial markets and financial	constantly monitoring financial	constantly monitoring financial	objective, the Commission
	stability, assessing the	markets and financial stability,	markets and financial stability,	should have an active role in
	implementation of Union	assessing the implementation of	assessing the implementation of	constantly monitoring
	legislation by Member States,	Union legislation by Member	Union legislation by Member	financial markets and financial
	evaluating whether the existing	States, evaluating whether the	States, evaluating whether the	stability, assessing the
	legislation is fit for purpose and	existing legislation is fit for	existing legislation is fit for	implementation of Union
	identifying potential areas of action	purpose and identifying potential	purpose and identifying	legislation by Member States,
	where new risks emerge, with a	areas of action where new risks	potential areas of action where	evaluating whether the
	continuous involvement of	emerge, with a continuous	new risks emerge, with a	existing legislation is fit for
	stakeholders throughout the policy	involvement of stakeholders	continuous involvement of	purpose and identifying
	cycle. Such activities rely on the	throughout the policy cycle. Such	stakeholders throughout the	potential areas of action where
	production of analyses, studies,	activities rely on the production of	policy cycle. Such activities	new risks emerge, with a
	training materials, surveys,	analyses, studies, training	rely on the production of	continuous involvement of

conformity assessments, materials. surveys, conformity analyses, studies, training stakeholders throughout the evaluations and statistics and are evaluations materials, surveys, conformity policy cycle. Such activities assessments. rely on the production of supported by IT systems and statistics and are supported by IT assessments, evaluations and systems and communication tools. high-quality statistics and are analyses, studies, training communication tools. materials, surveys, conformity supported by IT systems and communication tools. assessments, evaluations and **high-quality** statistics and are supported by IT systems and communication tools. (20) Considering that the 25. Considering that the (20)Considering that the internal market as set out in Article internal market as set out in internal market as set out in Green 3 of the Treaty on European Union Article 3 of the Treaty on Article 3 of the Treaty on (20) Considering that the includes a system ensuring that European Union the Functioning European Union includes a Treaty on *the Functioning of* competition is not distorted, the of the European Union includes a system ensuring that the European Union includes Programme should support the system of rules ensuring that competition is not distorted, the a system *of rules* ensuring that Programme should support the Union's competition policy, competition is not distorted *in* competition is not distorted *in the* networks and cooperation with Union's competition policy, internal market, the Programme the internal market, the networks and cooperation with Programme should *contribute* national authorities and courts, as should *contribute to* support the well as outreach to a wider group competition policy, national authorities and courts. to the Union's competition Union's of stakeholders in communicating networks and by improving and as well as outreach to a wider policy, This should *include* and explaining the rights, benefits reinforcing the cooperation with group of stakeholders in improving and reinforcing and obligations of Union the cooperation with the European Competition communicating and explaining competition policy. *Network* and with national the rights, benefits and networks, such as the obligations of Union authorities and courts, , including **European Competition** strengthening competition policy. **Network** and with national way by *international cooperation* as well authorities and courts, and by as outreach to a wider group of strengthening international

stakeholders in communicating and explaining the rights, benefits obligations and of Union competition policy. The Programme should in particular help the Commission to enhance its analysis and assessment of developments, market through extensive use of sector inquiries and by systematic sharing of results and best practices within the European Competition Network. should contribute to ensuring fair competition and a level field, playing also at level. international and empowering businesses, in particular SMEs, and consumers in order to reap the benefits of the Single Market. [Am. 18]

cooperation, as well as ensuring an outreach to a wider group of stakeholders in communicating and explaining the rights, benefits and obligations of Union competition policy. *The* Programme should also help to enhance the analysis and assessment of market developments, including through the use of sector inquiries and other market investigation tools as well as by systematic sharing of information and best practices within the European Competition Network. This should contribute to fair competition and a level playing field, also at global level, and empower businesses, in particular SMEs, and consumers to reap the benefits of the Single Market.

- 26. (21)The Programme in particular needs to tackle the radical implications for competition and the functioning of the internal market resulting from the ongoing transformation of the economy and business environment, in particular through the exponential growth and use of data, taking account of the increasing recourse to artificial intelligence and other IT tools and expertise by companies and their advisors. It is also essential that the Programme supports networks and cooperation with Member State authorities and courts, considering that undistorted competition and the functioning of the internal market depend critically on action by those entities. In view of the particular role of competition policy in preventing harm to the internal market resulting from anticompetitive conduct beyond the Union's border, the Programme should also support cooperation
- (21)The Programme in particular needs to tackle the radical implications for competition and the functioning of the internal market resulting from the ongoing transformation of the economy and business environment, in particular through the exponential growth and use of data, taking account of the increasing recourse to artificial intelligence, big data algorithms and other IT tools and expertise by companies and their advisors. It is also essential that the Programme supports networks and cooperation a wider and deeper engagement with Member State authorities and courts. considering that undistorted competition and the functioning of the internal market depend critically on action by those entities. In view of the particular role of competition policy in preventing harm to the internal market resulting from
- (21) The Programme in particular needs to tackle the radical implications for competition and the functioning of the internal market resulting from the ongoing transformation of the economy and business environment, in particular through the exponential growth and use of data, taking account of the increasing recourse to artificial intelligence and other IT tools and expertise by companies and their advisors. It is also essential that the Programme supports networks and cooperation with Member State authorities and courts, considering that undistorted competition and the functioning of the internal market depend critically on action by those entities. In view of the particular role of competition policy in preventing harm to the internal market resulting from

Green

(21)The Programme in particular needs to tackle the radical implications for competition and the functioning of the internal market resulting from the ongoing green and digital transition of the economy and business environment, in particular through the exponential growth and use of data, taking account of the increasing recourse to artificial intelligence, big data algorithms and other IT tools and expertise by companies. It is also essential that the Programme supports networks and a wider and deeper cooperation with Member State and their authorities and courts, considering that undistorted competition and the functioning of the internal market depend critically on

with third country authorities, as appropriate. Finally, widening outreach activities is necessary in order to allow more citizens and businesses to reap the full benefits of fair competition in the internal market. Given that a number of initiatives in the Programme are new and that the competition part of the Programme is particularly affected by dynamic developments in the conditions of competition in the internal market, notably relating to Artificial Intelligence, algorithms, big data, cybersecurity and forensic technology, the pace and magnitude of which are difficult to estimate, it is anticipated that flexibility will be required to face the evolving needs under this part of the Programme.

anticompetitive conduct beyond Union's border. the the Programme should also support cooperation with third country authorities, as appropriate. Finally, widening outreach activities is necessary in order to citizens allow more and businesses to reap the full benefits of fair competition in the internal market. In particular, it is necessary to demonstrate the tangible benefits of the Union's competition policy the to European citizens through engagement with civil society groups and relevant directly impacted stakeholders. Given that a number of initiatives in the Programme are new and that the competition of the part Programme is particularly affected by dynamic and rapid developments in the conditions of competition in the internal market, notably relating digital to developments, Artificial

anticompetitive conduct beyond the Union's border, the Programme should also support cooperation with third country authorities, as appropriate. Finally, widening outreach activities is necessary in order to allow more citizens and businesses to reap the full benefits of fair competition in the internal market. Given that a number of initiatives in the Programme are new and that the competition part of the Programme is particularly affected by dynamic developments in the conditions of competition in the internal market, notably relating to Artificial Intelligence, algorithms, big data, cybersecurity and forensic technology, the pace and magnitude of which are difficult to estimate, it is anticipated that flexibility will be required to face the evolving needs under

action by those entities. In view of the particular role of competition policy in preventing harm to the internal market resulting from anticompetitive conduct beyond the Union's border, the Programme should also support cooperation with third country authorities, as appropriate. Finally, widening outreach activities is necessary in order to allow more citizens and businesses to reap the full benefits of fair competition in the internal market. This should support efforts to better demonstrate the benefits of the Union's competition policy to European citizens, including through engagement with civil society groups and relevant stakeholders. Flexibility is expected to be needed in the implementation of the competition part of the

		Intelligence, algorithms, big data,	this part of the Programme.	Programme to respond to the
		cybersecurity and forensic		evolving needs that are
		technology, the pace and		affected by dynamic and rapid
		magnitude of which are difficult		developments in the
		to estimate, it is anticipated that		conditions of competition in
		flexibility will be required to face		the internal market that are
		the evolving needs under this part		difficult to estimate in terms of
		of the Programme. [Am. 19]		its pace and magnitude. This
				concerns notably
				developments relating to
				digitalisation, Artificial
				Intelligence, algorithms, big
				data, cybersecurity and
				forensic technology.
27.	(22) Strengthening the	(22) Strengthening the	(22) Strengthening the	
	competitiveness of European	competitiveness and	competitiveness of European	Green
	enterprises while reassuring an	sustainability of European	enterprises while reassuring an	(22) Strengthening the
	effective level playing field and an	enterprises while reassuring an	effective level playing field and	competitiveness and
	open and competitive internal	effective level playing field and	an open and competitive	sustainability of European
	market is of outmost importance.	an open and competitive internal	internal market is of outmost	enterprises while ensuring an
	SMEs are the engine of the	market is of outmost importance.	importance. SMEs are the	effective level playing field
	European economy making up	SMEs are the engine of the	engine of the European	and an open and competitive
	99% of all businesses in Europe,	European economy making up	economy making up 99% of all	internal market is of outmost
	providing two thirds of jobs, and	99% of all businesses in Europe,	businesses in Europe $\frac{5a}{}$,	importance. SMEs are the
	contributing substantially to the	providing two thirds of jobs, and	providing two thirds of jobs,	engine of the European
	creation of new jobs with a	contributing substantially to the	and contributing substantially to	economy making up 99,8% of
	regional and local dimension.	creation of new jobs quality jobs	the creation of new jobs with a	all businesses in Europe <u>5a</u> ,

in all sectors with a regional and local dimension, and hence social cohesion. **SMEs** are instrumental in pursuing the energy transition and contributing to the achievement of the Union's climate objectives deriving from the Paris Agreement. The Programme should therefore enhance their capacity to develop environmentally-friendly high quality products and services and support their efforts to increase resource-efficiency, in line with the 'energy efficiency first' principle. In doing so, the Programme also contributes to improve Union **SMEs** competitiveness on the global *market*. [Am. 20]

regional and local dimension.

^{5a} <u>SME Performance Review – 2016.</u>

providing two thirds of jobs, and contributing substantially to the creation of new quality jobs in all sectors with a regional and local dimension, and hence social cohesion. SMEs are instrumental in modernising industry and the green and digital transformation of the economy, including achieving climate neutrality. The Programme should therefore also support their efforts to increase resource-efficiency and to develop environmentally friendly high-quality products and services and support their efforts to increase resourceefficiency, in line with the 'energy efficiency first' principle In doing so, the Programme also contributes to improve SMEs competitiveness on the global market.

				^{5a} <u>SME Performance Review</u> – 2018/2019.
28.	challenges that do not affect larger firms to the same extent to obtain finance, to find skilled work force, to alleviate administrative burden, to take-up creativity and innovation, to access markets and foster internationalisation activities. The Programme should address such market failures proportionally, while not unduly distorting competition in the internal market.	(23) SMEs share common challenges that do not affect larger firms to the same extent to obtain finance, to find skilled work force, to alleviate administrative burden, to take-up creativity and innovation, to access markets and foster internationalisation activities. The Programme should address such market failures proportionally, while not unduly distorting competition in the internal market. The Programme should in particular create appropriate conditions to introduce technological and organisational innovation in the production processes, paying attention to specific forms of SMEs such as micro enterprises, enterprises engaged in craft activities, the self-employed, the	(23) SMEs share common challenges that do not affect larger firms to the same extent to obtain finance, to find skilled work force, to alleviate administrative burden, to take-up creativity and innovation inter alia through public procurement, to access markets and foster internationalisation activities. The Programme should address such market failures proportionally, while not unduly distorting competition in the internal market.	(23) SMEs share common challenges that do not affect larger firms to the same extent. Those common challenges include obtaining finance, recruiting a skilled work force, alleviating their administrative burden, taking up creativity and innovation, inter alia through public procurement, and accessing global markets and value chains in order to develop their internationalisation activities. The Programme should address such market failures proportionally, while not unduly distorting competition in the internal market. The Programme should also take account of the particular needs of specific types of SMEs, such as micro enterprises, and

liberal professions and social economy enterprises. Attention should also be paid to potential, young and female new, entrepreneurs, as well as to other specific target groups, such as older people, migrants and belonging entrepreneurs to socially disadvantaged or vulnerable groups such with disabilities. persons [Am. 21]

those SMEs engaged in services, SMEs engaged in craft activities, as well as SMEs consisting of the selfemployed, members of the liberal professions and social economy enterprises that have a social impact rather than make a profit. Social economy enterprises in Europe are made up of different types of enterprises and entities falling within the social economy, such as cooperatives, mutual societies, non-profit associations, foundations, social enterprises and other forms of enterprises. Since their primary focus is on creating shared value and social impact for people rather than the realisation of profits, they are able to act as an engine of social innovation, transparent governance and solidarity, reinvesting the majority of their profits or surpluses in their objectives. Attention should also be paid to the

			particular needs of new potential entrepreneurs, such as young and female entrepreneurs, older people and persons with disabilities.
29.	(23a) The programme should support and promote a culture of innovation, developing an ecosystem capable of encouraging business start-ups and nurturing their growth, focusing on micro-enterprises and innovative SMEs able to meet the challenges of an increasingly competitive and fast-moving environment. Radically new innovation processes require the	(23a) When establishing work programmes for providing support to SMEs, the strategic provisions of the Small Business Act and its performance review should be taken into account. Attention should also be paid to the considerations of the SME Envoy Network.	Green (23a) The programme should support and promote a culture of innovation, developing industrial ecosystems capable of encouraging business startups and SME growth, focusing on all SMEs able to meet the challenges of the green and digital transition and an increasingly competitive and fast-moving environment. The
	development of an open innovation model with an increase in collaborative research and the sharing of knowledge and intellectual property between different organisations. The Programme should accordingly seek to		Programme should seek to support the innovation uptake process by promoting new collaborative business models, networking and the sharing of knowledge and resources, e.g. across

	support the innovation process		European partnerships of
	by incorporating new		clusters and business network
	collaborative business models,		organisations.
	focusing on networking and the		
	sharing of knowledge and		
	resources within inter-		Green
	organisational communities.		(23aa new)
	[Am. 22]		When establishing work
			programmes for providing support to SMEs, the strategic provisions of the SME
			strategy and the Small
			Business Act as well as the
			context in which SMEs
			operate, captured by the SME
			performance review, should
			be taken into account.
			Attention should also be paid
			to the considerations of the
			SME Envoy Network.
30.	(23b) The Programme should	(23b) The Programme should	Green
	address such market failures	address SMEs, as defined in	
	proportionally, paying special	Commission	(23b) The Programme
	attention to actions that benefit	Recommendation	should address SMEs, as
	directly SMEs and enterprise	2003/361/EC ^{5c} in the version	defined in Commission
	networks, and while not unduly	of 6 May 2003. In the	Recommendation

		distorting competition in the	application of this Regulation,	2003/361/EC ^{5c} . In the
		internal market. [Am. 23]	regarding SMEs, the	application of this
			Commission should consult all	Regulation, regarding
			relevant stakeholders,	SMEs, the Commission
			including public and private	should consult all relevant
			organisations representing	stakeholders, including
			SMEs and the Trade	public and private
			Promotion Organisations of	organisations representing
			the Member States.	SMEs and the Trade
				Promotion Organisations of
				the Member States.
			5c Commission	5c Commission
			Recommendation	Recommendation
			2003/361/EC of 6 May 2003	2003/361/EC of 6 May 2003
			concerning the definition of	concerning the definition of
			micro, small and medium-	micro, small and medium-
			sized enterprises (OJ L 124,	sized enterprises (OJ L 124,
			20.5.2003, p. 36).	20.5.2003, p. 36)
31.	(24) Many of the Union's	(24) Many of the Union's	(24) Many of the Union's	Green
	competitiveness problems involve	competitiveness problems	competitiveness problems	(24) Many of the Union's
	SMEs' difficulties in obtaining	involve SMEs' difficulties in	involve SMEs' difficulties in	competitiveness problems
	access to finance because they	obtaining access to finance	obtaining access to finance	involve SMEs' difficulties in
	struggle to demonstrate their	because they lack information,	because they struggle to	obtaining access to finance
	credit-worthiness and have	struggle to demonstrate their	demonstrate their credit-	because they struggle to
	insufficient collateral. Additional	credit-worthiness and have	worthiness and have insufficient	demonstrate their credit-

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financing challenges arise from SMEs' need to stay competitive by engaging e.g. in digitization, internationalization and innovation activities and skilling up their workforce. Limited access to finance has a negative effect on businesses creation, growth and survival rates, as well as on the readiness of new entrepreneurs to take over viable companies in the context of a business succession.

insufficient collateral or simply due to low awareness of existing mechanism to support their activities at Union, national or local level. Additional financing challenges arise from *the smaller* size of micro-enterprises and SMEs' need to stay competitive by engaging e.g. in digitization, internationalization innovation activities and skilling up their workforce. Limited access to finance has a negative effect on businesses creation. growth and survival rates, as well as on the readiness of new entrepreneurs to take over viable companies in the context of a business succession. [Am. 24]

collateral. Additional financing challenges arise from SMEs' need to stay competitive by engaging e.g. in digitization, internationalization and innovation activities and skilling up their workforce. Limited access to finance has a negative effect on businesses creation, growth and survival rates, as well as on the readiness of new entrepreneurs to take over viable companies in the context of a business succession.

worthiness and have insufficient assets as security for lenders (i.e. collateral/guarantees), or lack awareness of existing mechanisms to support their activities at Union, national or local level. Additional financing challenges arise from SMEs' need to stay competitive by engaging e.g. in digitisation, internationalisation. innovation uptake activities and in the up- and re-skilling of their workforce. Limited access to finance has a negative effect on businesses creation, growth and survival rates, as well as on the readiness of new entrepreneurs to take over viable companies in the context of a business succession.

Green
(24a new) The lack of skills

				is a major obstacle to enterprise growth in the EU. To foster entrepreneurship in the EU and support the growth of SMEs and their digital and green transition, the programme should promote and facilitate access to skills and mentoring schemes for SMEs, in particular the development of technological, entrepreneurial and managerial skills. In doing so, the Commission should coordinate with initiatives undertaken in other EU, national and Regional programmes to increase synergies and avoid overlaps.
32.	(25) To overcome these market failures and to ensure that SMEs continue to play their role as the	(25) To overcome these market failures and to ensure that SMEs continue to play their role as the	(25) To overcome these market failures and to ensure that SMEs continue to play their	Green
	foundation for the Union economy's competitiveness, small and medium sized enterprises need	foundation for the Union economy's competitiveness, and as a driver for a sustainable	role as the foundation for the Union economy's competitiveness, small and	(25) To overcome the market failures and to ensure that SMEs, <u>including start-</u>

extra support through debt and equity instruments to be established under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund established by Regulation [...] of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵². The loan guarantee facility put in place under Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵³ has a proven added value and is expected to bring a positive contribution to at least 500 000 SMEs: a successor will be established under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund.

economy, small and medium sized enterprises need extra support through debt and equity instruments to be established under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund established by Regulation [...] of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵². The loan guarantee facility put in place under former COSME established programme Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵³ has a proven added value and is expected to bring a positive contribution to at least 500 000 SMEs; a successor will be established under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund. More attention should be paid to better communication and public campaigns in order to increase awareness to potential beneficiaries of the availability of the Programme for SMEs. To raise the awareness of Union's actions supporting SMEs,

medium sized enterprisesSMEs including start-ups and scaleups need extra support through debt and equity instruments to be established under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund established by Regulation [...] of the European Parliament and of the Council⁶. The loan guarantee facility put in place under Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁷ has a proven added value and is expected to bring a positive contribution to at least 500 000 SMEs; a successor will be established under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund.

ups and scale-ups, continue to play their role as the foundation for the Union economy's competitiveness, SMEs need extra support through debt and equity instruments under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund established by Regulation [...] of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵². Its loan guarantee facility first put in place under Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵³ has a proven added value and is expected to bring a positive contribution to at least 500 000 SMEs; a successor will be established under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund. More attention could be paid to increase awareness to potential beneficiaries of the availability of the InvestEU Programme for SMEs. To

⁵² COM(2018) 439 final

⁵³ Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013 establishing a Programme for the Competitiveness of Enterprises and small and medium-sized enterprises (COSME) (2014 - 2020) and repealing Decision No 1639/2006/EC (OJ L 347 of

 ⁶ COM(2018) 439 final
 ⁷ Regulation (EU) No
 1287/2013 of the European
 Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2013
 establishing a Programme for

the Competitiveness of 20.12.2013, p. 33). that are wholly or raise the awareness of actions **Union's actions supporting** partially funded by Enterprises and small and this medium-sized enterprises SMEs, actions that are wholly Programme, including intermediaries, (COSME) (2014 - 2020) and or partially funded by this should repealing Decision No Programme, including incorporate the European emblem (flag) associated to a 1639/2006/EC (OJ L 347 of intermediaries, should acknowledging 20.12.2013, p. 33). incorporate the European sentence the received bv emblem (flag) associated to a support this sentence acknowledging the Programme. [Am. 25] support received by this ⁵² COM(2018) 439 final Programme. ⁵³ Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013 ⁵² COM(2018) 439 final of the European Parliament and ⁵³ Regulation (EU) No of the Council of 11 December 2013 establishing a Programme 1287/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council for the Competitiveness of Enterprises and small and of 11 December 2013 medium-sized enterprises establishing a Programme for (COSME) (2014 - 2020) and the Competitiveness of Enterprises and small and repealing Decision No 1639/2006/EC (OJ L 347 of medium-sized enterprises (COSME) (2014 - 2020) and 20.12.2013, p. 33). repealing Decision No 1639/2006/EC (OJ L 347 of 20.12.2013, p. 33).

- 33. The policy objectives of this Programme will be also addressed through financial instruments and budgetary guarantee under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund. Financial support should be used to address market failures or sub-optimal investment situations, in a proportionate manner and actions should not duplicate or crowd out private financing or distort competition in the internal market. Actions should have a clear European added value.
- The policy objectives of (26)this Programme will be also addressed through financial instruments and budgetary guarantee under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund. The SME window of the InvestEU Fund should have a central overarching point providing information about the Programme in each Member State, in order to increase the accessibility and awareness of the funds for SMEs. Financial support should be used to address market failures or sub-optimal investment situations, in a proportionate manner and actions should not duplicate or crowd out private financing or distort competition in the internal market, and should clearly offer additionality and enhancing synergies with other European programmes. Actions should have a clear European added value. [Am. 26]
- (26) The policy objectives of this Programme will be also addressed not only by grants, but also through financial instruments and budgetary guarantee under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund. Financial support should be used to address market failures or sub-optimal investment situations, in a proportionate manner and actions should not duplicate or crowd out private financing or distort competition in the internal market. Actions should have a clear European added value.

Green

The policy objectives (26)of this Programme will be addressed not only by grants, but also through faciliating acess to financial instruments and budgetary guarantees under the SME window of the InvestEU Fund e.g. through supporting the investment readiness of SMEs and investor's awareness. Financial support should be used to address market failures or sub-optimal investment situations, in a proportionate manner and actions should not duplicate or crowd out private financing or distort competition in the internal market and should clearly offer additionality and and enhance synergies with other European programmes. Actions should have a clear European added value.

ł.	(26a) The actions supported by	Green
	the InvestEU Fund through the	
	EU compartment or the Member	Deletion
	States compartment should not	
	duplicate or replace private	
	funding, or distort competition in	
	the internal market, but, with	
	reference to the local public and	
	private guarantee schemes	
	already operating, should	
	facilitate their integration with	
	such schemes, the overriding	
	objective being to enhance and	
	extend the actual benefits to final	
	recipients, who are SMEs within	
	the meaning of	
	Recommendation 2003/361/EC)	
	in order to achieve genuine	
	additionality of the measures.	
	[Am. 27]	
5.	(26b) Besides access to finance	Green
	also access to skills is crucial,	
	including managerial skills and	Deletion
	knowledge are critical factors	

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		for SMEs to access existing		
		funds, innovate, compete and		
		grow. The delivery of financial		
		instruments as envisaged under		
		EUInvest Fund should therefore		
		be accompanied by the		
		development of appropriate		
		mentoring, coaching schemes		
		and by the delivery of		
		knowledge-based business		
		services. [Am. 28]		
36.	(27) The Programme should	(27) The Programme should	(27) The Programme should	Green
	provide effective support for SMEs	provide effective support for	provide effective support for	
	throughout their life-cycle. It	SMEs throughout their life-cycle,	SMEs throughout their life-	(27) The Programme
	should build on the unique	providing assistance ranging	cycle. It should build on the	should provide effective
	knowledge and expertise	from project preparation	unique knowledge and expertise	support for SMEs throughout
	developed with regard to SMEs	through to commercialisation	developed with regard to SMEs	their life-cycle, <i>providing</i>
	and industrial sectors and on a long	and access to the market, and	and industrial sectors and on a	assistance ranging from
	experience in working with	encouraging the creation of	long experience in working with	helping SMEs to find
	European, national and regional	business enterprise networks. It	European, national and regional	partners for joint projects to
	stakeholders. This support should	should build on the unique	stakeholders. This support	commercialisation and access
	build on the successful experience	knowledge and expertise	should build on the successful	to the market, capacity-
	of the Enterprise Europe Network	developed with regard to SMEs	experience of the Enterprise	building and encouraging the
	as a one-stop-shop to improve	and industrial economic and	Europe Network (EEN) as a	cooperation along clusters
	SMEs competitiveness and	entrepreneurial sectors and on a	one-stop-shop to improve SMEs	and business network
	develop their business in the Single	long experience in working with	competitiveness and develop	organisations. It should also
	Market and beyond. The Network	European, national and regional	their business in the Single	support the green and digital

plans to continue delivering services on behalf of other Union programmes, notably for the Horizon2020 programme, using the financial resources of these programmes. Also the mentoring scheme for new entrepreneurs should remain the tool to enable new or aspiring entrepreneurs to gain business experience by matching with an experienced entrepreneur from another country and thus allow strengthening entrepreneurial talents. The Programme should further strive to grow and extend its geographical coverage and thus offer wider range of matching possibilities to entrepreneurs in complementarity with other Union initiatives where relevant.

stakeholders. This support should build on the successful experience of the Enterprise Europe Network as a one-stop-shop to improve **SMEs** competitiveness develop their business in the Single Market and beyond. The Network plans to continue delivering services on behalf of other Union programmes, notably for the Horizon2020 programme, using the financial resources of these programmes. *It should also* support enhanced participation **SMEs** representatives' organisation in the development Single Market **Policy** initiative, such as public standardisation procurement, intellectual processes and property regimes. The Network should also increase the number of actions, providing more targeted advice to SMEs, in drafting projects and supporting networking and technological and organisational transition.

Market and beyond. The Network**EEN** plans to continue delivering services on behalf of other Union programmes, notably for the Horizon2020 Europe programme, using the financial resources of these programmes. Also the mentoring scheme for new entrepreneurs should remain the tool to enable new or aspiring entrepreneurs to gain business experience by matching with an experienced entrepreneur from another country and thus allow strengthening entrepreneurial talents. The Programme should further strive to grow and extend its geographical coverage and thus offer wider range of matching possibilities to entrepreneurs in complementarity with other Union initiatives where relevant.

transition of SMEs and build on the unique knowledge and expertise developed with regard to SMEs and sectors and on a long experience in working with European, national and regional stakeholders. This support should build on the experience of the Enterprise Europe Network (**EEN**) as a one-stopshop to improve SMEs competitiveness and develop their business in the Single Market and beyond. The **EEN** continues delivering services on behalf of other Union programmes, notably for the HorizonEurope programme, using the financial resources of these programmes. It should also facilitate enhanced participation of SMEs in the development of Single Market policy initiatives, such as public procurement and

Network should The also improve cooperation and liaison with other Advisory hubs established in the Digital programme and InvestEU Fund as regards access to finance. The actions for SMEs in the Network should also aim to provide high quality services across Europe, paying particular attention to activities areas and geographical parts of the Union the Networks where intermediary stakeholders do not meet expected results. Also the successful mentoring scheme for new entrepreneurs - Erasmus for Young Entrepreneurs - should remain the tool to enable new or aspiring entrepreneurs to gain managerial business and experience by matching with an experienced entrepreneur from another country and thus allow strengthening entrepreneurial talents. The Programme should further strive to grow and extend

standardisation processes. The EEN should also increase the number of actions aiming at drafting projects, supporting networking support the green and digital transition of **SMEs** and improve cooperation with other Advisory hubs established in the Digital Europe programme and InvestEU Fund. Also the successful mentoring scheme - Erasmus for Young Entrepreneurs should remain the tool to enable new or aspiring entrepreneurs to gain business and managerial experience by being matched and learning from an experienced entrepreneur from another country and thus strengthening their entrepreneurial talents. The Programme should further strive to extend the geographical coverage and

	its geographical coverage and		thus offer wider range of
	thus offer wider range of		matching possibilities to
	matching possibilities to		entrepreneurs in
	entrepreneurs in complementarity		complementarity with other
	with other Union initiatives where		Union initiatives where
	relevant. In order to increase the		relevant. <i>In order to increase</i>
	value added by the promotion of		the value added by the
	entrepreneurship initiatives,		promotion of
	special attention should be paid		entrepreneurship initiatives,
	to micro-enterprises and to those		special attention should be
	that have benefited the least from		paid to micro-enterprises and
	the existing programme, and		to those that have benefited
	where the culture of		the least from the existing
	entrepreneurship remains at a		programme, while aiming to
	very basic level, and faces more		achieve geographically
	barriers. Every effort should be		balanced distribution of the
	made to achieve reasonably		funds.
	geographically balanced		
	distribution of the funds.		
	[Am. 29]		
37.	(27a) More effort should be	(27a) While building on the	Green
	made to reduce the	experiences of the existing	
	administrative burden and to	measures supporting SMEs, it	(27a) Additional efforts
	increase the accessibility of the	is also important to be open	should be made to reduce the
	programmes in order to reduce	for new measures regarding	administrative burden and to
	costs of SMEs and	SMEs in the light of the	increase the accessibility to

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38.	(28) Clusters are a strategic tool	microenterprises due to a complicated application process and participation requirements. Member States should also consider establishing a single information point for undertakings interested in using Union's funds functioning as a one-stop-shop. Evaluation procedure should be as simple and fast as possible in order to allow for timely use of the benefits the Programme offers. [Am. 30]	changing conditions for SMEs in the Single Market, e.g. regarding digitalisation and regulatory burden.	initiatives of the Programme by reducing the costs to SMEs of complicated application processes and participation requirements. In that context, the EEN should be the main information point for SMEs interested in using Union's funds, functioning as a one- stop-shop and providing them with tailored guidance. It is important to build on the experiences of the existing measures supporting SMEs, but also to be open to adapting them in the light of the changing conditions for SMEs in the internal market, especially those regarding digitalisation and the regulatory burden.
38.	for supporting the competitiveness and scaling-up of SMEs as they offer favourable business	(28) Clusters are a strategic tool for supporting the competitiveness and scaling-up of SMEs as they offer favourable	for supporting the competitiveness and scaling-up of SMEs as they offer	Green (28) Clusters are a strategic tool for supporting the

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environments. Joint Cluster Initiatives should achieve critical mass to accelerate the growth of SMEs. By connecting specialised eco-systems, clusters create new business opportunities for SMEs and integrate them better in European and global strategic value chains. Support should be provided for the development of transnational partnership strategies and the implementation of joint activities, supported by the **European Cluster Collaboration** Platform. Sustainable partnering should be encouraged with continuation funding if performance and participation milestones are reached. Direct support to SMEs should be channelled through cluster organisations for the following: uptake of advanced technologies, new business models, low-carbon and resource-efficient solutions. creativity and design, skills upgrading, talent attraction,

business environments. increase development sustainable industry and services and strengthen the economic development of the regions through the creation of quality jobs. Joint Cluster Initiatives should achieve critical mass to accelerate the growth of SMEs. By connecting specialised ecosystems, clusters create new business opportunities for SMEs and integrate them better in European and global strategic value chains. Support should be provided for the development of transnational partnership strategies and the implementation of joint activities, supported by the European Cluster Platform. Collaboration Sustainable partnering should be encouraged with continuation funding if performance and participation milestones reached. Direct support to SMEs should be channelled through

favourable business environments. Joint Cluster Initiatives should achieve critical mass to accelerate the growth of SMEs. They should remain open for collaboration with SMEs from third countries. By connecting specialised eco-systems, clusters create new business opportunities for SMEs and integrate them better in European and global strategic value chains. Support should be provided for the development of transnational, including interregional, partnership strategies and the implementation of joint activities, supported by the **European Cluster Collaboration** Platform. Sustainable partnering should be encouraged with continuation funding if performance and participation milestones are reached. Direct support to SMEs should be

competitiveness and scalingup of SMEs as they offer favourable and resilient business environments. They can facilitate the green and digital transition increase sustainable development of industry, including services, and strengthen the economic development of regions through the creation of growth and jobs. Joint Cluster Initiatives should achieve critical mass to accelerate the growth of SMEs. They should remain open for collaboration with SMEs from third countries By connecting specialised industrial eco-systems, clusters create new business opportunities for SMEs and integrate them better in European and global strategic value chains. Support should be provided for the development of transnational

entrepreneurship acceleration, and internationalisation. Other specialised SME support actors should be associated to facilitate industrial transformation and implementations of smart specialisation strategies. The Programme should thus contribute to growth and build linkages with the Union's (digital) innovation hubs and investments made under Cohesion Policy and Horizon Europe. Synergies with the Erasmus programme can also be explored.

cluster organisations for the following: uptake of advanced technologies, new business models, low-carbon and resourceefficient solutions, creativity and design, skills upgrading, talent attraction, entrepreneurship acceleration. and Other internationalisation. specialised SME support actors should be associated to facilitate industrial transformation and implementations of smart specialisation strategies. The Programme should thus contribute to growth sustainable economic development and build linkages with the Union's (digital) innovation hubs and investments made under Cohesion Policy and Horizon Europe. Synergies with the Erasmus programme can also be explored. [Am. 31]

channelled through cluster organisations for the following: uptake of advanced technologies, new business models, low-carbon and resource-efficient solutions, creativity and design, skills upgrading, talent attraction, entrepreneurship acceleration, and internationalisation. Other specialised SME support actors should be associated to facilitate industrial transformation and implementations of smart specialisation strategies. The Programme should thus contribute to growth and build linkages with the Union's (digital) innovation hubs and investments made under Cohesion Policy and Horizon Europe. Synergies with the Erasmus programme can also be explored.

and interregional partnership strategies and the implementation of joint activities, supported by the European Cluster Collaboration Platform and its European Resource-Efficiency Knowledge Centre. This should include helping SMEs to team up also with SMEs from third countries. Sustainable partnering should be encouraged with continuation funding if performance and participation milestones are reached. Direct support to SMEs should be channelled through cluster organisations for the following: uptake of advanced technologies, new business models. low-carbon and resource-efficient solutions. creativity and design, skills upgrading, talent attraction, entrepreneurship acceleration,

and internationalisation. Other

		specialised SME support actors should be associated to
		facilitate industrial
		transformation and
		implementations of smart
		specialisation strategies. The
		Programme should thus
		contribute to sustainable
		<i>economic development</i> and
		build linkages with the
		Union's (digital) innovation
		hubs and investments made
		under Cohesion Policy and
		Horizon Europe. Synergies
		with the Erasmus+ programme
		can also be explored.
39.	(28a) The Programme could	
	help build up and/or improve the	Green
	relationship between micro-	(28a) The Programme
	enterprises and SMEs and	should help to strengthen the
	universities, research centres	relationship between
	and other institutions involved	businesses, especially SMEs,
	in knowledge creation and	and universities, research

	dissemination. This relationship	centres and other institutions
	could help improve firms'	involved in knowledge
	abilities to tackle the strategic	creation and dissemination.
	challenges posed by the new	This relationship could help
	international context. [Am. 32]	improve firms' abilities to
		tackle the strategic challenges
		posed by the new
		international context.
40.	(28b) SMEs, owing to their	
	smaller size, face specific	Green
	obstacles to growth and have	
	mayor difficulties in growing	(28b) SMEs, owing to their
	and scaling up some of their	smaller size, face specific
	business activities. The Union	obstacles to growth. It is
	has been providing support to	particularly difficult for them
	scale up activities focusing on	to grow and up scale up some
	innovation on research mainly	of their business activities.
	through the SME Instrument	Based on the success of, and
	and the recently European	the lessons learned from, and
	Innovation Council pilot within	experiences from the SME
	the Horizon 2020 programme.	Instrument and from the EU
	Based on the working methods	cluster projects for new
	and experiences of the SME	industrial value chains under
	Instrument, the Single Market	Horizon 2020, the Single
	Programme should also provide	Market Programme should
	support for scale-up activities by	provide support for scaling-
	SMEs complimentary to the new	up activities by SMEs at all

		EIC with its specific focus on break-through innovation under Horizon Europe. Scale up actions for SMEs under this programme should focus for instance in helping SMEs to scale up through commercialisation, internationalisation and on market driven-opportunities. [Am. 33]		crucial stages in their development, including support for internationalisation, innovation uptake and commercialisation activities. That support would complement support from the European Innovation Council under Horizon Europe, which will mainly focus-on all forms of innovation, ranging from incremental to breakthrough and disruptive innovation, targeting especially market-creating innovation, while also supporting all types of innovation, including incremental, and therefore on innovative SMEs
41.	(29) Creativity and innovation are crucial for the competitiveness of the Union's industrial value chains. They represent catalysts for	(29) Creativity and innovation, technological and organisational transformation, enhanced sustainability in terms of	(29) Creativity and innovation are crucial for the competitiveness of the Union's industrial value chains. They	Green (29) Creativity and all forms of innovation

industrial modernisation and production represent catalysts for industrial technological and processes, contribute to smart, inclusive particular resource and energy modernisation and contribute to organisational sustainable growth. However, efficiency, are crucial for the smart, inclusive sustainable transformation, enhanced competitiveness of the Union's growth. However, uptake by sustainability in terms of uptake by SMEs is still lagging behind. The Programme should industrial value chains. They SMEs is still lagging behind. production processes, therefore support targeted actions, represent catalysts for industrial The Programme should including for enhanced networks and partnerships for the modernisation of the business therefore support targeted resource and energy creativity-driven innovation industry actions, networks and efficiency, are crucial for the sectors and competitiveness of the Union's throughout the industrial value contribute to smart, inclusive partnerships for creativitychain. sustainable growth. However, driven innovation and digital industrial value chains. They uptake by SMEs is still lagging and industrial transformation represent catalysts for industrial the modernisation of behind. The Programme should throughout the industrial value therefore support targeted actions, chain. the business and industry networks and partnerships for sectors and contribute to creativity-driven innovation smart, inclusive sustainable throughout the industrial value growth. However, uptake by chain. [Am. 34] SMEs is still lagging behind. The Programme should therefore support targeted actions, networks and partnerships for creativitydriven innovation to master the green and digital **transition** throughout the industrial value chains and ecosystems. 42. (29a)Recognising that the Green

	SME Instrument under Horizon	
	2020 has been extremely	Deletion
	successful for entrepreneurs	
	through both phase1 and phase2	
	grants in advancing and their	
	new business idea and testing	
	and developing a prototype.	
	While the selection process is	
	already very rigorous, still many	
	very good projects cannot be	
	financed because of limited	
	financial resources. The	
	implementation in the frame of	
	the Executive Agency for Small	
	and Medium-sized Enterprises	
	(EASME) has been working	
	very efficiently. While the focus	
	of that programme is on high-	
	tech projects, this Program	
	should extend the methodology	
	to any type of scale-up SMEs.	
	[Am. 35]	
43.	(29b) The actions for SMEs	Green
	should also focus in sectors	
	characterised by a significant	Deletion
	growth and social potential and	
	with a high proportion of SMEs.	

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		Tourism is a singular sector of		
		the Union Economy which		
		contributes substantially to the		
		Union's GDP and is run mainly		
		by SMEs. The Union should		
		continue and increase actions		
		supporting the specificities of		
		this sector. [Am. 36]		
44.	(30) European standards play an	(30) European standards play	(30) European standards play an	Green
	important role in the internal	an important role in the internal	important role in the internal	
	market. They are of vital interest	market. They are of vital interest	market. They are of vital	(30) European standards
	for the competitiveness of	for the competitiveness of	interest for the competitiveness	play an important role in the
	undertakings, and especially	undertakings, and especially	of undertakings, and especially	internal market. They are of
	SMEs. They are also a crucial tool	SMEs. They are also a crucial tool	SMEs. They are also a crucial	vital interest for the
	to support Union legislation and	to support Union legislation and	tool to support Union legislation	competitiveness of
	policies in a number of key areas	policies in a number of key areas	and policies in a number of key	undertakings, and especially
	such as energy, climate change,	such as energy <i>transition</i> , climate	areas such as energy, climate	SMEs. European standards
	information and communication	change and environmental	change, information and	are also a crucial tool to
	technology, sustainable use of	protection, information and	communication technology,	support Union legislation and
	resources, innovation, product	communication technology,	sustainable use of resources,	policies in a number of key
	safety, consumer protection,	sustainable use <i>and recycling</i> of	innovation, product safety,	areas to foster the green and
	worker's safety and working	resources, innovation, product	consumer protection, worker's	digital transition, such as
	conditions and ageing population,	safety, consumer protection,	safety and working conditions	energy, climate change and
	thus positively contributing to the	worker's safety and working	and ageing population, thus	environmental protection,
	society as a whole.	conditions and ageing population,	positively contributing to the	information and
		thus positively contributing to the	society as a whole.	communication technology,
		society as a whole. However,		sustainable use and recycling

		experience has shown that the		of resources, innovation,
		speed and timeliness of the		product safety, consumer
		elaboration of standards needs to		protection, worker's safety and
		be improved and more efforts		working conditions and ageing
		need to be made to better involve		population, thus positively
		all relevant stakeholders,		contributing to the society as a
		including those representing		whole. In order to maximise
		consumers. [Am. 37]		their contribution, experience
				has shown that the speed and
				timeliness of the elaboration
				of standards needs to be
				improved and more efforts
				need to be made to better
				involve all relevant
				stakeholders, including those
				representing consumers.
45.	(31) European standardisation	(31) European standardisation	(31) European standardisation	Green
	activities are governed by	activities are governed by	activities are governed by	(31) European
	Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 of	Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012	Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012	standardisation activities are
	the European Parliament and of the	of the European Parliament and	of the European Parliament and	governed by Regulation (EU)
	Council ⁵⁴ and implemented	of the Council ⁵⁴ and implemented	of the Council ⁸ and	No 1025/2012 of the European
	through a long standing Public-	through a long standing Public-	implemented through a long	Parliament and of the
	Private-Partnership which is	Private-Partnership which is	standing Public-Private-	Council ⁵⁴ and implemented
	fundamental to achieve the	fundamental to achieve the	Partnership which is	through a long-standing
	objectives set in that Regulation as	objectives set in that Regulation	fundamental to achieve the	Public-Private-Partnership
	well as in general and sectorial	as well as in general and sectorial	objectives set in that Regulation	which is fundamental to
	Union standardisation policies.	Union standardisation policies.	as well as in general and	achieve the objectives set in

			sectorial Union standardisation	that Regulation as well as in
	⁵⁴ Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012	⁵⁴ Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012	policies.	general and sectorial Union
	of the European Parliament and of	of the European Parliament and		standardisation policies.
	the Council of 25 October 2012 on	of the Council of 25 October		
	European standardisation,	2012 on European	⁸ Regulation (EU) No	⁵⁴ Regulation (EU) No
	amending Council Directives	standardisation, amending	1025/2012 of the European	1025/2012 of the European
	89/686/EEC and 93/15/EEC and	Council Directives 89/686/EEC	Parliament and of the Council	Parliament and of the Council
	Directives 94/9/EC, 94/25/EC,	and 93/15/EEC and Directives	of 25 October 2012 on	of 25 October 2012 on
	95/16/EC, 97/23/EC, 98/34/EC,	94/9/EC, 94/25/EC, 95/16/EC,	European standardisation,	European standardisation,
	2004/22/EC, 2007/23/EC,	97/23/EC, 98/34/EC,	amending Council Directives	amending Council Directives
	2009/23/EC and 2009/105/EC of	2004/22/EC, 2007/23/EC,	89/686/EEC and 93/15/EEC	89/686/EEC and 93/15/EEC
	the European Parliament and of the	2009/23/EC and 2009/105/EC of	and Directives 94/9/EC,	and Directives 94/9/EC,
	Council and repealing Council	the European Parliament and of	94/25/EC, 95/16/EC, 97/23/EC,	94/25/EC, 95/16/EC,
	Decision 87/95/EEC and Decision	the Council and repealing	98/34/EC, 2004/22/EC,	97/23/EC, 98/34/EC,
	No 1673/2006/EC of the European	Council Decision 87/95/EEC and	2007/23/EC, 2009/23/EC and	2004/22/EC, 2007/23/EC,
	Parliament and of the Council (OJ	Decision No 1673/2006/EC of	2009/105/EC of the European	2009/23/EC and 2009/105/EC
	L 316, 14.11.2012, p. 12).	the European Parliament and of	Parliament and of the Council	of the European Parliament
		the Council (OJ L 316,	and repealing Council Decision	and of the Council and
		14.11.2012, p. 12).	87/95/EEC and Decision No	repealing Council Decision
			1673/2006/EC of the European	87/95/EEC and Decision No
			Parliament and of the Council	1673/2006/EC of the
			(OJ L 316, 14.11.2012, p. 12).	European Parliament and of
				the Council (OJ L 316,
				14.11.2012, p. 12).
46.	(32) A well-functioning	(32) A well-functioning	(32) A well-functioning	Green
	common financial reporting	common financial reporting	common financial reporting	(32) A well-functioning
	framework is essential for the	framework is essential for the	framework is essential for the	common financial and non-

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	internal market, for the effective	internal market, for the effective	internal market, for the effective	financial reporting framework
	functioning of the capital markets	functioning of the capital	functioning of the capital	is essential for the internal
	and for the realisation of the	financial markets and for the	markets and for the realisation	market, for the effective
	integrated market for financial	realisation of the integrated	of the integrated market for	functioning of the financial
	services in the context of the	market for financial services in	financial services in the context	markets and for the realisation
	Capital Markets Union.	the context of the Banking Union	of the Capital Markets Union.	of the integrated market for
		and the Capital Markets Union.		financial services in the
		[Am. 38]		context of the Banking Union
				and the Capital Markets
				Union.
47.	(33) In accordance with	(33) In accordance with	(33) In accordance with	Green
	Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 of	Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002	Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002	(33) In accordance with
	the European Parliament and of the	of the European Parliament and	of the European Parliament and	Regulation (EC) No
	Council ⁵⁵ , International Financial	of the Council ⁵⁵ , International	of the Council ⁹ , International	1606/2002 of the European
	Reporting Standards (IFRS)	Financial Reporting Standards	Financial Reporting Standards	Parliament and of the
	adopted by the International	(IFRS) adopted by the	(IFRS) adopted by the	Council ⁵⁵ , International
	Accounting Standards Board and	International Accounting	International Accounting	Financial Reporting Standards
	related interpretations from the	Standards Board and related	Standards Board and related	(IFRS) adopted by the
	IFRS Interpretations Committee	interpretations from the IFRS	interpretations from the IFRS	International Accounting
	are to be incorporated into Union	Interpretations Committee are to	Interpretations Committee are	Standards Board and related
	law in order to be applied by	be incorporated into Union law in	to be incorporated into Union	interpretations from the IFRS
	companies with securities listed on	order to be applied by companies	law in order to be applied by	Interpretations Committee are
	a regulated market in the Union,	with securities listed on a	companies with securities listed	to be incorporated into Union
	only if IFRS meet the criteria set	regulated market in the Union,	on a regulated market in the	law in order to be applied by
	out in that Regulation, including	only if IFRS meet the criteria set	Union, only if IFRS meet the	companies with securities
	the requirement that accounts give	out in that Regulation, including	criteria set out in that	listed on a regulated market in
	a 'true and fair view' as laid down	the requirement that accounts	Regulation, including the	the Union, only if IFRS meet

in Article 4(3) of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁶ and that they are conducive to the European public good. Such international accounting standards need to be developed under a transparent and democratically accountable process. IFRS therefore plays a major role in the functioning of the internal market and thus the Union has a direct interest in ensuring that the process through which IFRS are developed and approved delivers standards that are consistent with the requirements of the legal framework of the internal market. It is therefore important to establish appropriate funding arrangements for the IFRS Foundation.

give a 'true and fair view' as laid down in Article 4(3) of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁶ and that they are conducive to the European public good. Such international accounting standards need to be developed under a transparent and democratically accountable process. IFRS therefore plays a major role in the functioning of the internal market and thus the Union has a direct interest in ensuring that the process through which IFRS are developed and approved delivers standards that are consistent with the requirements of the legal framework of the internal market. It is therefore important to establish appropriate funding arrangements for the IFRS Foundation.

requirement that accounts give a 'true and fair view' as laid down in Article 4(3) of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council¹⁰ and that they are conducive to the European public good. Such international accounting standards need to be developed under a transparent and democratically accountable process. IFRS therefore plays a major role in the functioning of the internal market and thus the Union has a direct interest in ensuring that the process through which IFRS are developed and approved delivers standards that are consistent with the requirements of the legal framework of the internal market. It is therefore important to establish appropriate funding arrangements for the IFRS Foundation.

the criteria set out in that Regulation, including the requirement that accounts give a 'true and fair view' as laid down in Article 4(3) of Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁶ and that they are conducive to the European public good. Such international accounting standards need to be developed under a transparent and democratically accountable process. IFRS therefore plays a major role in the functioning of the internal market and thus the Union has a direct interest in ensuring that the process through which IFRS are developed and approved delivers standards that are consistent with the requirements of the legal framework of the internal market. It is therefore important to establish

⁵⁵ Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 July 2002 on the application of international

⁵⁵ Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and

	accounting standards (OJ L 243,	of the Council of 19 July 2002 on		appropriate funding
	11.9.2002, p. 1).	the application of international	⁹ Regulation (EC) No	arrangements for the IFRS
	⁵⁶ Directive 2013/34/EU of the	accounting standards (OJ L 243,	1606/2002 of the European	Foundation.
	European Parliament and of the	11.9.2002, p. 1).	Parliament and of the Council	
	Council of 26 June 2013 on the	⁵⁶ Directive 2013/34/EU of the	of 19 July 2002 on the	⁵⁵ Regulation (EC) No
	annual financial statements,	European Parliament and of the	application of international	1606/2002 of the European
	consolidated financial statements	Council of 26 June 2013 on the	accounting standards (OJ L 243,	Parliament and of the Council
	and related reports of certain types	annual financial statements,	11.9.2002, p. 1).	of 19 July 2002 on the
	of undertakings, amending	consolidated financial statements	¹⁰ Directive 2013/34/EU of the	application of international
	Directive 2006/43/EC of the	and related reports of certain	European Parliament and of the	accounting standards (OJ L
	European Parliament and of the	types of undertakings, amending	Council of 26 June 2013 on the	243, 11.9.2002, p. 1).
	Council and repealing Council	Directive 2006/43/EC of the	annual financial statements,	⁵⁶ Directive 2013/34/EU of the
	Directives 78/660/EEC and	European Parliament and of the	consolidated financial	European Parliament and of
	83/349/EEC (OJ L 182, 29.6.2013,	Council and repealing Council	statements and related reports of	the Council of 26 June 2013
	p. 19).	Directives 78/660/EEC and	certain types of undertakings,	on the annual financial
		83/349/EEC (OJ L 182,	amending Directive 2006/43/EC	statements, consolidated
		29.6.2013, p. 19).	of the European Parliament and	financial statements and
			of the Council and repealing	related reports of certain types
			Council Directives 78/660/EEC	of undertakings, amending
			and 83/349/EEC (OJ L 182,	Directive 2006/43/EC of the
			29.6.2013, p. 19).	European Parliament and of
				the Council and repealing
				Council Directives
				78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC
				(OJ L 182, 29.6.2013, p. 19).
48.	(34) Taking into account the	(34) Taking into account the	(34) Taking into account the	Green
	European Financial Reporting	European Financial Reporting	European Financial Reporting	(34) Taking into account

Advisory Group's (EFRAG) role in assessing whether IFRS comply with the requirement of Union law and policy, as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002, it also is necessary for the Union to ensure EFRAG's stable financing and thus contribute to its funding. The technical work of EFRAG should be focused on technical advice to the Commission on the endorsement of IFRS as well as on the appropriate participation in the process of development of such IFRS and should ensure that Union interests are adequately taken into account in the international standard-setting process. Those interests should include the notion of 'prudence', the maintenance of the requirement of a 'true and fair view,' as laid down in Directive 2013/34/EU, and of the European public good as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002, taking into account the impact of IFRS on financial stability and the

Advisory Group's (EFRAG) role in assessing whether IFRS comply with the requirement of Union law and policy, as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002, it also is necessary for the Union to ensure EFRAG's stable financing and thus contribute to its funding. The technical work of EFRAG should be focused on technical advice to the Commission on the endorsement of IFRS as well as on the appropriate participation in the process of development of such IFRS and should ensure that Union interests are adequately taken into account in the international standard-setting process. Those interests should include the notion of 'prudence', the maintenance of the requirement of a 'true and fair view,' as laid down in Directive 2013/34/EU, and of the European public good as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002,

Advisory Group's (EFRAG) role in assessing whether IFRS comply with the requirement of Union law and policy, as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002, it also is necessary for the Union to ensure EFRAG's stable financing and thus contribute to its funding. The technical work of EFRAG should be focused on technical advice to the Commission on the endorsement of IFRS as well as on the appropriate participation in the process of development of such IFRS and should ensure that Union interests are adequately taken into account in the international standard-setting process. Those interests should include the notion of 'prudence', the maintenance of the requirement of a 'true and fair view,' as laid down in Directive 2013/34/EU. and of the European public good as laid down in Regulation the European Financial Reporting Advisory Group's (EFRAG) role in assessing whether IFRS comply with the requirement of Union law and policy, as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002, it also is necessary for the Union to ensure EFRAG's stable financing and thus contribute to its funding. The technical work of EFRAG should be focused on technical advice to the Commission on the endorsement of IFRS as well as on the appropriate participation in the process of development of such IFRS and should ensure that Union interests are adequately taken into account in the international standard-setting process. Those interests should include the notion of 'prudence', the maintenance of the requirement of a 'true and fair view,' as laid down in Directive 2013/34/EU, and of the European public good as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002, taking into

i t r a F	Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG), to promote nnovation and the development of best practices in corporate reporting. In this forum, companies and investors can share best bractices notably in the field of non-financial and sustainability reporting.	the economy. A European Corporate Reporting Lab should also be established as part of the European Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG), to promote innovation and the development of best practices in corporate reporting. In this forum, companies and investors can share best practices notably in the field of non-financial and sustainability reporting.	financial stability and the economy. A European Corporate Reporting Lab should also be established as part of the European Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG), to promote innovation and the development of best practices in corporate reporting. In this forum, companies and investors can share best practices notably in the field of non-financial and sustainability reporting.	corporate Reporting Lab should also be has been be established as part of the European Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG), to promote innovation and the development of best practices in corporate reporting. In this forum, companies and investors can share best practices notably in the field of non-financial and sustainability reporting. Building on this work, EFRAG should also contribute to the development
a H b ir	(35) In the field of statutory audit, the Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB) was created in 2005 by the Monitoring Group, an international organisation responsible for monitoring the governance reform of the	(35) In the field of statutory audit, the Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB) was created in 2005 by the Monitoring Group, an international organisation responsible for monitoring the	(35) In the field of statutory audit, the Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB) was created in 2005 by the Monitoring Group, an international organisation responsible for monitoring the	Contribute to the development of non-financial reporting standards. Green (35) In the field of statutory audit, the Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB) was created in 2005 by the Monitoring Group, an international organisation

International Federation of Accountants (IFAC). The role of the PIOB is to oversee the process leading to the adoption of International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and other public interest activities of the IFAC. It is possible for ISAs to be adopted for their application in the Union provided, in particular, that they have been developed with due process, public oversight and transparency as required under Article 26 of Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁷ Considering the introduction of ISAs in the Union and the key role of the PIOB in ensuring that they fulfil the requirements laid down in Directive 2006/43/EC, it is therefore important to ensure appropriate funding arrangements for the PIOB.

governance reform of the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC). The role of the PIOB is to oversee the process leading to the adoption of International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and other public interest activities of the IFAC. It is possible for ISAs to be adopted for their application in the Union provided, in particular, that they have been developed with due process, public oversight and transparency as required under Article 26 of Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁷ Considering the introduction of ISAs in the Union and the key role of the PIOB in ensuring that they fulfil the requirements laid down in Directive 2006/43/EC, it is therefore important to ensure appropriate funding arrangements for the PIOB.

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responsible for monitoring the governance reform of the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC). The role of the PIOB is to oversee the process leading to the adoption of International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and other public interest activities of the IFAC. It is possible for ISAs to be adopted for their application in the Union provided, in particular, that they have been developed with due process, public oversight and transparency as required under Article 26 of Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁷ Considering the introduction of ISAs in the Union and the key role of the PIOB in ensuring that they fulfil the requirements laid down in Directive 2006/43/EC, it is therefore

⁵⁷ Directive 2006/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the

⁵⁷ Directive 2006/43/EC of the

	Council of 17 May 2006 on	European Parliament and of the		important to ensure
	statutory audits of annual accounts	Council of 17 May 2006 on		appropriate funding
	and consolidated accounts,	statutory audits of annual	¹¹ Directive 2006/43/EC of the	arrangements for the PIOB.
	amending Council Directives	accounts and consolidated	European Parliament and of the	
	78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC and	accounts, amending Council	Council of 17 May 2006 on	⁵⁷ Directive 2006/43/EC of the
	repealing Council Directive	Directives 78/660/EEC and	statutory audits of annual	European Parliament and of
	84/253/EEC (OJ L 157, 9.6.2006,	83/349/EEC and repealing	accounts and consolidated	the Council of 17 May 2006
	p. 87).	Council Directive 84/253/EEC	accounts, amending Council	on statutory audits of annual
		(OJ L 157, 9.6.2006, p. 87).	Directives 78/660/EEC and	accounts and consolidated
			83/349/EEC and repealing	accounts, amending Council
			Council Directive 84/253/EEC	Directives 78/660/EEC and
			(OJ L 157, 9.6.2006, p. 87).	83/349/EEC and repealing
				Council Directive 84/253/EEC
				(OJ L 157, 9.6.2006, p. 87).
50.	(36) The Union contributes to	(36) The Union contributes to	(36) The Union contributes to	Green
	ensuring a high level of consumer	ensuring a high level of consumer	ensuring a high level of	(36) The Union contributes
	protection, empowering consumers	protection, empowering	consumer protection,	to ensuring a high level of
	and putting them at the heart of the	consumers and putting them at	empowering consumers and	consumer protection,
	internal market by supporting and	the heart of the internal market by	putting them at the heart of the	empowering consumers and
	complementing Member States'	supporting and complementing	internal market by supporting	putting them at the heart of the
	policies in seeking to ensure that	Member States' policies in	and complementing Member	internal market by supporting
	citizens when acting as consumers	seeking to ensure that citizens	States' policies in seeking to	and complementing Member
	can fully reap the benefits of the	when acting as consumers can	ensure that citizens when acting	States' policies in seeking to
	internal market and that, in so	fully reap the benefits of the	as consumers can fully reap the	ensure that citizens when
	doing, their safety and legal and	internal market and that, in so	benefits of the internal market	acting as consumers can fully
	economic interests are properly	doing, their safety and legal and	and that, in so doing, their	reap the benefits of the
	protected by means of concrete	economic interests are properly	safety and legal and economic	internal market and that, in so

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ensure that consumer and product safety laws are properly and actions. The Union has also to ensure that consumer and product that consumer and prod	ected by means ctions. The Union asure that
safety laws are properly and ensure that consumer and product equally enforced on the ground and that businesses enjoy a level ensure that consumer and product safety laws are properly and equally enforced on the ground equally enforced on the ground equally enforced on the ground ensure that consumer and product that consumer and product safety laws are properly and ensure that consumer and product safety laws are properly and has also to ensure that consumer and product safety laws are properly and ensure that consumer and product safety laws are properly and equally enforced on the ground equally enforced on the ground safety laws are properly and ensure that consumer and product safety laws are properly and equally enforced on the ground equally enforced equally enforced on the ground equally enforced equally eq	ected by means ctions. The Union asure that
equally enforced on the ground and that businesses enjoy a level safety laws are properly and that consumer and product safety laws are properly and safety laws	ctions. The Union sure that
that businesses enjoy a level equally enforced on the ground safety laws are properly and has also to ens	sure that
playing field with fair competition and that businesses enjoy a level equally enforced on the ground consumer and	I product safety
	i product safety
in the internal market. Moreover, it playing field with fair and that businesses enjoy a laws are prope	erly and equally
is necessary to empower, competition in the internal level playing field with fair enforced on the	he ground and
encourage and assist consumers in market. Moreover, it is necessary competition in the internal that businesses	es enjoy a level
making sustainable choices, thus to empower, encourage and assist market. Moreover, it is playing field w	with fair
contributing to a sustainable, consumers in making sustainable necessary to empower, competition in	n the internal
energy and resource efficient and and informed choices, thus encourage and assist consumers market. Moreo	over, it is
circular economy. contributing to a sustainable, in making sustainable choices, necessary to en	empower,
energy and resource efficient and thus contributing to a encourage and	d assist
circular economy. [Am. 39] sustainable, energy and resource consumers in a	making
efficient and circular economy. sustainable and	nd informed
choices, thus c	contributing to a
sustainable, en	nergy and
resource effici	cient and circular
economy.	
51. (37) The Programme should aim (37) The Programme should (37) The Programme should	
to raise the awareness of aim to raise the awareness of aim to raise the awareness of aim to raise the awareness of	Green
consumers, businesses, civil consumers, businesses, civil consumers, businesses, civil	
society and authorities on Union society and authorities on Union society and authorities on Union (37) The Pr	Programme
consumer and safety laws and to consumer and safety laws and to consumer and safety laws and should aim to	raise awareness,
empower consumers and their empower consumers and their to empower consumers and on the part of	f consumers,
representative organisations at representative organisations at their representative businesses, civ	ivil society and

national level and at the Union level notably by supporting the Bureau Européen des Unions de Consommateurs (BEUC) which is the long established and recognised NGO representing consumer interests in relation to all relevant Union policies, and the European Association for the Co-ordination of Consumer Representation in Standardisation (ANEC) which represents consumers interest in relation to standardisation issues. In doing so, particular attention should be given to new market needs regarding the promotion of sustainable consumption and the prevention of vulnerabilities as well as challenges created by the digitisation of the economy or the development of new consumption patterns and business models. The Programme should support the development of relevant information on markets, policy challenges, emerging issues and behaviours, and the publication of

national level and at the Union level notably by supporting the Bureau Européen des Unions de Consommateurs (BEUC) which is the long established and recognised NGO representing consumer interests in relation to all relevant Union policies, and the European Association for the Co-ordination of Consumer Representation in Standardisation (ANEC) which represents consumers interest in relation to standardisation issues. In doing so, particular attention should be given to new market needs regarding the promotion of sustainable consumption and the prevention of in particular to actions to tackle the issue of planned obsolescence products and to prevent vulnerabilities well as challenges by created the digitisation of the economy, connected products, internet of things, artificial intelligence and

organisations at national level and at the Union level notably by supporting the *Bureau* Européen des Unions de Consommateurs (BEUC) which is the long established and recognised NGO representing consumer interests in relation to all relevant Union policies, and the European Association for the Co-ordination of Consumer Representation in Standardisation (ANEC) which represents consumers interest in relation to standardisation issues. In doing so, particular attention should be given to new market needs regarding the promotion of sustainable consumption and the prevention of vulnerabilities as well as challenges created by the digitisation of the economy or the development of new consumption patterns and business models. The Programme should support the

authorities, of Union consumer and safety laws. It *should also* empower consumers and their representative organisations at national level and at the Union level. It should do this in particular by supporting the European consumer organisation BEUC (Bureau Européen des Unions de Consommateurs), which is a long established and well recognised *non-governmental* organisation representing the interests of consumers in relation to all relevant Union policies, thereby enabling that organisation to build enhanced synergies to strengthen consumer advocacy, and by supporting the European Association for the Co-ordination of Consumer Representation in Standardisation (ANEC), which represents consumers

the Union consumer scoreboards.

algorithms or the development of new consumption patterns and business models, such as the collaborative and economy social entrepreneurship. The Programme should support the development of relevant information on markets. including actions aiming at improving product traceability along the supply chain, quality standards across the Union, and addressing the issue of the dual quality of products, policy challenges, emerging issues and behaviours, and the publication of the Union consumer scoreboards. [Am. 40]

development of relevant information on markets, policy challenges, emerging issues and behaviours, and the publication of the Union consumer scoreboards. interest in relation to standardisation issues. In doing so, particular attention should be given to new market needs regarding the promotion of sustainable consumption and production by targeting in particular actions tackle the issue of combatting those planned obsolescence practices of products that are misleading and other misleading practices such as false environmental claims, by informing consumers better about product durability and reparability, and to prevent vulnerabilities as well as challenges created by the digitisation of the economy, in relation to, for example, connected products, the internet of things, artificial intelligence and the use of algorithms, or the development of new

				consumption patterns and
				business models. The
				Programme should support
				<i>actions for</i> the development of
				relevant information on
				markets, including actions
				aiming at improving product
				traceability along the supply
				chain, quality standards
				across the Union, and
				addressing the issue of the
				misleading commercial
				practices, policy challenges,
				emerging issues and
				behaviours, and the including
				<i>the</i> publication of the Union
				consumer scoreboards.
52.	(38) The Programme should	(38) The Programme should	(38) The Programme should	Green
	support national competent	support national competent	support national competent	(38) The Programme should
	authorities, including those	authorities, including those	authorities, including those	support national competent
	responsible for monitoring product	responsible for monitoring	responsible for monitoring	authorities, including those
	safety, who cooperate notably via	product safety, who cooperate	product safety, who cooperate	responsible for monitoring
	the Union's rapid alert system for	notably via the Union's rapid alert	notably via the Union's rapid	product safety, who cooperate
	dangerous products. It should also	system for dangerous products. It	alert system for dangerous	notably via the Union's rapid
	support the enforcement of	should also support the	products. It should also support	alert system for dangerous
	Directive 2001/95/EC of the	enforcement of Directive	the enforcement of Directive	products. It should also
	European Parliament and of the	2001/95/EC of the European	2001/95/EC of the European	support the enforcement of

Council⁵⁸ and Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 regarding consumer protection and product safety, and the Consumer Protection
Cooperation network and international cooperation between the relevant authorities in third countries and in the Union. The Programme should also aim to ensure access for all consumers and traders to quality out of court dispute resolution and online dispute resolution and information on redress possibilities.

Parliament and of the Council⁵⁸ Regulation (EC) and 765/2008 regarding consumer protection and product safety, and the Consumer Protection Cooperation network and international cooperation between the relevant authorities in third countries and in the Union. The Programme should also aim to ensure access for all consumers and traders to quality out of court dispute resolution and online dispute resolution information on the process for participating in actions seeking redress possibilities, at the lowest cost. [Am. 41]

Parliament and of the Council¹² and Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 regarding consumer protection and product safety, and the Consumer Protection Cooperation network and international cooperation between the relevant authorities in third countries and in the Union. The Programme should also aim to ensure access for all consumers and traders to quality out of court dispute resolution and online dispute resolution and information on redress possibilities.

Directive 2001/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁸ and Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 regarding consumer protection and product safety, and the Consumer Protection Cooperation network and international cooperation the between relevant authorities in third countries and in the Union. The Programme should also aim to access for all ensure consumers and traders quality out of court dispute resolution and online dispute resolution and information on the process for participating in actions seeking redress.

⁵⁸ Directive 2001/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 December 2001 on general product safety (OJ L 11, 15.1.2002, p. 4).

⁵⁸ Directive 2001/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 December 2001 on general product safety (OJ L 11, 15.1.2002, p. 4).

¹² Directive 2001/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 December 2001 on general product safety (OJ L 11, 15.1.2002, p. 4).

⁵⁸ Directive 2001/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 December 2001 on general product safety (OJ L 11, 15.1.2002, p. 4).

- The European Consumer 53. (39)Centres Network is assisting consumers to obtain the benefit of their Union consumer rights when they purchase goods and services cross border in the Internal Market and EEA, either on-line or when travelling. The 30 centres strong network, jointly funded by the Union consumer programmes since more than 10 years has proven its added value to strengthen consumers and traders trust in the Internal Market. It deals with more than 100 000 consumers' requests per year and reaches millions of citizens via its press and online information activities. It is one of the most valued citizens' assistance network of the Union and most of its centres host contact points for internal market law, such as the Directive 2006/123/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁹ and its evaluation stresses the importance to continue
- (39)The **Programme** should European also support a Consumer Centres Network is assisting which assists consumers to obtain the benefit of their Union consumer rights when they purchase goods and services cross border in the Internal Market and EEA. either on-line or when travelling. The 30 centres strong network, jointly funded by the Union consumer programmes since more than 10 years has proven its added value to strengthen consumers and traders trust in the Internal Market. It deals with more than 100 000 consumers' requests per year and reaches millions of citizens via its press and online information activities. It is one of the most valued citizens' assistance network of the Union and most of its centres host contact points for internal market law, such as the Directive 2006/123/EC of the
- (39) The European Consumer Centres Network is assisting consumers to obtain the benefit of their Union consumer rights when they purchase goods and services cross border in the Internal Market and EEA, either on-line or when travelling. The 30 centres strong network, jointly funded by the Union consumer programmes since more than 10 years has proven its added value to strengthen consumers and traders trust in the Internal Market. It deals with more than 100 000 consumers' requests per year and reaches millions of citizens via its press and online information activities. It is one of the most valued citizens' assistance network of the Union and most of its centres host contact points for internal market law, such as the Directive 2006/123/EC of the

Green

(39) The *Programme should* also support the European Consumer Centres Network. which assists consumers to obtain the benefit of their Union consumer rights when they purchase goods and services cross border in the Internal Market and European Economic Area, either on-line or when travelling. The 30 centres strong network, jointly funded by the Union consumer programmes since more than 10 years, has proven its added value to strengthen consumers and traders' trust in the Internal Market. It deals with more than 120 000 consumers' requests per year and reaches millions of citizens via its press and online information activities. It is one of the most valued citizens' assistance its operation. The network also intends to develop reciprocity arrangements with similar bodies in third countries. European Parliament and of the Council⁵⁹ and its evaluation the importance to stresses continue its operation. European Consumer Centres Network can be also an important source of information about challenges and problems that consumers encounter at local level, which are relevant for Union policymaking and for the protection of the interests of consumers. Therefore, Programme the should allow for the building and enhancing of synergies between consumer representation at local and Union level in order to strengthen consumer advocacy. The network also intends to develop reciprocity arrangements with similar bodies in third countries. [Am. 42]

European Parliament and of the Council¹³ and its evaluation stresses the importance to continue its operation. The network also intends to develop reciprocity arrangements with similar bodies in third countries.

networks of the Union and most of its centres host contact points for internal market law, such as the Directive 2006/123/EC of the European Parliament and of Council^{59,} and its evaluation stresses the importance to continue its operation. The European Consumer Centres Network can be also an important of source information about challenges and problems that consumers encounter at local level, which are relevant for Union policy-making and for the protection of the interests of consumers. Therefore, the Programme should allow for the building and enhancing of synergies between consumer representation at local and Union level in order to strengthen consumer advocacy. The network also intends to develop reciprocity

⁵⁹ Directive 2006/123/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 on services in the internal market (OJ L 376, 27.12.2006, p. 36).

⁵⁹ Directive 2006/123/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 on services in the internal market

¹³ Directive 2006/123/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 on services in the internal market (OJ L 376, 27.12.2006, p. 36).

		(OJ L 376, 27.12.2006, p. 36).		arrangements with similar bodies in third countries.
				⁵⁹ Directive 2006/123/EC of
				the European Parliament and
				of the Council of 12 December
				2006 on services in the
				internal market (OJ L 376,
				27.12.2006, p. 36).
54.	(40) The fitness check of Union	(40) The fitness check of Union	(40) The fitness check of Union	Green
	consumer and marketing law	consumer and marketing law	consumer and marketing law	(40) The fitness check of
	carried out by the Commission in	carried out by the Commission in	carried out by the Commission	Union consumer and
	May 2017 exposed the need to	May 2017 exposed the need to	in May 2017 exposed the need	marketing law carried out by
	better enforce rules and facilitate	better enforce rules and facilitate	to better enforce rules and	the Commission in May 2017
	redress when consumers have been	redress when consumers have	facilitate redress when	exposed the need to better
	harmed by breaches to consumer	been harmed by breaches to	consumers have been harmed	enforce rules and facilitate
	laws. As a result the Commission	consumer laws. As a result the	by breaches to consumer laws.	redress when consumers have
	adopted a "New Deal for	Commission adopted a "New Deal	As a result the Commission	been harmed by breaches to
	Consumers" in April 2018 to	for Consumers" in April 2018 to	adopted a "New Deal for	consumer laws. As a result,
	ensure, inter alia, the equal	ensure, inter alia, the equal	Consumers" in April 2018 to	Directives (EU) 2019/2161 ¹ ,
	treatment of consumers across the	treatment of consumers across the	ensure, inter alia, the equal	$98/6/EC^2$, $2005/29/EC^3$,
	internal market in relation to dual	internal market in relation to	treatment of consumers across	2011/83/EU ⁴ and (EU)/ ¹⁺
	quality standards, stronger	cross-border cases, such as	the internal market in relation to	of the European Parliament
	enforcement capacities of Member	selling of non-compliant	dual quality standards, stronger	and of the Council were
	States, enhanced product safety,	products in the motor vehicles	enforcement capacities of	adopted to ensure, inter alia,
	increased international cooperation	sector, dual quality standards of	Member States, enhanced	the equal treatment of
	and new possibilities for redress	products or the problems of	product safety, increased	consumers across the internal

	notably through representative	passengers stranded as a result of	international cooperation and	market in relation to cross-
	actions by qualified entities. The	the cancellation of a large	new possibilities for redress	border issues, such as sales of
	Programme should aim to support	number of flights, stronger	notably through representative	non-compliant products in
	consumer policy with awareness	enforcement capacities of	actions by qualified entities.	the motor vehicles sector, dual
	raising and knowledge building,	Member States, enhanced product	The Programme should aim to	quality standards for products,
	capacity building and exchange of	safety, increased international	support consumer policy with	or the problems experienced
	best practices of the consumer	cooperation and new possibilities	awareness raising and	by passengers in the event of
	organisations and consumer	for redress notably through	knowledge building, capacity	flight cancellations or long
	protection authorities, networking	representative actions by qualified	building and exchange of best	flight delays. They also aim
	and development of market	entities. The Programme should	practices of the consumer	to strengthen the enforcement
	intelligence, strengthening the	aim to support consumer policy	organisations and consumer	capacities of Member States,
	evidence base on the functioning	with awareness raising and	protection authorities,	enhance product safety and
	of the internal market for	knowledge building, capacity	networking and development of	increase international
	consumers, IT systems and	building and exchange of best	market intelligence,	cooperation and new
	communication tools, inter alia.	practices of the consumer	strengthening the evidence base	possibilities for redress
		organisations and consumer	on the functioning of the	notably through representative
		protection authorities, networking	internal market for consumers,	actions by qualified entities.
		and development of market	IT systems and communication	Supporting the full
		intelligence, strengthening the	tools, inter alia.	implementation of those
		evidence base on the functioning		Directives and actions and
		of the internal market for		promoting their cross border
		consumers, IT systems and		enforcement should therefore
		communication tools, inter alia.		be a priority.
		[Am. 43]		
55.	(41) Citizens are particularly	(41) Citizens are particularly	(41) Citizens are particularly	Green
	affected by the functioning of	affected by the functioning of	affected by the functioning of	

financial services markets. These are a key component of the internal market and require a solid framework for regulation and supervision which ensures not only financial stability and a sustainable economy, but also provides a high level of protection to consumers and other financial services end users, including retail investors, savers, insurance policyholders, pension fund members and beneficiaries, individual shareholders, borrowers and SMEs. It is important to enhance their capacity to participate in policy making for the financial sector.

financial services markets and should, therefore, be further informed on pertinent rights, risks and benefits. These are a key component of the internal market and require a solid framework for regulation and supervision which ensures not only financial stability and a sustainable economy, but also provides a high level of protection to consumers and other financial services end users, including retail investors, savers, insurance policyholders, pension fund beneficiaries, members and individual shareholders. borrowers and SMEs. It is important The **Programme** should contribute to enhance their capacity to participate in policy makingfor, also through production and dissemination of clear, complete and user-friendly information about products commercialised in the financial sector-markets. [Am. 44]

financial services markets. These are a key component of the internal market and require a solid framework for regulation and supervision which ensures not only financial stability and a sustainable economy, but also provides a high level of protection to consumers and other financial services end users, including retail investors, savers, insurance policyholders, pension fund members and beneficiaries, individual shareholders, borrowers and SMEs. It is important to enhance their capacity to participate in policy making for the financial sector.

Citizens are (41) particularly affected by the functioning of financial markets and should, therefore, be further informed on pertinent rights, risks and benefits. Financial *markets* are a key component of the internal market and require a solid framework for regulation and supervision which ensures not only financial stability and a sustainable economy, but also provides a high level of protection to consumers and other financial services end users, including retail investors, savers, insurance policyholders, pension fund members and beneficiaries. individual shareholders. borrowers and SMEs. *The* Programme should contribute to enhance their capacity to participate in policy making, including through the

				production and dissemination
				of clear, complete and user-
				friendly information about
				products provided in the
				financial <i>markets</i> .
56.	(42) The Programme should	(42) The Programme should	(42) The Programme should	Light Green
	therefore continue to support the	therefore continue to support the	therefore continue to support	(42) The Programme should
	specific activities covered by the	specific activities covered by the	the specific activities covered	therefore continue to support
	2017-2020 Capacity-Building	2017-2020 Capacity-Building	by the 2017-2020 Capacity-	the specific activities covered
	Programme enhancing the	Programme enhancing the	Building Programme enhancing	by the 2017-2020 Capacity-
	involvement of consumers and	involvement of consumers and	the involvement of consumers	Building Programme
	other financial services end-users	other financial services end-users	and other financial services end-	enhancing the involvement of
	in Union policy-making, as set out	in Union policy-making, as set out	users in Union policy-making,	consumers and other financial
	in Regulation (EU) 2017/826 of	in Regulation (EU) 2017/826 of	as set out in Regulation (EU)	services end-users in Union
	the European Parliament and of the	the European Parliament and of	2017/826 of the European	policy-making, as set out in
	Council ⁶⁰ which continued the	the Council ⁶⁰ which continued the	Parliament and of the Council ¹⁴	Regulation (EU) 2017/826 of
	pilot programme and preparatory	pilot programme and preparatory	which continued the pilot	the European Parliament and
	action of the years 2012-2017. This	action of the years 2012-2017.	programme and preparatory	of the Council ⁶⁰ , which
	is necessary in order to provide	This is necessary in order to	action of the years 2012-2017.	continued the pilot programme
	policy makers with views from	provide policy makers with views	This is necessary in order to	and preparatory action of the
	stakeholders other than financial	from stakeholders other than	provide policy makers with	years 2012-2017. This is
	sector professionals and ensure a	financial sector professionals and	views from stakeholders other	necessary in order to provide
	better representation of the	ensure a better representation of	than financial sector	policy-makers with views
	interests of consumers and other	the interests of consumers and	professionals and ensure a	from stakeholders other than
	financial services end-users. This	other financial services end-users.	better representation of the	financial sector professionals
	should result in better financial	The Programme	interests of consumers and other	and ensure a better
	services policies, notably thanks to	should continuously develop its	financial services end-users.	representation of the interests

a better public understanding of the issues at stake in financial regulation and enhanced financial literacy.

⁶⁰Regulation (EU) 2017/826 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2017 on establishing a Union programme to support specific activities enhancing the involvement of consumers and other financial services end-users in Union policymaking in the area of financial services for the period 2017-2020 (OJ L 129, 19.5.2017, p.17).

methodology and best practices on how increase to engagement of consumers and financial-services end-users in order to identify issues relevant for Union policy-making and ensuring the interests consumers in the area of financial services. This should result in better improve financial services policies, notably thanks to a better public understanding of the issues at stake in financial regulation and enhanced financial literacy. The public resources of this Programme should focus on what is essential for the final users and avoid any form of direct or indirect financial support to commercial activities proposed by private financial operators. [Am. 45]

⁶⁰ Regulation (EU) 2017/826 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2017 on establishing a Union programme

This should result in better financial services policies, notably thanks to a better public understanding of the issues at stake in financial regulation and enhanced financial literacy.

¹⁴ Regulation (EU) 2017/826 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2017 on establishing a Union programme to support specific activities enhancing the involvement of consumers and other financial services endusers in Union policy-making in the area of financial services for the period 2017-2020 (OJ L 129, 19.5.2017, p.17).

of consumers and other financial services end-users.

The **Programme** should continuously develop its methodology and best practices on how to increase the engagement of consumers and financial services endusers in order to identify issues relevant for Union policy-making and ensure that the interests of consumers in the area of financial services. This should *improve* financial services policies, notably towards a better public understanding of the issues at stake in financial regulation and enhanced financial literacy. The public resources of this Programme should focus on what is essential for the final users and avoid any form of direct or indirect financial support commercial ... activities - to support specific activities proposed by private financial enhancing the involvement of operators. consumers and other financial services end-users in Union ⁶⁰ Regulation (EU) 2017/826 policy-making in the area of financial services for the period of the European Parliament 2017-2020 (OJ L 129, 19.5.2017, and of the Council of 17 May 2017 on establishing a Union p.17). programme to support specific activities enhancing the involvement of consumers and other financial services endusers in Union policy-making in the area of financial services for the period 2017-2020 (OJ L 129, 19.5.2017, p.17). *Note: EP to reply in writing* EP suggestion for last sentence: The programme should not provide for any direct or indirect support to private financial operators for their

commercial activities.

				Council does not agree with
				this last sentence
57.	(43) In the context of a pilot	(43) In the context of a pilot	(43) In the context of a pilot	
	project, between 2012 and 2013,	project, between 2012 and 2013,	project, between 2012 and	Light green
	and of a preparatory action,	and of a preparatory action,	2013, and of a preparatory	(43) In the context of a pilot
	between 2014 and 2016, the	between 2014 and 2016, the	action, between 2014 and 2016,	project (2012- 2013) and of a
	Commission awarded grants to two	Commission awarded grants to	the Commission awarded grants	preparatory action (2014-
	organisations following an annual	two organisations following an	to two organisations following	2016), the Commission
	open call for proposals. The two	annual open call for proposals.	an annual open call for	awarded grants to two
	organisations are Finance Watch,	The two organisations are	proposals. The two	organisations following an
	set up with Union grants in 2011 as	Finance Watch, set up with Union	organisations are Finance	annual open call for proposals.
	an international non-profit	grants in 2011 as an international	Watch, set up with Union grants	The two organisations are
	association under Belgian law, and	non-profit association under	in 2011 as an international non-	Finance Watch, set up with
	Better Finance, which is the	Belgian law, and Better Finance,	profit association under Belgian	Union grants in 2011 as an
	product of successive re-	which is the product of successive	law, and Better Finance, which	international non-profit
	organisations and rebranding of	re-organisations and rebranding	is the product of successive re-	association under Belgian law,
	pre-existing European federations	of pre-existing European	organisations and rebranding of	and Better Finance, which is
	and shareholders since 2009. The	federations and shareholders	pre-existing European	the outcome of successive re-
	Capacity-Building Programme	since 2009. The Capacity-	federations and shareholders	organisations and rebranding
	established under Regulation (EU)	Building Programme established	since 2009. The Capacity-	of pre-existing European
	2017/826, identifies these same	under Regulation (EU) 2017/826,	Building Programme	federations and shareholders
	two organisations as sole	identifies these same two	established under Regulation	since 2009. The Capacity-
	beneficiaries. It is therefore	organisations as sole	(EU) 2017/826, identifies these	Building Programme
	necessary to continue to co-finance	beneficiaries. It is therefore	same two organisations as sole	established under Regulation
	these organisations in the context	necessary to continue to co-	beneficiaries. It is therefore	(EU) 2017/826, identifies
	of the Programme. However, this	finance these organisations in the	necessary to continue to co-	these same two organisations

financing should be subject to review.

the Programme. context of However, this financing should be subject to review. *In this respect*, it should be recalled that in the event that the Capacity-Building Programme and corresponding funding are extended beyond 2020 and other potential beneficiaries emerge, the call for applicants should be open to any other organisations that fulfil the criteria, and contribute to the objectives, of the Programme and this in accordance with Regulation (EU)2017/826. [Am. 46]

finance these organisations in the context of the Programme. However, this financing shwould be subject to reviewthe evaluation of the achievement of the objectives pursued, based on a thorough evaluation of its effectiveness and impact.

as sole beneficiaries. It is therefore necessary to continue to co-finance these organisations in the context of the Programme. However, this financing **sh**ould be subject to a thorough evaluation of the effectiveness and impact of the achievements towards the objectives pursued . *In* this respect, it should be recalled that in the event that the Capacity-Building Programme and corresponding funding are extended beyond 2020 and other potential beneficiaries emerge, the call for applicants proposals should be open to any other organisations that fulfil the criteria, and contribute to the objectives, of the Programme and this in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/826...

Note: EP to reply in writing

58. (44) A high level of health protection through the food supply chain is necessary to allow the internal market to operate efficiently. A safe and sustainable food supply chain is a prerequisite for society and for the internal market. Cross border health crises and food scares disrupt the functioning of the internal market by limiting the movements of persons and goods and disrupting production.

(44) A high level of health protection through the food and feed supply chain is necessary to protect consumers as well as to allow the internal market to operate efficiently and smoothly. safe sustainable and agricultural and food supply chain is a prerequisite for society and for the internal market. As demonstrated by recent incidents such as the fipronil egg contamination in 2017 and the horse meat scandal in 2013, cross border health crises, such as avian influenza or African swine fever and food scares disrupt the functioning of the internal market by limiting the movements of persons and goods and disrupting production. Preventing cross border health crises and food scares is of utmost importance. Therefore, the Programme should support concrete actions, such as establishing emergency measures in the event of crisis

(44) A high level of health protection through the food supply chainin the area of plants, animals, food and feed is necessary to allow the internal market to operate efficiently. A safe and sustainable food supply chain This is a prerequisite for society and for the internal market. Cross border health crises and food scares disrupt the functioning of the internal market by limiting the movements of persons and goods and disrupting production.

Light Green (44) A high level of health protection in the area of plants, animals, food and **feed** is necessary *to protect* consumers as well as to allow the internal market to operate efficiently and smoothly. A safe and sustainable agricultural and food supply chain is a prerequisite for the functionng of society and for the internal market. As demonstrated by recent incidents such as the fipronil egg contamination in 2017 and the horse meat scandal in 2013, Preventing crossborder health crises and food scares is of utmost importance as they disrupt the functioning of the internal market by limiting the movements of persons and goods and disrupting production and consumption. Preventing such crises and

		situations and unforeseeable		food scares is of utmost
		events affecting animal and plant		importance. Therefore, the
		health, creating a mechanism for		Programme should support
		direct access to the emergency		concrete actions, such as
		aid reserve in order to deal with		establishing emergency
		these emergency situations more		measures in the event of crisis
		promptly, effectively and		situations affecting animal
		efficiently. [Am. 47]		and plant health. creating a
				mechanism for direct access
				to the emergency aid reserve
				in order to deal with these
				emergency situations more
				promptly, effectively and
				efficiently.
				Note: Last sentence on
				mechanism to be further
				discussed.
59.	(45) The general objective of	(45) The general objective of		Green
	Union law in the food chain area is	Union law in the food chain area	Union law in the food chain	
	to contribute to a high level of	is to contribute guarantee to a	area of plants, animals, food	(45) The general objective
	health for humans, animals and	high level of health for humans,	and feed is to contribute to a	of Union law in the food
	plants along the food chain, to	animals and plants along the food	high level of health for humans,	chain area of plants, animals,
	support the improvement of the	chain, to support the improvement	animals and plants along the	<u>food and feed</u> is to contribute
	welfare of animals, to contribute to	of the welfare of animals, to	food chain, to support the	safeguard a high level of
	a high level of protection and	contribute to a high level of	improvement of the welfare of	health for humans, animals

information for consumers and a high level of protection of the environment, including the preservation of biodiversity, while improving the sustainability of European food and feed productions, increasing quality standards across the Union, enhancing the competitiveness of the Union food and feed industry and favouring the creation of jobs.

protection and information for consumers and a high level of protection of the environment, including the preservation of biodiversity, while improving the sustainability of European food and feed productions, cutting food waste, increasing the quality standards of products across the Union, enhancing the competitiveness of the Union food and feed industry and favouring the creation of jobs. [Am. 48]

animals, to contribute to a high level of protection and information for consumers and a high level of protection of the environment, including the preservation of biodiversity, while improving the sustainability of European food and feed productions, increasing quality standards across the Union, enhancing the competitiveness of the Union food and feed industry and favouring the creation of jobs.

and plants along the food chain, to support the improvement of the welfare of animals, to contribute to a high level of protection and information for consumers and a high level of protection of the environment, including for the preservation of biodiversity and taking into account situations caused by potential climate change impacts in the Member States, while improving the sustainability of European food and feed productions and ensuring contributing to food security and affordable prices, cutting food waste, increasing *the* quality standards *of products* across the Union, and enhancing the competitiveness of the Union food and feed industry and the creation of jobs, among others by stimulating research and innovation.

Considering the specific 60. nature of the actions concerning a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain special eligibility criteria concerning provision of grants and use of public procurement need to be provided in this Regulation. In particular, by way of derogation from Regulation (EU, Euratom) of the European Parliament and of the Council⁶¹ (the 'Financial Regulation'), as an exception to the principle of non-retroactivity, the costs for the emergency measures, due to their urgent and unforeseeable nature, should be eligible and include also costs incurred as a result of a suspected occurrence of a disease or pest provided that that occurrence is subsequently confirmed and notified to the Commission. The corresponding budgetary commitments and the payment of

Considering the specific nature of the actions concerning a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain special eligibility criteria concerning provision of grants and use of public procurement need to be provided in this Regulation. In particular, by way of derogation from Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁶¹ 'Financial (the Regulation'), as an exception to the principle of non-retroactivity, the costs for the emergency measures, due to their urgent and unforeseeable nature, should be eligible and include also costs incurred as a result of a suspected occurrence of a disease or pest provided that that occurrence is subsequently confirmed notified to the Commission. The corresponding budgetary

(46) Considering the specific nature of the actions concerning a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain special eligibility criteria concerning provision of grants and use of public procurement need to be provided in this Regulation. In particular, by way of derogation from Regulation (EU, Euratom) **2018/1046** of the European Parliament and of the Council¹⁵ (the 'Financial Regulation'), as an exception to the principle of non-retroactivity, the costs for the emergency measures, due to their urgent and unforeseeable nature, should be eligible and include also costs incurred as a result of a suspected occurrence of a disease or pest provided that that occurrence is subsequently confirmed and

notified to the Commission. The

Green

(46)Considering the specific nature of the actions concerning a high level of health for humans, animals and special plants, eligibility criteria concerning provision of grants and use of public procurement need to be provided in this Regulation. In particular, by way exception to the principle of non-retroactivity in Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁶¹ (the 'Financial **Regulation'),** the costs for the emergency measures, due to their urgent and unforeseeable nature, should be eligible and include also costs incurred as a of suspected result occurrence of a disease or pest

eligible expenditure should be made by the Commission, after signature of the legal commitments and after assessment of the payment applications submitted by the Member States. Costs should also be eligible for protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or overseas countries and territories, of certain animal diseases and zoonoses as well as in respect of protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of the health status of plants in the Union.

61[to add]

commitments and the payment of eligible expenditure should be made by the Commission, after signature of the legal commitments and after assessment of the payment applications submitted by the Member States. Costs should also eligible for protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or overseas countries and territories, of animal diseases certain and zoonoses as well as in respect of protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of the health status of plants in the Union.

corresponding budgetary commitments and the payment of eligible expenditure should be made by the Commission, after signature of the legal commitments and after assessment of the payment applications submitted by the Member States. Costs should also be eligible for **prevention** and protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or overseas countries and territories, of certain animal diseases and zoonoses as well as in respect of protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of the health status of plants in the Union.

provided that the occurrence is subsequently confirmed and notified to the Commission. The corresponding budgetary commitments and the payment of eligible expenditure should be made by the Commission, after signature of the legal commitments and after assessment of the payment applications submitted by the Member States. Costs should be eligible also surveillance, prevention and protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or overseas countries and territories, of certain animal diseases and zoonoses as well as in respect of protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of

⁶¹ Regulation (EU, Euratom)
2018/1046 of the European
Parliament and of the Council
of 18 July 2018 on the financial

^{15 [}to add] Regulation (EU,

		rules applicable to the general	Euratom) 2018/1046 of the	the health status of plants in the
		budget of the Union, amending	European Parliament and of	Union.
		Regulations (EU) No 1296/2013,	the Council of 18 July 2018 on	
		(EU) No 1301/2013, (EU) No	the financial rules applicable	⁶¹ Regulation (EU, Euratom)
		1303/2013, (EU) No 1304/2013,	to the general budget	2018/1046 of the European
		(EU) No 1309/2013, (EU) No	of the Union,	Parliament and of the
		1316/2013, (EU) No 223/2014,	amending Regulations (EU)	Council of 18 July 2018 on
		(EU) No 283/2014, and Decision	No 1296/2013, (EU) No	the financial rules applicable
		No 541/2014/EU and repealing	<u>1301/2013,</u>	to the general budget of the
		Regulation (EU, Euratom) No	(EU) No 1303/2013,	Union, amending Regulations
		966/2012	(EU) No 1304/2013, (EU) No	(EU) No 1296/2013, (EU) No
			1309/2013, (EU) No	1301/2013, (EU) No
			1316/2013, (EU) No 223/2014,	1303/2013, (EU) No
			(EU) No 283/2014, and	1304/2013, (EU) No
			Decision No 541/2014/EU and	1309/2013, (EU) No
			repealing Regulation (EU,	1316/2013, (EU) No
			Euratom) No 966/2012 (OJ	223/2014, (EU) No 283/2014,
			<u>L 193, 30.7.2018, p. 1).</u>	and Decision No
				541/2014/EU and repealing
				Regulation (EU, Euratom)
				No 966/2012
61.	(47) Official controls carried out	(47) In view of the fact the	(47) Official controls carried	Yellow
	by the Member States are an	food chain is increasingly	out by the Member States are an	(47) In view of the
	essential tool for verifying and	globalised, official controls	essential tool for verifying and	increasing globalisation of
	monitoring that relevant Union	carried out by the Member States	monitoring that relevant Union	the plant, animal, food and
	requirements are being	are an essential tool for verifying	requirements are being	feed area, official controls
	implemented, complied with and	and monitoring that relevant	implemented, complied with	carried out by the Member

enforced. The effectiveness and efficiency of official control systems is vital for maintaining a high level of safety for humans, animals and plants along the food chain whilst ensuring a high level of protection of the environment and of animal welfare. Union financial support should be made available for such control measures. In particular, a financial contribution should be available to Union reference laboratories in order to help them bear the costs arising from the implementation of work programmes approved by the Commission. Moreover, since the effectiveness of official controls also depends on the availability to the control authorities of well trained staff with an appropriate knowledge of Union law, the Union should be able to contribute to their training and relevant exchange programmes organised by competent authorities.

Union requirements are being implemented, complied with and enforced, especially as regards products imported from third countries. The effectiveness and efficiency of official control systems is vital for maintaining a high level of safety for humans, animals and plants along the food chain, as well as consumer confidence, whilst ensuring a high level of protection of the environment and of animal welfare. Union financial support should be made available for such control measures. In particular, a financial contribution should be available to Union reference laboratories in order to help them bear the costs arising from the of implementation work programmes approved by the Commission. Moreover, since the effectiveness of official controls also depends on the availability to the control authorities of well trained staff with an appropriate

and enforced. The effectiveness and efficiency of official control systems is vital for maintaining a high level of safety-for humans, animals and plants along the food chain whilst ensuring a high level of protection of the environment and of animal welfare. Union financial support should be made available for such control measures. In particular, a financial contribution should be available to European Union reference laboratories, **European Union reference** centres and national plant health reference laboratories in order to help them bear the costs arising from the implementation of work programmes approved by the Commission. Moreover, since the effectiveness of official controls also depends on the availability to the control

authorities of well trained staff

States are an essential tool for verifying and monitoring that relevant Union requirements are being implemented, complied with and enforced, including in respect of *imports*. The effectiveness and efficiency of official control systems is vital for maintaining a high level of safety along the food chain, as well as consumer confidence, whilst ensuring a high level of protection of the environment and of animal welfare. Union financial support should be made available for such control measures. In particular, a financial contribution should be available to European Union reference laboratories in order to help them bear the costs arising from the implementation of work programmes approved by the Commission, and may be

knowledge of Union law, the with an appropriate knowledge available to national plant Union should be able to of Union law, the Union should and animal health reference contribute to their training and be able to contribute to their laboratories, which according relevant exchange programmes training and relevant exchange to Regulation (EU) 2017/625 organised programmes organised by by competent are to benefit from adequate authorities. [Am. 50] competent authorities. financial resources provided by Member States, on condition that it can be clearly shown that the actions carried out represent Union added value and that sufficient funding is available under the Programme to support those actions. Moreover, since the effectiveness of official controls also depends on the availability to the control authorities of well trained staff with an appropriate knowledge of Union law, the Union should be able to contribute to their training and relevant exchange programmes organised by competent authorities.

Council suggestion:
In view of the fact that the
plant, animal, food and feed
area is increasingly
globalised, official controls
carried out by the Member
States are an essential tool for
verifying and monitoring that
relevant Union requirements
are being implemented,
complied with and enforced
including imports. The
effectiveness and efficiency of
official control systems is vital
for maintaining a high level of
safety along the food chain as
well as consumer confidence,
whilst ensuring a high level of
protection of the environment
and of animal welfare. Union
financial support should be
made available for such
control measures. In
particular, a financial
contribution should be
available to European Union
reference laboratories and

centres as well as national plant and animal health reference laboratories, in order to help them bear the costs arising from the implementation of work programmes approved by the Commission. Moreover, since the effectiveness of official controls also depends on the availability to the control authorities of well trained staff with an appropriate knowledge of Union law, the Union should be able to contribute to their training and relevant exchange programmes organised by competent authorities. EP suggestion In view of the increasing globalisation of the plant, animal, food and feed area, official controls carried out by the Member States are an essential tool for verifying and monitoring that relevant Union requirements are being implemented, complied with and enforced, including in respect of imports. The effectiveness and efficiency of official control systems is vital for maintaining a high level of safety along the food chain, as well as consumer confidence, whilst ensuring a high level of protection of the environment and of animal welfare. Union financial support should be made available for such control measures. In particular, a financial contribution should be available to European Union reference laboratories in order to help them bear the costs arising from the implementation of work programmes approved by the Commission, and may be available to national plant and animal health reference

		laboratories, which according to Regulation (EU) 2017/625 are to benefit from adequate financial resources provided by Member States, on condition that it can be clearly shown that the actions carried out represent Union added value and that sufficient funding is available under the Programme to support those actions. Moreover, since the effectiveness of official controls also depends on the availability to the control authorities of well trained staff with an appropriate knowledge of Union law, the Union should be able to contribute to their training and relevant exchange programmes organised by competent authorities.
62.	(47a) Antimicrobial resistance	Green
	is a growing health problem	(47a) Antimicrobial

63. (48) High-quality European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme are essential for evidence-based decision making European statistics should be available in a timely manner and should contribute to the implementation of Union policies as reflected in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, notably strengthened and integrated economic governance, social, economic and territorial cohesion, sustainable dimension of Europe and globalisation. Therefore, it should be possible to co-finance measures to support the fight against antimicrobial resistance under this Programme. (48) High-quality European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme are essential for evidence-based decision making European statistics should be available in a timely manner and should contribute to the implementation of Union policies as reflected in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, notably strengthened and integrated economic governance, social, economic and territorial cohesion, sustainable dimension of Europe and globalisation.	s a growing
63. (48) High-quality European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme are essential for evidence-based decision making European statistics should be available in a timely manner and should contribute to the implementation of Union policies as reflected in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, notably strengthened and integrated economic governance, social, economic and territorial cohesion, sustainable dimension of Europe and dimension of European and division was table in a timely manner and should contribute to the implementation of Union policies as reflected in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, notably strengthened and integrated economic governance, social, economic and territorial dimension of Europe and dimension of Europe and development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and disseminated under the European Union, notably strengthened and dintegrated development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and decision making European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme are essential for evidence-based decision making European stat	lem in the Union
63. (48) High-quality European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme are essential for evidence-based decision making European statistics should be available in a timely manner and should contribute to the implementation of Union policies as reflected in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, notably strengthened and integrated economic and territorial cohesion, sustainable development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and (48) High-quality European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme are essential for evidence-based decision making European statistics should be available in a timely manner and should contribute to the implementation of Union policies as reflected in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, notably strengthened and integrated development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and (48) High-quality European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme are essential for evidence-based decision making European statistics should be available in a timely manner and should contribute to the implementation of Union policies as reflected in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, notably strengthened and integrated economic governance, social, economic and territorial economic and territorial development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the Europea	ide. Therefore, it
63. (48) High-quality European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme are essential for evidence-based decision making European statistics should be available in a timely manner and should contribute to the implementation of Union policies as reflected in the Functioning of the European Union, notably strengthened and integrated economic and territorial cohesion, sustainable development, agricultural policy, the social disseminated under the satistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme are essential for evidence-based decision making European statistics should be available in a timely manner and should contribute to the implementation of Union policies as reflected in the Treaty on the European Union, notably strengthened and integrated economic and territorial cohesion, sustainable development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme are essential for evidence-based decision making European statistics should be available in a timely manner and should contribute to the implementation of Union policies as reflected in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, notably strengthened and integrated economic and territorial cohesion, sustainable development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme are essential for evidence-based decision making European statistics should be available in a timely manner and should contribute to the implementation of Union policies as reflected in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, notably strengthened and integrated economic and territorial economic and territorial deve	ossible to co-
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63. (48) High-quality European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme are essential for evidence-based decision making European statistics should be available in a timely manner and should contribute to the implementation of Union policies as reflected in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, notably strengthened and integrated economic governance, social, economic and territorial cohesion, sustainable development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe an statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme are essential for evidence-based decision making European statistics should be available in a timely manner and should contribute to the implementation of Union policies as reflected in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, notably strengthened and integrated economic governance, social, economic and territorial dimension of Europe and disseminated under the European Statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme are essential for evidence-based decision making European statistics should be available in a timely manner and should contribute to the implementation of Union policies as reflected in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, notably strengthened and integrated economic governance, social, economic and territorial cohesion, sustainable development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and statistics developed, produced and disseminated under the European Statistical Programme are essential for evidence-based decision making European statistics should be available in a timely manner and should contribute to the implementation of Union policies as reflected in the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, notably strengthened and integrated economic governance, socia	ainst
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integrated economic governance, social, economic and territorial cohesion, sustainable development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and social social strengthened and integrated economic governance, social, economic governance, social, economic and territorial economic governance, social, economic and territorial economic governance, social,	should contribute
social, economic and territorial cohesion, sustainable development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and conomic governance, social, economic governance, economic govern	nentation of
cohesion, sustainable development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and development, agricultural policy, agricultural policy, the social development, agricultural policy, agricul	es as reflected in
agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and cohesion, sustainable development, agricultural policy, development, agricultural policy, cohesion, sustainable development, agricultural poli	n the Functioning
dimension of Europe and development, agricultural policy, eohesion, sustainable integrated economic	ean Union,
	gthened and
globalisation the social dimension of Europe development agricultural governance social e	onomic
groundation. the social difficultion of Europe action in agricultural governance, social,	social, economic
and globalisation. policy, the social dimension of and territorial cohesi	d cohesion,

			Europe and globalisation.	sustainable development, agricultural policy, the social dimension of Europe and globalisation. Council proposes rows 63-66 to move up to rows 8- as same topic of row 7. EP suggest to keep consistency with articles.
64.	indispensable for Union decision-making and for the measurement of the performance and impact of Union initiatives. Therefore, the continued provision and development of European statistics, taking a Union-wide approach and going beyond an internal market perspective should be ensured in order to cover all Union activities and policy areas, including empowering businesses and citizens to take informed decisions.	indispensable for Union decision-making and for the measurement of the performance and impact of Union initiatives. Therefore, the continued provision and development of European statistics, taking a Union-wide approach and going beyond an internal market perspective should be ensured in order to cover all Union activities and policy areas, including empowering businesses and citizens to take informed decisions.	indispensable for Union decision-making and for the measurement of the performance and impact of Union initiatives. Therefore, the continued provision and development of European statistics, taking a Union-wide approach and going beyond an internal market perspective should be ensured in order to cover all Union activities and policy areas, including empowering businesses and citizens to take informed decisions.	Green (49) European statistics are indispensable for Union decision-making and for the measurement of the performance and impact of Union initiatives. Therefore, the continued provision and development of European statistics, taking a Union-wide approach and going beyond an internal market perspective should be ensured in order to cover all Union activities and policy areas, including empowering businesses and citizens to take informed

				decisions.
65.	(50) In view of its horizontal	(50) In view of its horizontal	(50) In view of its horizontal	
	character, the European Statistical	character, the European	character, the European	Green
	Programme is subject to specific	Statistical Programme is subject	Statistical Programme is subject	(50) In view of its horizontal
	requirements and notably those	to specific requirements and	to specific requirements and	character, the European
	laid down in Regulation (EC) No	notably those laid down in	notably those laid down in	Statistical Programme the
	223/2009 of the European	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009	framework for the
	Parliament and of the Council ⁶² , in	the European Parliament and of	of the European Parliament and	development, production
	particular with regard to the	the Council ⁶² , in particular with	of the Council ¹⁶ , in particular	and dissemination of
	respect of statistical principles, the	regard to the respect of statistical	with regard to the respect of	European statistics within
	functioning of the European	principles, the functioning of the	statistical principles, the	the meaning of Regulation
	statistical system and its	European statistical system and	functioning of the European	(EC) No 223/2009 is subject
	governance, including the role and	its governance, including the role	statistical system and its	to specific requirements and
	tasks assigned to the European	and tasks assigned to the	governance, including the role	notably those laid down in
	statistical system committee and to	European statistical system	and tasks assigned to the	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009
	the Commission, the establishment	committee and to the	European statistical system	of the European Parliament
	and implementation of the	Commission, the establishment	committee and to the	and of the Council ⁶² , in
	programming of the statistical	and implementation of the	Commission, the establishment	particular with regard to the
	activities.	programming of the statistical	and implementation of the	respect of statistical principles,
		activities.	programming of the statistical	the functioning of the
			activities.	European statistical system
	¹⁶ Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 of			and its governance, including
	the European Parliament and of the	¹⁶ Regulation (EC) No 223/2009		the role and tasks assigned to
	Council of 11 March 2009 on	of the European Parliament and	¹⁶ Regulation (EC) No 223/2009	the European statistical system
	European statistics and repealing	of the Council of 11 March 2009	of the European Parliament and	committee and to the

	Regulation (EC, Euratom) No	on European statistics and	of the Council of 11 March	Commission (Eurostat), the
	1101/2008 of the European	repealing Regulation (EC,	2009 on European statistics and	establishment and
	Parliament and of the Council on	Euratom) No 1101/2008 of the	repealing Regulation (EC,	implementation of the
	the transmission of data subject to	European Parliament and of the	Euratom) No 1101/2008 of the	programming of the statistical
	statistical confidentiality to the	Council on the transmission of	European Parliament and of the	activities.
	Statistical Office of the European	data subject to statistical	Council on the transmission of	
	Communities, Council Regulation	confidentiality to the Statistical	data subject to statistical	
	(EC) No 322/97 on Community	Office of the European	confidentiality to the Statistical	
	Statistics, and Council Decision	Communities, Council	Office of the European	
	89/382/EEC, Euratom establishing	Regulation (EC) No 322/97 on	Communities, Council	
	a Committee on the Statistical	Community Statistics, and	Regulation (EC) No 322/97 on	
	Programmes of the European	Council Decision 89/382/EEC,	Community Statistics, and	
	Communities (OJ L 87, 31.3.2009,	Euratom establishing a	Council Decision 89/382/EEC,	
	p. 164).	Committee on the Statistical	Euratom establishing a	
		Programmes of the European	Committee on the Statistical	
		Communities (OJ L 87,	Programmes of the European	
		31.3.2009, p. 164).	Communities (OJ L 87,	
			31.3.2009, p. 164).	
66.	(51) The Programme has been	(51) The Programme has been	(51) The Programme has been	Green
	submitted for prior examination to	submitted for prior examination	submitted for prior examination	(51) The draft part of the
	the European Statistical System	to the European Statistical System	to the European Statistical	Programme regarding the
	Committee in accordance with	Committee in accordance with	System Committee in	framework for the
	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009,	accordance with Regulation	development, production
		and should be implemented by	(EC) No 223/2009.	and dissemination of
		ensuring effective parliamentary		European statistics within
		scrutiny. [Am. 51]		the meaning of Regulation
				(EC) No 223/2009 has been

				submitted for prior
				examination to the European
				Statistical System Committee
				in accordance with Regulation
				(EC) No 223/2009, and
				should be implemented by
				ensuring effective
				parliamentary scrutiny.
67.	(52) The Union and Member	(52) The Union and Member	(52) The Union and Member	Green
	States are committed to the	States are committed to the	States are committed to the	
	implementation of the United	implementation of deliver on in	implementation of the United	(52) The Union and Member
	Nations 2030 Agenda for	being a frontrunner in	Nations 2030 Agenda for	States are committed to
	Sustainable Development. By	implementing the United Nations	Sustainable Development. By	deliver on being
	contributing to the achievement of	2030 Agenda for Sustainable	contributing to the achievement	a frontrunner in
	the 2030 Agenda, the Union and	Development. By contributing to	of the 2030 Agenda, the Union	implementing the United
	Member States will foster a	the achievement of the 2030	and Member States will foster a	Nations 2030 Agenda for
	stronger, more sustainable,	Agenda, the Union and Member	stronger, more sustainable,	Sustainable Development. By
	inclusive, secure and prosperous	States will foster a stronger, more	inclusive, secure and prosperous	contributing to the
	Europe. The Programme should	sustainable, inclusive, secure and	Europe. The Programme should	achievement of the 2030
	contribute to the implementation of	prosperous Europe. The	contribute to the	Agenda, the Union and
	the 2030 Agenda, including by	Programme should contribute to	implementation of the 2030	Member States will foster a
	balancing the economic, social and	the implementation of the 2030	Agenda, including by balancing	stronger, more sustainable,
	environmental dimensions of	Agenda, including by balancing	the economic, social and	inclusive, secure and
	sustainable development.	the economic, social and	environmental dimensions of	prosperous Europe. The
		environmental dimensions of	sustainable development.	Programme should contribute
		sustainable development,		to the implementation of the
		providing to that end clear and		2030 Agenda, including by

		visible commitment in its MFF		balancing the economic, social
		regulation, and mainstreaming		and environmental dimensions
		the Sustainable Development		of sustainable development,
		Goals, as requested by		providing to that end clear
		the European Parliament		and visible commitment to the
		resolutions of the 14 March and		mainstreaming of the
		30 May 2018 on the 2021-2027		Sustainable Development
		<i>MFF</i> . [Am. 52]		Goals, as requested by
				the European Parliament
				resolutions of the 14 March
				and 30 May 2018 on
				the 2021-2027 MFF.
68.	(53) Reflecting the importance	(53) Reflecting the importance	(53) Reflecting the importance	Green
	of tackling climate change in line	of tackling climate change in line	of tackling climate change in	(53) Reflecting the
	with the Union's commitments to	with the Union's commitments to	line with the Union's	importance of tackling climate
	implement the Paris Agreement	implement the Paris Agreement	commitments to implement the	change in line with the
	and the United Nations Sustainable	and the United Nations	Paris Agreement and the United	Union's commitments to
	Development Goals, this	Sustainable Development Goals,	Nations Sustainable	implement the Paris
	Programme should contribute to	this Programme should contribute	Development Goals, this	Agreement and the United
	mainstream climate actions and to	to mainstream climate actions	Programme should contribute to	Nations Sustainable
	the achievement of an overall	and to the achievement of an	mainstream climate actions and	Development Goals, this
	target of 25 % of the Union budget	overall target of 25 % of the	to the achievement of an overall	Programme should contribute
	expenditures supporting climate	Union budget expenditures	target of 25 % of the Union	to mainstream climate actions
	objectives. Relevant actions will	supporting climate objectives.	budget expenditures supporting	and to the achievement of an
	be identified during the	Relevant actions will be	climate objectives. Relevant	overall target of 30 % of the
	Programme's preparation and	identified during the	actions will be identified during	Union budget expenditures
	implementation, and reassessed in	Programme's preparation and	the Programme's preparation	supporting climate objectives.

	the context of the relevant	implementation, and reassessed	and implementation, and	Relevant actions will be
	evaluations and review processes.	in the context of the relevant	reassessed in the context of the	identified during the
		evaluations and review processes.	relevant evaluations and review	Programme's preparation and
			processes.	implementation, and
				reassessed in the context of the
				relevant evaluations and
				review processes.
				-
				Note: to be aligned with the
				horizontal guidance;
				EP horizontal guidance to add
				at the end: In that context, the
				Programme should support
				activities that respect the
				climate and environmental
				standards as well as the
				priorities of the Union and do
				no significant harm to
				environmental objectives
				within the meaning of
				Regulation (EU) No 2020/852
69.	(54) This Regulation lays down	(54) This Regulation lays	(54) This Regulation lays down	Green
	a financial envelope for the	down a financial envelope for the	a financial envelope for the	(54) This Regulation lays
	Programme which is to constitute	Programme which is to constitute	Programme which is to	down a financial envelope for

the prime reference amount, within the meaning of [reference to be updated as appropriate according to the new inter-institutional agreement: point 17 of the Interinstitutional Agreement of 2 December 2013 between the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission on budgetary discipline, on cooperation in budgetary matters and on sound financial management⁶³], for the European Parliament and the Council during the annual budgetary procedure.

63 OJ C 373, 20.12.2013, p. 1.

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legalcontent/EN/TXT/?uri=uriserv:OJ.
C _.2013.373.01.0001.01.ENG&toc
=OJ:C:2013:373:TOC

the prime reference amount, within the meaning of [reference to be updated as appropriate according to the new interinstitutional agreement: point 17 of the Interinstitutional Agreement of 2 December 2013 between the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission on budgetary discipline, on cooperation in budgetary matters and on sound financial management⁶³], for the European Parliament and the Council during the annual budgetary procedure.

63 OJ C 373, 20.12.2013, p. 1.

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legalcontent/EN/TXT/?uri=uriserv:OJ
.C_.2013.373.01.0001.01.ENG&t
oc=OJ:C:2013:373:TOC

constitute the prime reference amount, within the meaning of [reference to be updated as appropriate according to the new inter-institutional agreement: point 17 of the Interinstitutional Agreement of 2 December 2013 between the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission on budgetary discipline, on cooperation in budgetary matters and on sound financial management¹⁷], for the European Parliament and the Council during the annual budgetary procedure.

¹⁷ OJ C 373, 20.12.2013, p. 1. http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=uriserv:
OJ.C .2013.373.01.0001.01.EN
G&toc=OJ:C:2013:373:TOC

the Programme which is to constitute the prime reference amount, within the meaning of [reference to be updated as appropriate according to the new inter-institutional agreement: point 17 of the Interinstitutional Agreement of 2 December 2013 between the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission on budgetary discipline, on cooperation in budgetary matters and on sound financial management¹⁷], for the European Parliament and the Council during the annual budgetary procedure.

¹⁷ OJ C 373, 20.12.2013, p. 1. <u>http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=uriserv:</u>
OJ.C_.2013.373.01.0001.01.E
NG&toc=OJ:C:2013:373:TO
C 70. (55)The Agreement on the European Economic Area provides for cooperation in the fields subject to the Programme between the Union and its Member States, on the one hand, and the countries of the European Free Trade Association participating in the European Economic Area, on the other. Provision should also be made to open the Programme to participation by other countries, including the neighbouring countries of the Union and countries which are applying for, are candidates for or are acceding to, membership of the Union. In addition, in the field of European statistics, the Programme should be open to Switzerland in accordance with the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on cooperation in the field of statistics⁶⁴.

(55)The Agreement on the European Economic Area provides for cooperation in the fields subject to the Programme between the Union and its Member States, on the one hand, and the countries of the European Free Trade Association participating in the European Economic Area, on the other. Provision should also be made to open the Programme to participation by other countries, including the neighbouring countries of the Union and countries which are applying for, are candidates for or are acceding to, membership of the Union. In addition, in the field of European statistics, the Programme should be open to Switzerland in accordance with the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on cooperation in the field of statistics⁶⁴.

[(55) The Agreement on the European Economic Area provides for cooperation in the fields subject to the Programme between the Union and its Member States, on the one hand, and the countries of the European Free Trade Association participating in the European Economic Area, on the other. Provision should also be made to open the Programme to participation by other countries, including the neighbouring countries of the Union and countries which are applying for, are candidates for or are acceding to, membership of the Union. In addition, in the field of European statistics, the Programme should be open to Switzerland in accordance with the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on cooperation in the field of statistics¹⁸.]

(55)The Agreement on the European Economic Area provides for cooperation in the fields subject to the Programme between the Union and its Member States. on the one hand, and the countries of the European Free Trade Association participating in the European Economic Area, on the other. Provision should also be made to open the Programme to participation by other countries, including the neighbouring countries of the Union and countries which are applying for, are candidates for or are acceding to, membership of the Union. In addition, in the field of European statistics, the Programme should be open to Switzerland in accordance with the Agreement between the European Community and

Green

	⁶⁴ OJ L 90, 28.3.2006, p. 2.	⁶⁴ OJ L 90, 28.3.2006, p. 2.	¹⁸ OJ L 90, 28.3.2006, p. 2.	the Swiss Confederation on cooperation in the field of statistics ⁶⁴ .
71.	(56) Third countries which are	(56) Third countries which are	[(56) Third countries which are	64 OJ L 90, 28.3.2006, p. 2. Green
	members of the European	members of the European	members of the European	(56) Third countries which
	Economic Area (EEA) may	Economic Area (EEA) may	Economic Area (EEA) may	are members of the EEA may
	participate in Union programmes	participate in Union programmes	participate in Union	participate in Union
	in the framework of the	in the framework of the	programmes in the framework	programmes in the framework
	cooperation established under the	cooperation established under the	of the cooperation established	of the cooperation established
	EEA agreement, which provides	EEA agreement, which provides	under the EEA agreement,	under the Agreement on the
	for the implementation of the	for the implementation of the	which provides for the	European Economic Area [1],
	programmes by a decision under	programmes by a decision under	implementation of the	which provides for the
	that agreement. Third countries	that agreement. Third countries	programmes by a decision	implementation of the
	may also participate on the basis of	may also participate on the basis	under that agreement. Third	programmes by a decision
	other legal instruments. A specific	of other legal instruments. A	countries may also participate	under that agreement. Third
	provision should be introduced in	specific provision should be	on the basis of other legal	countries may also participate
	this Regulation to grant the	introduced in this Regulation to	instruments. A specific	on the basis of other legal
	necessary rights for and access to	grant the necessary rights for and	provision should be introduced	instruments. A specific
	the authorising officer responsible,	access to the authorising officer	in this Regulation to grant the	provision should be introduced
	the European Anti-Fraud Office	responsible, the European Anti-	necessary rights for and access	in this Regulation requiring
	(OLAF) as well as the European	Fraud Office (OLAF) as well as	to the authorising officer	third countries to grant the
	Court of Auditors to	the European Court of Auditors	responsible, the European Anti-	necessary rights for and access
	comprehensively exert their	to comprehensively exert their	Fraud Office (OLAF) as well as	required for the authorising
	respective competences.	respective competences.	the European Court of Auditors	officer responsible, the

			to comprehensively exert their respective competences.]	European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and the Court of Auditors to comprehensively exercise their respective competences. Note: editorial changes by the Council OJ L 1, 3.1.1994, p. 3
72.	(57) The Financial Regulation applies to this Programme. It lays down rules on the implementation of the Union budget, including rules on grants, prizes, procurement.	(57) The Financial Regulation applies to this Programme. It lays down rules on the implementation of the Union budget, including rules on grants, prizes, procurement.	(57) The Financial Regulation applies to this Programme. It lays down rules on the implementation of the Union budget, including rules on eligibility criteria for grants, prizes, procurement.	Green (57) The Financial Regulation applies to this Programme. The Financial Regulation lays down rules on the implementation of the Union budget, including rules on grants, prizes, procurement, indirect management, financial instruments, budgetary guarantees, financial assistance and the reimbursement of external experts.

73. (58)The actions implemented under the predecessor programmes and budget lines have proven to be adequate and should be retained. The new actions introduced under the Programme aim to reinforce in particular the well-functioning internal market. In order to provide more simplicity and flexibility in the execution of the Programme and thereby to better deliver on its objectives, the actions should be defined only in terms of overall, generic categories. Lists of indicative activities concerning specific objectives in the area of competitiveness, or specific activities stemming from regulatory requirements, like in the area of standardisation, food chain regulation and European statistics should also be included in the Programme.

(58)The actions implemented under the predecessor programmes and budget lines have proven to be adequate and should be retained. The new actions introduced under the Programme aim to reinforce in particular the well-functioning internal market. In order to provide more simplicity and flexibility in the execution of the Programme and thereby to better deliver on its objectives, the actions should be defined only in of overall. generic terms categories. Lists of indicative concerning specific activities objectives in the area of competitiveness, consumer protection, or specific activities stemming from regulatory requirements, like in the area of standardisation. market surveillance, food chain regulation and European statistics

(58) The actions implemented under the predecessor programmes and budget lines have proven to be adequate and should be retained. The new actions introduced under the Programme aim to reinforce in particular the well-functioning internal market. In order to provide more simplicity and flexibility in the execution of the Programme and thereby to better deliver on its objectives, the actions should be defined only in terms of overall, generic categories. Lists of indicative activities concerning specific objectives in the area of competitiveness, or specific activities stemming from regulatory requirements, like in the area of standardisation. food chain regulation the plant, animal, food and feed area and European statistics should also be included in the

Green (58)The actions implemented under the predecessor programmes and budget lines have proven to be adequate and should be retained. The new actions introduced under the Programme aim to reinforce in particular the well-functioning internal market. In order to provide more simplicity and flexibility in the execution of the Programme and thereby to better deliver on its objectives, the actions should be defined only in terms of overall, generic categories. Lists of indicative activities concerning specific objectives in the area of competitiveness, consumer protection, or specific activities stemming from regulatory requirements, like in the area of standardisation, *market*

		should also be included in the	Programme.	surveillance, the plant,
		Programme. [Am. 53]		animal, food and feed area
				and European statistics should
				also be included in the
				Programme.
74.	(59) It is necessary to specify	(59) It is necessary to specify	(59) It is necessary to specify	Green
	certain categories of entities	certain categories of entities	certain categories of entities	(59) It is necessary to
	eligible for funding as well as	eligible for funding as well as	eligible for funding as well as	specify certain categories of
	those entities which should be	those entities which should be	those entities which should be	entities eligible for funding as
	eligible for funding without a call	eligible for funding without a call	eligible for funding without a	well as those entities which
	for proposals.	for proposals.	call for proposals.	should be eligible for funding
				without a call for proposals.
75.	(60) Considering the increasing	(60) Considering the increasing	(60) Considering the increasing	Green
	interconnectivity of the world	interconnectivity of the world	interconnectivity of the world	(60) Considering the
	economy, the Programme should	economy, including the digital	economy, the Programme	increasing interconnectivity
	continue to provide the possibility	economy, the Programme should	should continue to provide the	and digitalisation of the
	of involving external experts, such	continue to provide the possibility	possibility of involving external	global economy, the
	as officials of third countries,	of involving external experts, such	experts, such as officials of	Programme should continue to
	representatives of international	as officials of third countries,	third countries, representatives	provide the possibility of
	organisations or economic	representatives of international	of international organisations or	involving external experts,
	operators in certain activities.	organisations or economic	economic operators in certain	such as officials of third
		operators in certain activities.	activities.	countries, representatives of
		[Am. 54]		international organisations or
				economic operators in certain
				activities.

76.	(61) It is necessary to indicate	(61) It is necessary to indicate	(61) It is necessary to indicate	Green
	special criteria concerning co-	special criteria concerning co-	specialfic criteria concerning	(61) It is necessary to indicate
	financing rules and eligible costs.	financing rules and eligible costs.	co-financing rules and eligible	speci <u>fic</u> criteria concerning co-
			costs.	financing rules and eligible
				costs.
77.	(62) In line with the	(62) In line with the	(62) In line with the	Green
	Commission's commitment, set out	Commission's commitment, set	Commission's commitment, set	(62) In line with the
	in its Communication of 19	out in its Communication of 19	out in its Communication of 19	Commission's commitment,
	October 2010 entitled 'The EU	October 2010 entitled 'The EU	October 2010 entitled 'The EU	set out in its Communication
	Budget Review ⁶⁵ , and in order to	Budget Review ⁶⁵ , and in order to	Budget Review ¹⁹ , and in order	of 19 October 2010 entitled
	provide for coherence and	provide for coherence and	to provide for coherence and	'The EU Budget Review'65,
	simplification of funding	simplification of funding	simplification of funding	and in order to provide for
	programmes, resources should be	programmes, resources should be	programmes, resources should	coherence and simplification
	shared with other Union funding	shared with other Union funding	be shared with other Union	of funding programmes,
	instruments if the envisaged	instruments if the envisaged	funding instruments if the	resources should be shared
	actions under the Programme	actions under the Programme	envisaged actions under the	with other Union funding
	pursue objectives which are	pursue objectives which are	Programme pursue objectives	instruments if the envisaged
	common to various funding	common to various funding	which are common to various	actions under the Programme
	instruments, excluding however	instruments, excluding however	funding instruments, excluding	pursue objectives which are
	double financing.	double financing.	however double financing.	common to various funding
				instruments, excluding
	⁶⁵ COM(2010) 700 final of 19	⁶⁵ COM(2010) 700 final of 19		however double financing.
	October 2010.	October 2010.	¹⁹ COM(2010) 700 final of 19	
			October 2010.	⁶⁵ COM(2010) 700 final of 19
				October 2010.
78.	(63) This Programme should	(63) This Programme should	(63) This Programme should	Green
	contribute to the overall support	contribute to the overall support	contribute to the overall support	(63) This Programme

	addressing specific needs of	addressing specific needs of	addressing specific needs of	should contribute to the
	outermost regions and their	outermost regions and their	outermost regions and their	overall support addressing
	8			
	integration in the internal market,	integration in the internal market,	integration in the internal	specific needs of outermost
	as recently reconfirmed in the	as recently reconfirmed in the	market, as recently reconfirmed	regions and their integration in
	Commission's Communication "A	Commission's Communication	in the Commission's	the internal market, as recently
	stronger and renewed strategic	"A stronger and renewed	Communication "A stronger	reconfirmed in the
	partnership with the EU's	strategic partnership with the	and renewed strategic	Commission's Communication
	outermost regions ⁶⁶ .	EU's outermost regions ⁶⁶ .	partnership with the EU's	"A stronger and renewed
			outermost regions ²⁰ .	strategic partnership with the
				EU's outermost regions ⁶⁶ .
	⁶⁶ COM(2017) 623 final	⁶⁶ COM(2017) 623 final		
			²⁰ COM(2017) 623 final	
			, ,	⁶⁶ COM(2017) 623 final
79.	(64) The Programme should	(64) The Programme should	(64) The Programme should	Green
	promote synergies, while avoiding	promote synergies, while	promote synergies, while	(64) The Programme should
	duplication with related Union	avoiding duplication with related	avoiding duplication with	promote synergies, while
	programmes and actions. The	Union programmes and actions.	related Union programmes and	avoiding duplication with
	actions under this Programme	The actions under this Programme	actions. The actions under this	related Union programmes
	should be complementary to those	should be complementary to those	Programme should be	and actions. The actions under
	of the Customs and Fiscalis	of the Customs and Fiscalis	complementary to those of the	this Programme should be
	Programmes established by	Programmes established by	Customs and Fiscalis	complementary to those of the
	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Programmes established by	Customs and Fiscalis
	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Programmes established by
	Council ⁶⁷ and Regulation (EU)	Council ⁶⁷ and Regulation (EU)	European Parliament and of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the
	[] of the European Parliament	[] of the European Parliament	Council ²¹ and Regulation (EU)	European Parliament and of the
	and of the Council ⁶⁸ which also	and of the Council ⁶⁸ which also	[] of the European Parliament	Council ⁶⁷ and Regulation (EU)
	aim at supporting and improving	aim at supporting and improving	and of the Council ²² which also	[] of the European

	the functioning of the internal market.	the functioning of the internal market. [Am. 55]	aim at supporting and improving the functioning of the internal market.	Parliament and of the Council ⁶⁸ which also aim at supporting and improving the functioning
	⁶⁷ COM(2018) 442 final ⁶⁸ COM(2018) 443 final	⁶⁷ COM(2018) 442 final ⁶⁸ COM(2018) 443 final		of the internal market.
	, ,	, ,	²¹ COM(2018) 442 final ²² COM(2018) 443 final	⁶⁷ COM(2018) 442 final ⁶⁸ COM(2018) 443 final
80.	(65) The Programme should	(65) The Programme should	(65) The Programme should	Green
	promote synergies and	promote synergies and ,	promote synergies and	(65) The Programme should
	complementarities with respect to	complementarities and	complementarities with respect	promote synergies,
	the SMEs and entrepreneurship	additionality with respect to the	to the SMEs and	complementarities and
	support under the European	SMEs and entrepreneurship	entrepreneurship support under	additionality with respect to
	Regional Development Fund	support under the European	the European Regional	the SMEs and
	established by Regulation (EU)	Regional Development Fund	Development Fund established	entrepreneurship support
	[] of the European Parliament	established by Regulation (EU)	by Regulation (EU) [] of the	under the European Regional
	and of the Council ⁶⁹ . Moreover,	[] of the European Parliament	European Parliament and of the	Development Fund established
	the SME window of InvestEU	and of the Council ⁶⁹ . Moreover,	Council ²³ . Moreover, the SME	by Regulation (EU) [] of the
	Fund established by Regulation	the SME window of InvestEU	window of InvestEU Fund	European Parliament and of
	(EU) [] of the European	Fund established by Regulation	established by Regulation (EU)	the Council ⁶⁹ . Moreover, the
	Parliament and of the Council ⁷⁰	(EU) [] of the European	[] of the European Parliament	SME window of InvestEU
	will guarantee debt and equity	Parliament and of the Council ⁷⁰	and of the Council ²⁴ will	Fund established by
	support to enhance access and	will guarantee debt and equity	guarantee debt and equity	Regulation (EU) [] of the
	availability of finance for SMEs.	support to enhance access and	support to enhance access and	European Parliament and of
	The Programme should also seek	availability of finance for SMEs	availability of finance for	the Council ⁷⁰ will guarantee
	synergies with the Space	and micro enterprises. The	SMEs. The Programme should	debt and equity support to
	Programme established by	Programme should also seek	also seek synergies with the	enhance access and
	Regulation (EU) [] of the	synergies with the Space	Space Programme established	availability of finance for

	European Parliament and of the	Programme established by	by Regulation (EU) [] of the	SMEs. The Programme should
	Council ⁷¹ in respect of	Regulation (EU) [] of the	European Parliament and of the	also seek synergies with the
	encouragement of SMEs to benefit	European Parliament and of the	Council ²⁵ in respect of	Space Programme established
	from breakthrough innovation and	Council ⁷¹ in respect of	encouragement of SMEs to	by Regulation (EU) [] of the
	other solutions developed under	encouragement of SMEs to	benefit from breakthrough	European Parliament and of
	those programmes.	benefit from breakthrough	innovation and other solutions	the Council ⁷¹ in respect of
		innovation and other solutions	developed under those	encouragement of SMEs to
	⁶⁹ COM(2018) 372 final	developed under those	programmes.	benefit from breakthrough
	⁷⁰ COM(2018) 439 final	programmes. [Am. 56]		innovation and other solutions
	⁷¹ COM(2018) 447 final			developed under those
			²³ COM(2018) 372 final	programmes.
		⁶⁹ COM(2018) 372 final	²⁴ COM(2018) 439 final	
		⁷⁰ COM(2018) 439 final	²⁵ COM(2018) 447 final	
		⁷¹ COM(2018) 447 final		⁶⁹ COM(2018) 372 final
				⁷⁰ COM(2018) 439 final
				⁷¹ COM(2018) 447 final
81.	(66) This Programme should	(66) This Programme should	(66) This Programme should	Green
	promote synergies with Horizon	promote synergies with Horizon	promote synergies with Horizon	(66) This Programme should
	Europe established by Regulation	Europe established by Regulation	Europe established by	promote synergies with
	(EU) No [] of the European	(EU) No [] of the European	Regulation (EU) No [] of the	Horizon Europe established by
	Parliament and of the Council ⁷²	Parliament and of the Council ⁷²	European Parliament and of the	Regulation (EU) No [] of
	which aims to promote research	which aims to promote research	Council ²⁶ which aims to	the European Parliament and
	and innovation. This should	and innovation. This should	promote research and	of the Council ²⁶ which aims to
	concern in particular	concern in particular	innovation. This should concern	promote research and
	complementarity with the actions	complementarity with the actions	in particular complementarity	innovation. This should
	of the future European Innovation	of the future European Innovation	with the actions of the future	concern in particular
	Council for innovative companies,	Council for innovative	European Innovation Council	complementarity with the

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	as well as the support of services	companies, as well as the support	for innovative companies, as	actions of the future European
	for SMEs.	of services for SMEs.	well as the support of services	Innovation Council for
			for SMEs via the EEN.	innovative companies, as well
				as the support of services for
	⁷² COM(2018) 435 final	⁷² COM(2018) 435 final		SMEs, notably via the
			²⁶ COM(2018) 435 final	Enterprise Europe Network.
82.	(67) The Programme should	(67) The Programme should	(67) The Programme should	Green
	promote synergies and	promote synergies and	promote synergies and	(67) The Programme should
	complementarities with respect to	complementarities with respect to	complementarities with respect	promote synergies and
	the Digital Europe Programme	the Digital Europe Programme	to the Digital Europe	complementarities with
	established by Regulation (EU)	established by Regulation (EU)	Programme established by	respect to the Digital Europe
	[] of the European Parliament	[] of the European Parliament	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Programme established by
	and of the Council ⁷³ which aims to	and of the Council ⁷³ which aims	European Parliament and of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the
	promote the digitalisation of the	to promote the digitalisation of	Council ²⁷ which aims to	European Parliament and of
	Union economy and the public	the Union economy and the	promote the digitalisation of the	the Council ⁷³ which aims to
	sector.	public sector and increased	Union economy and the public	promote the digitalisation of
		cybersecurity. [Am. 57]	sector.	the Union economy and the
	⁷³ COM(2018) 434 final			public sector while increasing
		⁷³ COM(2018) 434 final		cybersecurity.
			²⁷ COM(2018) 434 final	
				⁷³ COM(2018) 434 final
83.	(68) In addition, the	(68) In addition, the	(68) In addition, the	Green
	Programme, should also seek	Programme, should also seek	Programme, should also seek	(68) In addition, the
	synergies with the Justice, Rights	synergies with the Justice, Rights	synergies with the Justice,	Programme, should also seek
	and Values Fund established by	and Values Fund established by	Rights and Values Fund	synergies with the Justice,
	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	established by Regulation (EU)	Rights and Values Fund

	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	[] of the European Parliament	established by Regulation
	Council ⁷⁴ which aims to support	Council ⁷⁴ which aims to support	and of the Council ²⁸ which	(EU) [] of the European
	the further development of a	the further development of a	aims to support the further	Parliament and of the
	European area of justice for the	European area of justice for the	development of a European area	Council ⁷⁴ which aims to
	effectiveness of national justice	effectiveness of national justice	of justice for the effectiveness	support the further
	systems, a key enabler of a fair and	systems, a key enabler of a fair	of national justice systems, a	development of a European
	cost effective European economy.	and cost effective European	key enabler of a fair and cost	area of justice for the
		economy.	effective European economy.	effectiveness of national
				justice systems, a key enabler
	⁷⁴ COM(2018) 375 final			of a fair and cost effective
		⁷⁴ COM(2018) 375 final	²⁸ COM(2018) 375 final	European economy.
				⁷⁴ COM(2018) 375 final
84.	(69) This Programme should	(69) This Programme should	(69) This Programme should	Green
	promote synergies with Erasmus	promote synergies with Erasmus	promote synergies with	(69) This Programme
	programme established by	programme established by	Erasmus programme established	should promote synergies with
	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	by Regulation (EU) [] of the	Erasmus+ programme
	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	established by Regulation
	Council ⁷⁵ , the European Union	Council ⁷⁵ , the European Union	Council ²⁹ , the European Union	(EU) [] of the European
	Solidarity Fund established by	Solidarity Fund established by	Solidarity Fund established by	Parliament and of the
	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Council ⁷⁵ , the European Union
	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	Solidarity Fund established by
	Council ⁷⁶ and the European Social	Council ⁷⁶ and the European	Council ³⁰ and the European	Regulation (EU) [] of the
	Fund Plus established by	Social Fund Plus established by	Social Fund Plus established by	European Parliament and of
	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	the Council ⁷⁶ and the
	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	European Social Fund Plus

	Council ⁷⁷ in the area of labour and	Council ⁷⁷ in the area of labour	Council ³¹ in the area of labour	established by Regulation
	youth mobility which is essential	and youth mobility which is	and youth mobility which is	(EU) [] of the European
	for the well-functioning internal	essential for the well-functioning	essential for the well-	Parliament and of the
	market.	internal market.	functioning internal market.	Council ⁷⁷ in the area of labour
				and youth mobility which is
				essential for the well-
	⁷⁵ COM(2018) 367 final	⁷⁵ COM(2018) 367 final	²⁹ COM(2018) 367 final	functioning internal market.
	⁷⁶ COM(2018) 322 final, Article 10	⁷⁶ COM(2018) 322 final, Article	³⁰ COM(2018) 322 final, Article	
	⁷⁷ COM(2018) 382 final	10	10	
		⁷⁷ COM(2018) 382 final	³¹ COM(2018) 382 final	⁷⁵ COM(2018) 367 final
				⁷⁶ COM(2018) 322 final,
				Article 10
				⁷⁷ COM(2018) 382 final
85.	(70) Finally, food chain actions	(70) Finally, food chain	(70) Finally, food chain actions	Green
	such as veterinary and	actions such as veterinary and	such as veterinary and	(70) Finally, actions such as
	phytosanitary measures in case of	phytosanitary measures in case of	phytosanitary measures in case	veterinary and phytosanitary
	animal and plant health crises	animal and plant health crises	of animal and plant health crises	measures in case of animal
	could be complemented by market	could be complemented by	could be complemented by	and plant health crises could
	based interventions from the	market based interventions from	market based interventions from	be complemented by market
	Union's Common Agriculture	the Union's Common Agriculture	the Union's Common	based interventions from the
	Policy programming established by	Policy programming established	Agriculture Policy	Union's Common Agriculture
	Regulation (EU) [] of the	by Regulation (EU) [] of the	programming established by	Policy programming
	European Parliament and of the	European Parliament and of the	Regulation (EU) [] of the	established by Regulation
	Council ⁷⁸ .	Council ⁷⁸ .	European Parliament and of the	(EU) [] of the European
			Council ³² .	Parliament and of the
				Council ³² .
	⁷⁸ COM(2018) 393 final	⁷⁸ COM(2018) 393 final		

			³² COM(2018) 393 final	
			, ,	³² COM(2018) 393 final
86.	(71) Where relevant the	(71) Where relevant The	(71) Where relevant the	Green
	Programme's actions should be	Programme's actions should be	Programme's actions should be	(71) The actions
	used to address market failures or	used have a clear European	used to address market failures	implemented within the
	sub-optimal investment situations,	added value and to address	or sub-optimal investment	Programme should <i>have a</i>
	in a proportionate manner, without	market failures or sub-optimal	situations, in a proportionate	clear European added value
	duplicating or crowding out private	investment situations, in a	manner, without duplicating or	and be used to-address market
	financing and have a clear	proportionate manner, without	crowding out private financing	failures or sub-optimal
	European added value.	duplicating or crowding out	and have a clear European	investment situations, in a
		private financing and have a clear	added value.	proportionate manner, without
		European added value. [Am. 58]		duplicating or crowding out
				private financing.
87.	(72) The implementing powers	(72) The implementing powers	(72) The implementing powers	Yellow
	should be conferred on the	should be conferred on the	should be conferred on the	
	Commission in respect of the	Commission in respect of the	Commission in respect of the	EP suggestion: deletion
	adoption of work programmes	adoption of work programmes	adoption of work programmes	
	implementing the actions	implementing the actions	implementing the actions	Council suggestion:
	contributing to a high level of	contributing to a high level of	contributing to a high level of	(72) In order to ensure
	health for humans, animals and	health for humans, animals and	health for humans, animals and	uniform conditions for the
	plants along the food chain. Those	plants along the food chain. Those	plants along the food chainas	implementation of this
	powers should be exercised in	powers should be exercised in	well as food and feed safety.	Regulation, the implementing
	accordance with Regulation (EU)	accordance with Regulation (EU)	Those powers should be	powers should be conferred on
	No 182/2011 of the European	No 182/2011 of the European	exercised in accordance with	the Commission in respect of
	Parliament and of the Council ⁷⁹ .		Regulation (EU) No 182/2011	the adoption of work

⁷⁹ Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by the Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).

Parliament and of the Council³³... [Am. 59]

of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by the Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).

of the European Parliament and of the Council³³.

33 Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by the Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).

programmes implementing the actions contributing to the competitiveness of SMEs, the adoption of work programmes implementing actions constributing to the empowerment of consumers and the adoption of work programmes implementing the actions contributing to a high level of health for humans. animals and plants along the food chainas well as food and **<u>feed safety</u>**. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council³³. The advisory procedure should be used for the adoption of work programmes implementing the actions contributing to the empowerment of consumers, given that the Programme does not set out criteria for the safety of products but aims at

	providing financial support to
	tools for the implementation
	of prduct safety policy and
	given the relavely small
	amount concerned.
	The examination procedure
	should be used respectively
	for the adoption of
	implementing acts related to
	the actions contributiong to
	the competitiveness of SMEs
	and for the adoption of
	implementing acs related to
	the work programmes
	implementing the actions
	contributing to a high level of
	health for humans, animals,
	and plants as well as food and
	feed safety, given that the
	actons involve the co-
	ordination of actions at
	national level.
	³³ Regulation (EU) No
	182/2011 of the European
	Parliament and of the Council

				of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by the Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).
				Note: linked to decision on IA/DA
88.	the methods of implementation under this Regulation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver results, taking into account, in particular, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of non-compliance. This should include consideration of the use of lump sums, flat rates and unit costs, as well as financing not linked to costs as referred to in Article 125(1) of the Financial Regulation.	and the methods of implementation under this Regulation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver results, taking into account, in particular, the Union added value, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of non-compliance. This should include consideration of the use of lump sums, flat rates and unit costs, as well as financing not linked to costs as referred to in	(73) The types of financing and the methods of implementation under this Regulation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver results, taking into account, in particular, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of non-compliance. This should include consideration of the use of lump sums, flat rates and unit costs, as well as financing not linked to costs as referred to in Article 125(1) of the Financial	Green (73) The types of financing and the methods of implementation under this Regulation should be chosen on the basis of their ability to achieve the specific objectives of the actions and to deliver results, taking into account, in particular, the Union added value, the costs of controls, the administrative burden, and the expected risk of noncompliance. This should include considering the use of

		Article 125(1) of the Financial	Regulation.	lump sums, flat rates and unit
		Regulation. [Am. 60]		costs, as well as financing not
				linked to costs as referred to in
				Article 125(1) of the Financial
				Regulation.
89.	(74) To ensure regular	(74) To ensure regular	(74) To ensure regular	Green
	monitoring and reporting, a proper	monitoring and reporting on the	monitoring and reporting, a	(74) To ensure regular
	framework for monitoring the	progress achieved and on the	proper framework for	monitoring and reporting on
	actions and results of the	effectiveness and efficiency of	monitoring the actions and	the progress achieved and on
	Programme should be put in place	the Programme, a proper	results of the Programme should	the effectiveness and
	from the very beginning. Such	framework for monitoring the	be put in place from the very	efficiency of the Programme,
	monitoring and reporting should be	actions and results of the	beginning. Such monitoring and	a proper framework for
	based on indicators, measuring the	Programme should be put in	reporting should be based on	monitoring the actions and
	effects of the actions under the	place from the very beginning.	indicators, measuring the effects	results of the Programme
	Programme against pre-defined	Such monitoring and reporting	of the actions under the	should be put in place from
	baselines.	should be based on indicators,	Programme against pre-defined	the very beginning. Such
		measuring the effects of the	baselines.	monitoring and reporting
		actions under the Programme		should be based on indicators,
		against pre-defined baselines.		measuring the effects of the
		[Am. 61]		actions under the Programme
				against pre-defined baselines.
90.	(75) Pursuant to paragraph 22	(75) Pursuant to paragraph 22	(75) Pursuant to paragraph 22	Green
	and 23 of the Inter-institutional	and 23 of the Inter-institutional	and 23 of the Inter-institutional	
	Agreement of 13 April 2016 on	Agreement of 13 April 2016 on	Agreement of 13 April 2016 on	(75) Pursuant to
	Better Law-Making ⁸⁰ , there is a	Better Law-Making ⁸⁰ , there is a	Better Law-Making ³⁴ , there is a	paragraph 22 and 23 of the
	need to evaluate this Programme	need to evaluate this Programme	need to evaluate this	Inter-institutional Agreement
	on the basis of information	on the basis of information	Programme on the basis of	of 13 April 2016 on Better

collected through specific monitoring requirements, while avoiding overregulation and administrative burdens, in particular on Member States. These requirements, where appropriate, should include measurable indicators, as a basis for evaluating the effects of the Programme on the ground.

collected through specific monitoring requirements, while avoiding overregulation and administrative burdens, in particular on Member States. These requirements, where appropriate, should include measurable indicators, as a basis for evaluating the effects of the Programme on the ground. *The* Commission should draw up an interim evaluation report on the achievement of the objectives of the actions supported under the Programme, on the results and impacts, on the efficiency of the use of resources and on its Union added value, as well as a final evaluation report on the longer impact, the results and the sustainability of the actions, and the synergies with other Programmes. [Am. 62]

⁸⁰ OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.

information collected through specific monitoring requirements, while avoiding overregulation and administrative burdens, in particular on Member States. These requirements, where appropriate, should include measurable indicators, as a basis for evaluating the effects of the Programme on the ground.

³⁴ OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.

Law-Making⁸⁰, this Programme should be evaluated on the basis of information collected in accordance with specific monitoring requirements, while avoiding an administrative burden, in particular on Member States, and overregulation. Those requirements, where appropriate, should include measurable indicators, as a basis for evaluating the effects of the Programme on the ground. The Commission should draw up an interim evaluation report on the achievement of the objectives of the actions supported under the Programme, on the results and impacts, on the efficiency of the use of resources and on its Union added value, as well as a final evaluation report on the longer impact, the results and

⁸⁰ OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.

the sustainability of the actions, and the synergies with other Programmes.

Green

(75a new) To monitor the support to SMEs, the Programme will use measurable performance indicators. Subject to availability of information and where relevant, those indicators should measure

results and impact on specific objectives of the programme and specific target groups (for example women, youth and seniors). In particular, it would be important to measure the support to the green and

digital transition,

internationalisation, and innovation. In addition, contextual indicators are presented that do not

		measure the performance of the Programme, but give an overview of the environment in which SMEs operate.
91.	(75a) In order to supplement certain non-essential elements of this Regulation, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of the adoption of work programme(s). [Am. 63]	Yellow EP suggestion: (75b) In order to supplement certain non-essential elements of this Regulation, the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of the adoption of work programme(s).
		Council suggestion: deletion Note: Article on delegated/implementing acts is red: the recital has to be adapted in accordance with the outcome of the decision at

				political level on articles.
				To be aligned with standard
				recital on DA if agreed
92.	(76) The list of animal diseases	(76) The An open list of animal	(76) The list of animal diseases	Green
	and zoonosis which qualify for	diseases and zoonosis which	and zoonosis which qualify for	(76) An open list of animal
	funding under emergency	qualify for funding under	funding under emergency	diseases and zoonoses which
	measures and for funding under the	emergency measures and for	measures and for funding under	qualify for funding under
	eradication, control and	funding under the eradication,	the eradication, control and	emergency measures and for
	surveillance programmes should be	control and surveillance	surveillance programmes should	funding under the eradication,
	established on the basis of animal	programmes should be	be established on the basis of	control and surveillance
	diseases referred to in Chapter 2 of	established on the basis of animal	animal diseases referred to in	programmes should be
	Part I of Regulation (EU) 2016/429	diseases referred to in Chapter 2	Chapter 2 of Part I of	established on the basis of
	of the European Parliament and of	of Part I of Regulation (EU)	Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of	animal diseases referred to in
	the Council ⁸¹ , Regulation (EC) No	2016/429 of the European	the European Parliament and of	Chapter 2 of Part I of
	2160/2003 of the European	Parliament and of the Council ⁸¹ ,	the Council ³⁵ , <u>Directive</u>	Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of
	Parliament and of the Council ⁸²	Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of	2003/99/EC of the European	the European Parliament and of
	and Regulation (EC) No 999/2001	the European Parliament and of	Parliament and of the	the Council ⁸¹ , Directive
	of the European Parliament and of	the Council ⁸² and Regulation (EC)	<u>Council^{35a},</u> Regulation (EC) No	2003/99/EC of the European
	the Council ⁸³ .	No 999/2001 of the European	2160/2003 of the European	Parliament and of the
		Parliament and of the Council ⁸³ .	Parliament and of the Council ³⁶	<u>Council^{35a},</u> Regulation (EC)
		[Am. 64]	and Regulation (EC) No	No 2160/2003 of the European
	⁸¹ Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the		999/2001 of the European	Parliament and of the Council ⁸²
	European Parliament and of the	⁸¹ Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of	Parliament and of the Council ³⁷ .	and Regulation (EC) No
	Council of 9 March 2016 on	the European Parliament and of		999/2001 of the European
	transmissible animal diseases and	the Council of 9 March 2016 on		Parliament and of the
	amending and repealing certain	transmissible animal diseases and	³⁵ Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of	Council ⁸³ .
	acts in the area of animal health	amending and repealing certain	the European Parliament and of	

('Animal Health Law') (OJ L 84, 31.03.2016, p. 1).

⁸² Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 November 2003 on the control of Salmonella and other specified food-borne zoonotic agents (OJ L 325, 12.12.2003, p. 1).

⁸³ Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2001 laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (OJ L 147, 31.05.2001, p. 1). acts in the area of animal health ('Animal Health Law') (OJ L 84, 31.03.2016, p. 1).

⁸² Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 November 2003 on the control of Salmonella and other specified food-borne zoonotic agents (OJ L 325, 12.12.2003, p. 1).

83 Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2001 laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (OJ L 147, 31.05.2001, p. 1).

the Council of 9 March 2016 on transmissible animal diseases and amending and repealing certain acts in the area of animal health ('Animal Health Law') (OJ L 84, 31.03.2016, p. 1).

35a Directive 2003/99/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of

17 November 2003 on the monitoring of zoonoses and zoonotic agents, amending Council Decision 90/424/EEC

<u>Directive 92/117/EEC (OJ</u> L 325, 12.12.2003, p. 31).

and repealing Council

³⁶ Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 November 2003 on the control of Salmonella and other specified food-borne zoonotic agents (OJ L 325, 12.12.2003, p. 1).

³⁷ Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2001

81 Regulation (EU) 2016/429 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on transmissible animal diseases and amending and repealing certain acts in the area of animal health ('Animal Health Law') (OJ L 84, 31.03.2016, p. 1).

35a Directive 2003/99/EC of

the European Parliament
and of the Council of
17 November 2003 on the
monitoring of zoonoses and
zoonotic agents, amending
Council

Decision 90/424/EEC and repealing Council
Directive 92/117/EEC (OJ L 325, 12.12.2003, p. 31).

⁸² Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 November 2003 on the control of Salmonella and other specified food-borne zoonotic agents (OJ L 325,

			laying down rules for the	12.12.2003, p. 1).
			prevention, control and	⁸³ Regulation (EC) No
			eradication of certain	999/2001 of the European
			transmissible spongiform	Parliament and of the Council
			encephalopathies (OJ L 147,	of 22 May 2001 laying down
			31.05.2001, p. 1).	rules for the prevention,
				control and eradication of
				certain transmissible
				spongiform encephalopathies
				(OJ L 147, 31.05.2001, p. 1).
93.	(77) In order to take account of	(77) In order to take account of	(77) In order to take account of	Green
	situations that are provoked by	situations that are provoked by	situations that are provoked by	(77) In order to take
	animal diseases that have a	animal diseases that have a	animal diseases that have a	account of situations that are
	significant impact on livestock	significant impact on livestock	significant impact on livestock	provoked by animal diseases
	production or trade, the	production or trade, the	production or trade, the	that have a significant impact
	development of zoonoses which	development of zoonoses which	development of zoonoses which	on livestock production or
	pose a threat to humans, or new	pose a threat to humans, or new	pose a threat to humans, or new	trade, the development of
	scientific or epidemiological	scientific or epidemiological	scientific or epidemiological	zoonoses which pose a threat
	developments, as well as animal	developments, as well as animal	developments, as well as animal	to humans, or new scientific or
	diseases, which are likely to	diseases, which are likely to	diseases, which are likely to	epidemiological
	constitute a new threat for the	constitute a new threat for the	constitute a new threat for the	developments, as well as
	Union, the power to adopt acts in	Union, the power to adopt acts in	Union, the power to adopt acts	animal diseases, which are
	accordance with Article 290 of the	accordance with Article 290 of the	in accordance with Article 290	likely to constitute a new
	Treaty on the Functioning of the	Treaty on the Functioning of the	of the Treaty on the Functioning	threat for the Union, the power
	European Union should be	European Union should be	of the European Union should	to adopt acts in accordance
	delegated to the Commission, in	delegated to the Commission, in	be delegated to the	with Article 290 of the Treaty
	respect of amending the list of	respect of amending the list of	Commission, in respect of	on the Functioning of the

animal diseases and zoonoses. In order to ensure effective assessment of progress of the Programme towards the achievement of its objectives the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of reviewing or complementing the indicators to measure the achievement of the specific objectives where considered necessary and to supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework. It is of particular importance that the Commission carries out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on

animal diseases and zoonoses. In order ensure effective assessment of progress of the Programme towards achievement of its objectives the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of reviewing or complementing the indicators to measure achievement of the specific considered objectives where necessary and to supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework. It is of particular importance that the Commission carries appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on

amending the list of animal diseases and zoonoses. In order to ensure effective assessment of progress of the Programme towards the achievement of its objectives the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of reviewing or complementing the indicators to measure the achievement of the specific objectives where considered necessary and to supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework. It is of particular importance that the Commission carries out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work, including at expert level, and that those consultations be conducted in accordance with the principles

European Union should be delegated to the Commission, in respect of amending the list of animal diseases and zoonoses. In order to ensure effective assessment of progress of the Programme towards the achievement of its objectives the power to adopt acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union should be delegated to the Commission in respect of reviewing or complementing the indicators to measure the achievement of the specific objectives where considered necessary and to supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework. It is of particular importance that the Commission carries out appropriate consultations during its preparatory work,

	Better Law-Making. In particular,	Better Law-Making. In particular,	laid down in the	including at expert level, and
	to ensure equal participation in the	Stakeholders and consumer	Interinstitutional Agreement of	that those consultations be
	preparation of delegated acts, the	associations should be consulted	13 April 2016 on Better Law-	conducted in accordance with
	European Parliament and the	as well. To ensure equal	Making. In particular, to ensure	the principles laid down in the
	Council receive all documents at	participation in the preparation of	equal participation in the	Interinstitutional Agreement
	the same time as Member States'	delegated acts, the European	preparation of delegated acts,	of 13 April 2016 on Better
	experts, and their experts	Parliament and the Council	the European Parliament and	Law-Making. Stakeholders
	systematically have access to	receive all documents at the same	the Council receive all	and consumer associations
	meetings of Commission expert	time as Member States' experts,	documents at the same time as	should also be consulted. To
	groups dealing with the preparation	and their experts systematically	Member States' experts, and	ensure equal participation in
	of delegated acts.	have access to meetings of	their experts systematically	the preparation of delegated
		Commission expert groups	have access to meetings of	acts, the European Parliament
		dealing with the preparation of	Commission expert groups	and the Council receive all
		delegated acts. [Am. 65]	dealing with the preparation of	documents at the same time as
			delegated acts.	Member States' experts, and
				their experts systematically
				have access to meetings of
				Commission expert groups
				dealing with the preparation of
				delegated acts.
94.	(78) Pursuant to [reference to be	(78) Pursuant to [reference to	(78) Pursuant to [reference to	Green
	updated as appropriate according	be updated as appropriate	be updated as appropriate	(78) Pursuant to [reference
	to a new decision on OCTs: Article	according to a new decision on	according to a new decision on	to be updated as appropriate
	94 of Council Decision	OCTs: Article 94 of Council	OCTs: Article 94 of Council	according to a new decision on
	$2013/755/EU^{84}$], persons and	Decision 2013/755/EU ⁸⁴],	Decision 2013/755/EU ³⁸],	OCTs: Article 94 of Council

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	entities established in overseas	persons and entities established in	persons and entities established	Decision 2013/755/EU ⁸⁴],
	countries and territories are eligible	overseas countries and territories	in overseas countries and	persons and entities established
	for funding subject to the rules and	are eligible for funding subject to	territories are eligible for	in overseas countries and
	objectives of the Programme and	the rules and objectives of the	funding subject to the rules and	territories are eligible for
	possible arrangements applicable	Programme and possible	objectives of the Programme	funding subject to the rules and
	to the Member State to which the	arrangements applicable to the	and possible arrangements	objectives of the Programme
	relevant overseas country or	Member State to which the	applicable to the Member State	and possible arrangements
	territory is linked.	relevant overseas country or	to which the relevant overseas	applicable to the Member State
	territory is linked.	territory is linked.	country or territory is linked.	to which the relevant overseas
		territory is mixed.	country of territory is infixed.	country or territory is linked.
	84 Council Decision 2013/755/EU			country of territory is linked.
	of 25 November 2013 on the	84 Council Decision 2013/755/EU	38 Council Decision	
	association of the overseas	of 25 November 2013 on the	2013/755/EU of 25 November	84 Council Decision
	countries and territories with the	association of the overseas	2013/733/EO of 23 November 2013 on the association of the	2013/755/EU of 25 November
	European Union (Overseas	countries and territories with the	overseas countries and	2013 on the association of the
	Association Decision) (OJ L 344,	European Union (Overseas	territories with the European	overseas countries and
	19.12.2013, p. 1).	Association Decision) (OJ L 344,	Union (Overseas Association	
	19.12.2013, p. 1).		`	territories with the European Union (Overseas Association
		19.12.2013, p. 1).	Decision) (OJ L 344,	`
			19.12.2013, p. 1).	Decision) (OJ L 344,
				19.12.2013, p. 1).
				LL to check
05	(79) In accordance with the	(70) In accordance with the	(70) In accordance with the	LL to check
95.		(79) In accordance with the	(79) In accordance with the	
	Financial Regulation, Regulation	Financial Regulation, Regulation	Financial Regulation,	Green (70) I
	(EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the	(EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of	Regulation (EU, Euratom) No	(79) In accordance with the
	European Parliament and of the	the European Parliament and of	883/2013 of the European	Financial Regulation,
	Council ⁸⁵ , Council Regulation	the Council ⁸⁵ , Council	Parliament and of the Council ³⁸ ,	Regulation (EU, Euratom) No

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(Euratom, EC) No 2988/95⁸⁶, Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/9687 and Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939⁸⁸, the financial interests of the Union are to be protected through proportionate measures, including the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irregularities and fraud, the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used and, where appropriate, the imposition of administrative sanctions. In particular, in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 and Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) may carry out administrative investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union. In

Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2988/95⁸⁶, Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96⁸⁷ and Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939⁸⁸, the financial interests of the Union are to be protected through proportionate measures, including the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irregularities and fraud, the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used and, where appropriate, the imposition of administrative sanctions. In particular, in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 and Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) may carry out administrative investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union.

Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2988/95³⁹, Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96⁴⁰ and Council Regulation (EU) 2017/193941, the financial interests of the Union are to be protected through proportionate measures, including the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irregularities and fraud, the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used and, where appropriate, the imposition of administrative sanctions. In particular, in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 and Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) may carry out administrative investigations, including on-thespot checks and inspections, with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal

883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council³⁸. Council Regulations (Euratom, EC) No 2988/95³⁹, (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96⁴⁰ and (EU) 2017/1939⁴¹, the financial interests of the Union are to be protected by means of proportionate measures, including measures relating to the prevention, detection, correction and investigation of irregularities, including fraud, to the recovery of funds lost, wrongly paid or incorrectly used, and, where appropriate, to the imposition of administrative penalties. In particular, in accordance with Regulations (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 and (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013, Regulation the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) has the power to carry out administrative investigations, including onaccordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, the European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) may investigate and prosecute fraud and other criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸⁹. In accordance with the Financial Regulation, any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the Union's financial interests, to grant the necessary rights and access to the Commission, OLAF, the EPPO and the European Court of Auditors (ECA) and to ensure that any third parties involved in the implementation of Union funds grant equivalent rights.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, the European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) may investigate and prosecute fraud and other criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁸⁹. In accordance with the Financial Regulation, any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the Union's financial interests, to grant the necessary rights and access to the Commission, OLAF, the EPPO and the **European Court of Auditors** (ECA) and to ensure that any third parties involved in the implementation of Union funds grant equivalent rights.

activity affecting the financial interests of the Union. In accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, the European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) may investigate and prosecute fraud and other criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴². In accordance with the Financial Regulation, any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the Union's financial interests, to grant the necessary rights and access to the Commission, OLAF, the EPPO in respect of those **Member States participating** in enhanced cooperation pursuant to Regulation (EU) **2017/1939**, and the European Court of Auditors (ECA) and to ensure that any third parties

the-spot checks and inspections, with a view to establishing whether there has been fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity affecting the financial interests of the Union. The European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO) is empowered, in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1939 to investigate and prosecute criminal offences affecting the financial interests of the Union as provided for in Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁴². In accordance with the Financial Regulation, any person or entity receiving Union funds is to fully cooperate in the protection of the financial interests of the Union, grant the necessary rights and access to the Commission, OLAF, the Court of Auditors and, in respect of those Member

⁸⁵ Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning

⁸⁵ Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European

investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999, (OJ L248, 18.9.2013, p. 1. ⁸⁶ Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95 of 18 December 1995 on the protection of the European Communities financial interests (OJ L 312. 23.12.95, p.1). ⁸⁷ Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other

irregularities (OJ L292,15.11.96,

⁸⁸ Council Regulation (EU)

implementing enhanced

2017/1939 of 12 October 2017

p.2).

(EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999, (OJ L248, 18.9.2013, p. 1. ⁸⁶ Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95 of 18 December 1995 on the protection of the European Communities financial interests (OJ L 312. 23.12.95, p.1). ⁸⁷ Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities (OJ L292,15.11.96, p.2).

88 Council Regulation (EU)

Parliament and of the Council of

11 September 2013 concerning

investigations conducted by the

(OLAF) and repealing Regulation

European Anti-Fraud Office

involved in the implementation of Union funds grant equivalent rights.

³⁸ Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999, (OJ L248, 18.9.2013, p. 1. ³⁹ Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2988/95 of 18 December 1995 on the protection of the European Communities financial interests (OJ L 312, 23.12.95, p.1). ⁴⁰ Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11

States participating in enhanced cooperation pursuant to Regulation (EU) 2017/1939, the EPPO, and ensure that any third parties involved in the implementation of Union funds grant equivalent rights.

³⁸ Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and repealing Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Regulation (Euratom) No 1074/1999, (OJ L248, 18.9.2013, p. 1. ³⁹ Council Regulation (EC. Euratom) No 2988/95 of 18 December 1995 on the protection of the European Communities financial

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cooperation on the establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office ('the EPPO') (OJ L283, 31.10.2017, p.1).

89 Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2017 on the fight against fraud to the Union's financial interests by means of criminal law (OJ L 198, 28.7.2017, p. 29).

2017/1939 of 12 October 2017 implementing enhanced cooperation on the establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office ('the EPPO') (OJ L283, 31.10.2017, p.1).

89 Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2017 on the fight against fraud to the Union's financial interests by means of criminal law (OJ L 198, 28.7.2017, p. 29).

November 1996 concerning onthe-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities (OJ L292,15.11.96, p.2). ⁴¹ Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939 of 12 October 2017 implementing enhanced cooperation on the establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office ('the EPPO') (OJ L283, 31.10.2017, p.1). ⁴² Directive (EU) 2017/1371 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 July 2017 on the fight against fraud to the

Union's financial interests by

means of criminal law (OJ L

198, 28.7.2017, p. 29).

p.1). ⁴⁰ Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities (OJ L292,15.11.96, p.2). ⁴¹ Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1939 of 12 October 2017 implementing enhanced cooperation on the

interests (OJ L 312, 23.12.95,

Note: editorial changes by the Council

establishment of the European Public Prosecutor's Office

('the EPPO') (OJ L283,

31.10.2017, p.1).

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Horizontal financial rules 96. (80)adopted by the European Parliament and the Council on the basis of Article 322 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union apply to this Regulation. These rules are laid down in the Financial Regulation and determine in particular the procedure for establishing and implementing the budget through grants, procurement, prizes, indirect implementation, and provide for checks on the responsibility of financial actors. Rules adopted on the basis of Article 322 TFEU also concern the protection of the Union's budget in case of generalised deficiencies as regards the rule of law in the Member States, as the respect for the rule of law is an essential precondition for sound financial management and effective Union funding.

Horizontal financial rules (80)adopted by the European Parliament and the Council on the basis of Article 322 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union apply to this Regulation. These rules are laid down and in particular in the Financial Regulation determine in particular which lays procedure down the establishing and implementing budget through the grants, indirect procurement. prizes, implementation, and provide provides for checks on the responsibility of financial actors should apply to the actions under this Programme, subject to specific derogations, provided for in this Regulation. Rules adopted on the basis of Article 322 TFEU also concern the protection of the Union's budget in case of generalised deficiencies as regards the rule of law in the Member States, as the respect for

(80) Horizontal financial rules adopted by the European Parliament and the Council on the basis of Article 322 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union apply to this Regulation. These rules are laid down in the Financial Regulation and determine in particular the procedure for establishing and implementing the budget through grants, procurement, prizes, indirect implementation, and provide for checks on the responsibility of financial actors. [Rules adopted on the basis of Article 322 TFEU also concern the protection of the Union's budget in case of generalised deficiencies as regards the rule of law in the Member States, as the respect for the rule of law is an essential precondition for sound financial management and effective Union funding.]

(80) The European Parliament and the Council adopt horizontal financial rules on the basis of Article 322 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union. Those rules are laid down in the Financial Regulation. They determine the procedure for establishing and implementing the budget through grants, procurement, prizes, indirect implementation, and provide for checks on the responsibility of financial actors. The European Parliament and the Council can adopt other rules on the basis of Article 322 TFEU concerning other conditionalities to protect the budget.

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Note: To be finalised in line with horizontal guidelines of both co-legislators

		the rule of law is an essential		
		precondition for sound financial		REACT EU text:
		management and effective Union		The European Parliament and
		funding. [Am. 66]		the Council can adopt other
				rules on the basis of Article 322 TFEU which include a
				general regime of
				conditionality for the
				protection of the Union
				budget.
97.	(81) Regulation (EU) 2016/679	(81) Regulation (EU) 2016/679	(81) Regulation (EU) 2016/679	Green
	of the European Parliament and of	of the European Parliament and of	of the European Parliament and	(81) Regulation (EU)
	the Council ⁹⁰ governs the	the Council ⁹⁰ governs the	of the Council ⁴³ governs the	2016/679 of the European
	processing of personal data carried	processing of personal data	processing of personal data	Parliament and of the
	out in the Member States in the	carried out in the Member States	carried out in the Member	Council ⁴³ governs the
	context of this Regulation and	in the context of this Regulation	States in the context of this	processing of personal data
	under the supervision of the	and under the supervision of the	Regulation and under the	carried out in the Member
	Member States competent	Member States competent	supervision of the Member	States in the context of this
	authorities. Regulation (EC)	authorities. Regulation (EC)	States competent authorities.	Regulation and under the
	45/2001 of the European	45/2001 of the European	Regulation (EC) <u>No</u> 45/2001 of	supervision of the Member
	Parliament and of the Council ⁹¹	Parliament and of the Council ⁹¹	the European Parliament and of	States competent authorities.
	governs the processing of personal	governs the processing of	the Council ⁴⁴ governs the	Regulation (EC) <u>No</u> 45/2001
	data carried out by the	personal data carried out by the	processing of personal data	of the European Parliament
	Commission within the framework	Commission within the	carried out by the Commission	and of the Council ⁴⁴ governs
	of this Regulation and under the	framework of this Regulation and	within the framework of this	the processing of personal data
	supervision of the European Data	under the supervision of the	Regulation and under the	carried out by the Commission
	Protection Supervisor. Any	European Data Protection	supervision of the European	within the framework of this

exchange or transmission of information by competent authorities is to comply with the rules on the transfer of personal data as laid down in Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and any exchange or transmission of information by the Commission is to comply with the rules on the transfer of personal data as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 45/2001.

Supervisor. Any exchange or transmission of information by competent authorities is comply with the rules on the transfer of personal data as laid down in Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in Regulation XXX [Regulation on privacy and electronic communications] and and any exchange or transmission of information by the Commission is to comply with the rules on the transfer of personal data as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 45/2001. [Am. 67]

⁹⁰ Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).

Data Protection Supervisor.
Any exchange or transmission of information by competent authorities is to comply with the rules on the transfer of personal data as laid down in Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and any exchange or transmission of information by the Commission is to comply with the rules on the transfer of personal data as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 45/2001.

43 Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).

Regulation and under the supervision of the European Data Protection Supervisor. Any exchange or transmission of information by competent authorities is to comply with the rules on the transfer of personal data as laid down in Regulation (EU) 2016/679, any exchange or transmission of information by the Commission is to comply with the rules on the transfer of personal data as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 45/2001.

⁹⁰ Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).

⁹¹ Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2000 on

⁴³ Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation) (OJ L 119, 4.5.2016, p. 1).

	the protection of individuals with	⁹¹ Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of	⁴⁴ Regulation (EC) No 45/2001	
	regard to the processing of	the European Parliament and of	of the European Parliament and	
	personal data by the Community	the Council of 18 December 2000	of the Council of 18 December	
	institutions and bodies and on the	on the protection of individuals	2000 on the protection of	
	free movement of such data (OJ L	with regard to the processing of	individuals with regard to the	
	8, 12.1.2001, p. 1).	personal data by the Community	processing of personal data by	
		institutions and bodies and on the	the Community institutions and	
		free movement of such data (OJ	bodies and on the free	
		L 8, 12.1.2001, p. 1).	movement of such data (OJ L 8,	
			12.1.2001, p. 1).	
98.			(81a) Regulation (EC) No	Green
			223/2009 establishes the rules	
			of producing statistics in	(81a) Regulation (EC) No
			accordance with the principle	223/2009 establishes the
			of statistical confidentiality	rules of producing statistics
			and stipulates that the	in accordance with the
			National Statistical Institutes,	principle of statistical
			other national authorities and	confidentiality and stipulates
			the Commission (Eurostat)	that the National Statistical
			shall take all necessary	Institutes, other national
			measures to ensure	authorities and the
			the alignment of principles	Commission (Eurostat) shall
			and guidelines with regard to	take all necessary measures
			the physical and logical	to ensure the alignment of
			protection of confidential	principles and guidelines
			data.	with regard to the physical
				and logical protection of

				confidential data.
99.	(82) Since the objectives of this	(82) Since the objectives of	(82) Since the objectives of this	Green
	Regulation cannot be sufficiently	this Regulation cannot be	Regulation cannot be	(82) Since the objectives of
	achieved by the Member States	sufficiently achieved by the	sufficiently achieved by the	this Regulation cannot be
	due to the cross-border nature of	Member States due to the cross-	Member States due to the cross-	sufficiently achieved by the
	the issues involved, but can rather,	border nature of the issues	border nature of the issues	Member States due to the
	by reason of the greater potential	involved, but can rather, by	involved, but can rather, by	cross-border nature of the
	of Union action, be better achieved	reason of the greater potential of	reason of the greater potential	issues involved, but can rather,
	at Union level, the Union may	Union action, be better achieved	of Union action, be better	by reason of the greater
	adopt measures in accordance with	at Union level, the Union may	achieved at Union level, the	potential of Union action, be
	the principle of subsidiarity as set	adopt measures in accordance	Union may adopt measures in	better achieved at Union level,
	out in Article 5 of the Treaty on	with the principle of subsidiarity	accordance with the principle of	the Union may adopt measures
	European Union. In accordance	as set out in Article 5 of the	subsidiarity as set out in Article	in accordance with the
	with the principle of	Treaty on European Union. In	5 of the Treaty on European	principle of subsidiarity as set
	proportionality, as set out in that	accordance with the principle of	Union. In accordance with the	out in Article 5 of the Treaty
	Article, this Regulation does not go	proportionality, as set out in that	principle of proportionality, as	on European Union. In
	beyond what is necessary in order	Article, this Regulation does not	set out in that Article, this	accordance with the principle
	to achieve those objectives.	go beyond what is necessary in	Regulation does not go beyond	of proportionality, as set out in
		order to achieve those objectives.	what is necessary in order to	that Article, this Regulation
			achieve those objectives.	does not go beyond what is
				necessary in order to achieve
				those objectives.
100.	(83) The Programme should	(83) The Programme should	(83) The Programme should	Green
	also be to ensure greater visibility	also be to ensure greater visibility	also be to ensure greater	(83) The Programme should
	and coherence of the Union's	and coherence of the Union's	visibility and coherence of the	also ensure greater visibility
	internal market, competitiveness of	internal market, competitiveness	Union's internal market,	and coherence of the Union's
	enterprises including SMEs and	and sustainability of enterprises	competitiveness of enterprises	internal market,

European statistics acti European citizens, busi administrations.	nesses and small a enterprises statistics European ci administration	MEs especially micro, and medium-sized and European actions towards tizens, businesses and ons. [Am. 68]	including SMEs and European statistics actions towards European citizens, businesses and administrations.	competitiveness and sustainability of enterprises, especially SMEs, and European statistics actions towards European citizens, businesses and administrations.
101. (84) Regulation (EU 99/2013, Regulation (EU 1287/2013, Regulation 254/2014 of the Europe Parliament and of the C Regulation (EU) No 25 the European Parliament Council ⁹³ , Regulation (652/2014 of the Europe Parliament and of the C Regulation (EU) 2017/2 be repealed with effect January 2021.	(EU) No (EU) No (EU) No (EU) No (EU) No (Eu) No (Eu) Parliament a (EV) Regulation ((EV) No (EV) Parliament a (EV) No (EV) No (EV) No (EV) Parliament a (EV) No (EV) No (EV) Parliament a (EV) No (EV) Parliament a (EV) Regulation ((EV) No (EV) Parliament a (EV) No (EV) Parliament a (EV) No (EV) Parliament a (EV) No (EV) No (EV) Parliament a (EV) No (EV) No (EV) Parliament a (EV) Parliament a (EV) No (EV) Parliament a (EV) P	plation (EU) No gulation (EU) No Regulation (EU) No Regulation (EU) No the European and of the Council ⁹² , EU) No 258/2014 of a Parliament and of the European and of the European and of the Council ⁹⁴ , EU) 2017/826, pealed with effect ary 2021.	(84) Regulation (EU) No 99/2013, Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013, Regulation (EU) No 254/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴⁵ , Regulation (EU) No 258/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴⁶ , Regulation (EU) No 652/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴⁷ , and Regulation (EU) 2017/826, should be repealed with effect from 1 January 2021.	Green (84) Regulation (EU) No 99/2013, Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013, Regulation (EU) No 254/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴⁵ , Regulation (EU) No 258/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴⁶ , Regulation (EU) No 652/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁴⁷ and Regulation (EU) 2017/826 should be repealed with effect from 1 January 2021.

Council of 26 February 2014 on a multiannual consumer programme of the years 2014-20 and repealing Decision No 1926/2006/EC (OJ L 84, 20.3.2014, p. 42).

93 Regulation (EU) No 258/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 April 2014 establishing a Union programme to support specific activities in the field of financial reporting and auditing for the period of 2014-20 and repealing Decision No 716/2009/EC (OJ L 105, 8.4.2014, p. 1).

94 Regulation (EU) No 652/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 laying down provisions for the management of expenditure relating to the food chain, animal health and animal welfare, and relating to plant health and plant reproductive material, amending Council Directives 98/56/EC, 2000/29/EC and 2008/90/EC, Regulations (EC) No 178/2002,

of the Council of 26 February 2014 on a multiannual consumer programme of the years 2014-20 and repealing Decision No 1926/2006/EC (OJ L 84, 20.3.2014, p. 42).

93 Regulation (EU) No 258/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 April 2014 establishing a Union programme to support specific activities in the field of financial reporting and auditing for the period of 2014-20 and repealing Decision No 716/2009/EC (OJ L 105, 8.4.2014, p. 1).

of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 laying down provisions for the management of expenditure relating to the food chain, animal health and animal welfare, and relating to plant health and plant reproductive material, amending Council Directives 98/56/EC, 2000/29/EC and 2008/90/EC,

⁴⁵ Regulation (EU) No 254/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on a multiannual consumer programme of the years 2014-20 and repealing Decision No 1926/2006/EC (OJ L 84, 20.3.2014, p. 42). ⁴⁶ Regulation (EU) No

258/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 April 2014 establishing a Union programme to support specific activities in the field of financial reporting and auditing for the period of 2014-20 and repealing Decision No 716/2009/EC (OJ L 105, 8.4.2014, p. 1).

47 Regulation (EU) No
652/2014 of the European
Parliament and of the Council
of 15 May 2014 laying down
provisions for the management
of expenditure relating to the
food chain, animal health and

⁴⁵ Regulation (EU) No 254/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on a multiannual consumer programme of the years 2014-20 and repealing Decision No 1926/2006/EC (OJ L 84, 20.3.2014, p. 42). ⁴⁶ Regulation (EU) No 258/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 April 2014 establishing a Union programme to support specific activities in the field of financial reporting and auditing for the period of 2014-20 and repealing Decision No 716/2009/EC (OJ L 105, 8.4.2014, p. 1). ⁴⁷ Regulation (EU) No 652/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 laying down

provisions for the management

(EC) No 882/2004 and (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Directive 2009/128/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Decisions 66/399/EEC, 76/894/EEC and 2009/470/EC (OJ L 189, 27.6.2014, p. 1).

Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 882/2004 and (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Directive 2009/128/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Decisions 66/399/EEC, 76/894/EEC and 2009/470/EC (OJ L 189, 27.6.2014, p. 1).

animal welfare, and relating to plant health and plant reproductive material, amending Council Directives 98/56/EC, 2000/29/EC and 2008/90/EC, Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 882/2004 and (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Directive 2009/128/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Decisions 66/399/EEC, 76/894/EEC and 2009/470/EC (OJ L 189, 27.6.2014, p. 1).

of expenditure relating to the food chain, animal health and animal welfare, and relating to plant health and plant reproductive material, amending Council Directives 98/56/EC, 2000/29/EC and 2008/90/EC, Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 882/2004 and (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Directive 2009/128/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Decisions 66/399/EEC, 76/894/EEC and 2009/470/EC (OJ L 189. 27.6.2014, p. 1).

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(84a new) Since amending

				provisions of legal acts have exhausted their effects at the moment of their entry into force and the amendments they introduced in other legal acts have thus become part of those legal acts at the same moment, the repeal of Regulation (EU) 652/2014 has no effect on the amendments already introduced by its Articles 46, 48 and 50-53 in other legal acts, in particular with regard to the setting up of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed ('the PAFF Committee'), which remains in force notwithstanding the repeal of Regulation (EU) 652/2004.
102.	(85) It is appropriate to ensure a	(85) It is appropriate to ensure	(85) It is appropriate to ensure a	Green
	smooth transition without	a smooth transition without	smooth transition without	(85) It is appropriate to
	interruption between the	interruption between the	interruption between the	ensure a smooth transition
	programmes in the fields of	programmes in the fields of	programmes in the fields of	without interruption between
	competitiveness of enterprises and	competitiveness and	competitiveness of enterprises	the programmes in the fields
	SMEs, consumer protection,	sustainability of enterprises and	and SMEs, consumer	of competitiveness and

customers and end-users in financial services, policy making in financial services, food chain and European statistics, established by Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013, Regulation (EU) No 254/2014, Regulation (EU) No 258/2014, Regulation (EU) No 652/2014, Regulation (EU) No 652/2014, Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 and this Programme, in particular regarding the continuation of multiannual measures and the evaluation of the previous programmes successes,

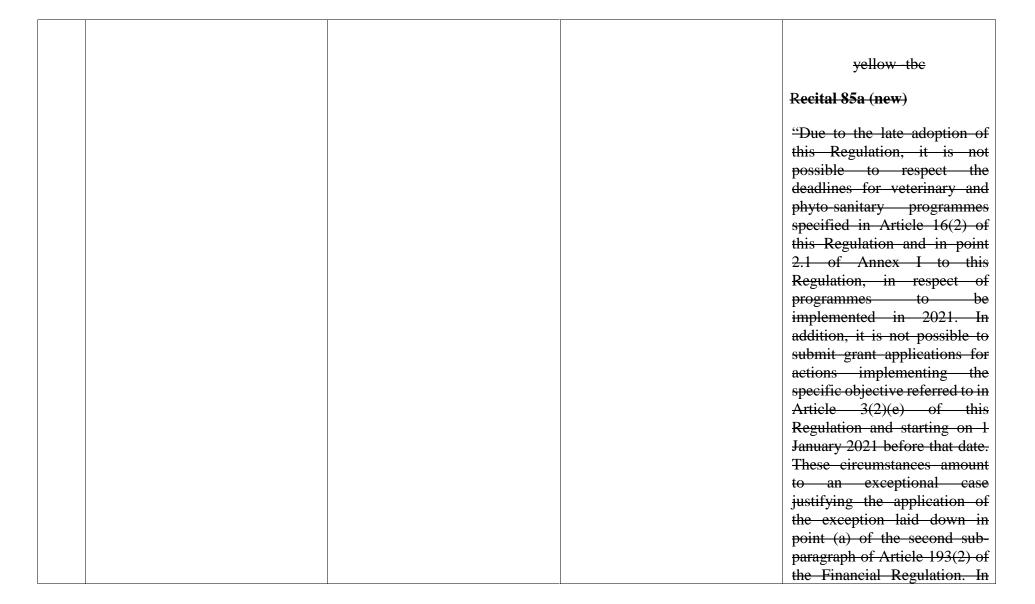
SMEs, especially micro, small and medium-sized enterprises, consumer protection, customers and end-users in financial services, policy making in financial services, food chain and European statistics, established Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013, Regulation (EU) No 254/2014, Regulation (EU) 2017/826, Regulation (EU) No 258/2014, Regulation (EU) No 652/2014, Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 and this Programme, in regarding particular the continuation of multiannual measures, and the evaluation of previous the programmes successes, [Am. 69]

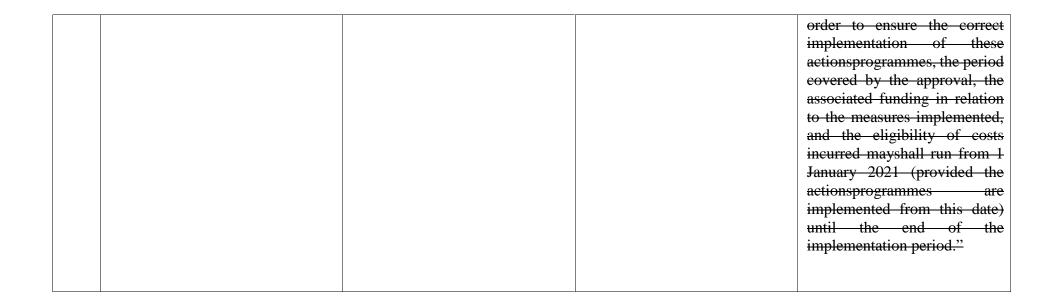
protection, customers and endusers in financial services. policy making in financial services, food chainin the area of plants, animals, food and **feed,** and European statistics, established by Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013, Regulation (EU) No 254/2014, Regulation (EU) 2017/826, Regulation (EU) No 258/2014, Regulation (EU) No 652/2014, Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 and this Programme, in particular regarding the continuation of multiannual measures and the evaluation of the previous programmes successes,

sustainability of enterprises, especially SMEs, consumer protection, customers and endusers in financial services, policy making in financial services, in the area of plants, animals, food and feed, and European statistics, established by Regulation (EU) No 1287/2013, Regulation (EU) No 254/2014, Regulation (EU) 2017/826, Regulation (EU) No 258/2014, Regulation (EU) No 652/2014, Regulation (EU) No 99/2013 and this Programme, in particular regarding the continuation of multiannual measures, and the evaluation of the previous programmes successes.

EP LL Proposal to reflect retroactivity and continuity: In order to ensure a smooth transition without interruption between the 2014-2020

	programmes in the fields of
	competitiveness and
	sustainability of enterprises,
	especially SMEs, consumer
	protection, customers and end-
	users in financial services, policy
	making in financial services,
	plants, animals, food and feed,
	and European statistics,
	established by Regulation (EU)
	No 1287/2013, Regulation (EU)
	No 254/2014, Regulation (EU)
	2017/826, Regulation (EU) No
	258/2014, Regulation (EU) No
	652/2014, Regulation (EU) No
	99/2013 and this Programme, in
	particular with regard to the
	continuation of multiannual
	measures, and the evaluation of
	the previous programmes
	successes, this Regulation should
	enter into force as a matter of
	urgency and should apply, with
	retroactive effect, from 1 January
	2021. As of 1 January 2028,
	the technical and
	administrative assistance
	appropriations should cover, if
	necessary, the expenditure
	related to the management of
	actions not completed by the
	end of this Programme.





Proposal for a

REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

establishing the Programme for single market, competitiveness of enterprises, including small and medium-sized enterprises, and European statistics and repealing Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 25 4/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 2018/0231 (COD)

(text with EEA relevance)

PART 2: ARTICLES 1-25

Cell in green: The text can be deemed as already agreed

Cell in yellow: The issue needs further discussion at technical level

Cell in red: The issue needs further discussion in depth at the trilogue meetings

Note:

Differences between the EP's position and the Commission's proposal are highlighted in Bold/Italics.

Differences between the Council's position and the Commission's proposal are highlighted in Bold/Italics.

Modifications by lawyer-linguists are in Italics.

Deletions are not marked. Compromise wording is in Bold/Italics/Underline.

Location	COMMISSION COM(2018)441 final	EP	COUNCIL -PARTIAL GENERAL APPROACH 14257/1/18 REV 1	POSSIBLE COMPROMISE SOLUTION		
CHAPTER I						
GENERAL PROVISIONS						
Article 1						
Title	Subject matter	Subject matter	Subject matter	Subject matter		
		COM(2018)441 final	COM(2018)441 final CHAPTER I GENERAL PROVISI Article 1	Location COMMISSION COM(2018)441 final EP GENERAL APPROACH 14257/1/18 REV 1 CHAPTER I GENERAL PROVISIONS Article 1		

26. This Regulation establishes the Art. 1 – par. 1 programme for improving the functioning of the internal market and the competitiveness of enterprises, including micro, small and medium-sized enterprises and the framework for financing of development, production and dissemination of European statistics within the meaning of Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 (the 'Programme').

This Regulation establishes the Single Market programme for improving the functioning of strengthening the internal market and the improving its functioning in the fields of competitiveness and sustainability of enterprises, including especially micro, small and medium-sized enterprises, standardisation, consumer protection, market surveillance, food supply chain and the framework for financing of development, production and dissemination of European statistics within the meaning of Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 (the 'Programme'). [Am. 70]

This Regulation establishes the programme for **both** improving the functioning of the internal market and the competitiveness of enterprises, including in particular micro, small and medium-sized enterprises, for the area of plants, animals, food and feed, and the programming and financing framework for financing of the development, production and dissemination of European statistics within the meaning of Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 (the 'Programme').

Green

This Regulation establishes the programme for improving the functioning of the internal market and the competitiveness and sustainability of enterprises including especially micro, smal and medium-sized enterprises, for consumer protection, for the area of plants, animals, food and feed, and the programming and financing framework for financing of the development, production and dissemination of European statistics within the meaning of Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 (the 'Programme').

Note: text is green, Council suggests to add, as per horizontal guidance, at the end "for the period from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2027" linked to decision on

					retroactivity and end clauses. EP suggestion to add continuity: Where no Council regulation determining a new financial framework has been adopted by the end of the current financial framework, the present programme shall continue to apply until the adoption of the new financial framework. To be dealt with at finalisation stage
27.	Art. 1 – par. 2	It lays down the objectives of the Programme, the budget for the period 2021 to 2027, the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding.	It lays down the objectives of the Programme, the budget for the period 2021 to 2027, the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding.	It lays down the main fields and objectives of the actions envisaged in the Programme, the budget for the period 2021 to 2027, the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding as well as the system of governance.	It lays down the objectives of the Programme and the eligible actions for implementing those objectives, the budget for the period 2021 to 2027, the forms of Union funding and the rules for providing such funding as well as the system of governance.

28.			Article 2		
29.	Title	Definitions	Definitions	Definitions	Definitions
30.	Art. 2, par. 1 introducto ry part	For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:	For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:	For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:	Green For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:
31.	Art. 2, par. 1, point 1.	(1) 'Blending operation' means actions supported by the Union budget, including within blending facilities pursuant to Article 2(6) of the Financial Regulation, combining non-repayable forms of support and/or financial instruments from the Union budget with repayable forms of support from development or other public finance institutions, as well as from commercial finance institutions and investors;	(1) 'Blending operation' means actions supported by the Union budget, including within blending facilities pursuant to Article 2(6) of the Financial Regulation, combining non-repayable forms of support and/or financial instruments from the Union budget with repayable forms of support from development or other public finance institutions, as well as from commercial finance institutions and investors;	(1) 'Blending operation' means actions supported by the Union budget, including within blending facilities pursuant to Article 2(6) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2018/1046 of the European Parliament and of the Council (the 'Financial Regulation'), combining non-repayable forms of support and/or financial instruments from the Union budget with repayable forms of support from development or other public finance institutions, as well as from commercial finance institutions and investors;	Green (1) 'Blending operation' means actions supported by the Union budget, including within blending facilities pursuant to Article 2(6) of the Financial Regulation, combining non-repayable forms of support and/or financial instruments from the Union budget with repayable forms of support from development or other public finance institutions, as well as from commercial finance institutions and investors;

	T				
32.	Art. 2, par. 1 point 2	(2) 'European statistics' means statistics developed, produced and disseminated in accordance with in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 223/2009;	(2) 'European statistics' means statistics developed, produced and disseminated at the Union level and in the Member States in accordance with Article 3 of the Treaty on European Union and Regulation (EC) No 223/2009; [Am. 71]	(2) 'European statistics' means statistics developed, produced and disseminated in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 223/2009;	Green (2) 'European statistics' means statistics developed, produced and disseminated in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 223/2009;
33.	Art. 2, par 1, point 3	(3) 'legal entity' means any natural or legal person created and recognised as such under national law, Union law or international law, which has legal personality and which may, acting in its own name, exercise rights and be subject to obligations, or an entity without a legal personality in accordance with Article 197(2)(c) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) of the European Parliament and of the Council (the 'Financial Regulation');	(3) 'legal entity' means any natural or legal person created and recognised as such under national law, Union law or international law, which has legal personality and which may, acting in its own name, exercise rights and be subject to obligations, or an entity without a legal personality in accordance with point (c) of the Article 197(2) of Regulation <i>No</i> 2018/1046 (EU, Euratom) of the European Parliament and of the Council (the 'Financial	(3) 'legal entity' means any natural or legal person created and recognised as such under national law, Union law or international law, which has legal personality and which may, acting in its own name, exercise rights and be subject to obligations, or an entity without a legal personality in accordance with Article 197(2)(c) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) of the European Parliament and of the Council (the 'Financial Regulation');	Green 3) 'legal entity' means any natura or legal person created and recognised as such under national law, Union law or international law, which has legal personality and which may acting in its own name, exercise rights and be subject to obligations, or an entity without a legal personality in accordance with Article 197(2)(c) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) of the European Parliament and of the

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			Regulation'); [Am. 72]		Council (the 'Financial Regulation');
34.	Art. 2, par. 1, point 4	(4) 'micro, small and medium-sized enterprises' means micro, small and medium-sized enterprises as defined in Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC ⁹⁵ in the version of 6 May 2003; 95 Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC of 6 May 2003 concerning the definition of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (OJ L 124, 20.5.2003, p. 36).	(4) 'micro, small and medium-sized enterprises' means micro, small and medium-sized enterprises as defined in Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC ⁹⁵ in the version of 6 May 2003; ——————————————————————————————————	(4) 'micro, small and medium- sized enterprises SMEs' means micro, small and medium-sized enterprises as defined in Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC ¹⁰⁷ in the version of 6 May 2003; 107 Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC of 6 May 2003 concerning the definition of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (OJ L 124, 20.5.2003, p. 36).	Green (4) 'micro, small and mediumsized enterprises (SMEs)' means micro, small and medium-sized enterprises as defined in Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC ¹⁰⁷ in the version of 6 May 2003;; 107 Commission Recommendation 2003/361/EC of 6 May 2003 concerning the definition of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (OJ L 124, 20.5.2003, p. 36).
35.	Art. 2, par. 1,		(4a) 'Social economy enterprise' means an enterprise		Green

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	point 4a	whose main objective is to have	Deleted
	(new)	a social impact rather than	
		make a profit for their owners	Note: See Recital 23
		or shareholders, which operates	
		by providing goods and services	
		for the market and which is	
		managed in an open and	
		responsible manner involving	
		employees, consumers and	
		stakeholders; [Am. 73]	
36.	Art. 2,	(4b) 'Local Public	Green
	par. 1,	Enterprise' means a small local	
	point 4b	public service enterprise that	Deleted
	(new)	meets the SME criteria and	
		fulfils important tasks for local	
		communities; [Am. 74]	
37.	Art. 2,	(4c) 'Enterprise networks'	Green
	par. 1,	means the coming together of	
	point 4c	entrepreneurs in order to carry	(4c) "Clusters and
	(new)	out a shared project and in	business network
		which two or more SMEs jointly	organisations" means
		exercise one or more economic	structures or organised grou

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			activities in order to increase their competitiveness in the market; [Am. 75]		of independent parties in the form of organisations that support the enhancement of collaboration, networking and learning of groups of enterprises that are designed to provide or channel specialised and customised business support services, especially for SMEs, in order to stimulate among others innovation and internationalisation activities, including by promoting the sharing of facilities and exchange of knowledge and expertise, and by supporting innovation—and internationalisation of SMEs.
38.	Art. 2, par. 1 point 5	(5) 'third country' means a country that is not a member of the Union.	(5) 'third country' means a country that is not a member of the Union.	(5) 'third country' means a country that is not a member of the Union.	Green (5) 'third country' means a country that is not a member of the Union

39.		Article 3				
40.	Title	Programme objectives	Programme objectives	Programme objectives	Green Programme objectives	
41.	Art. 3, par. 1	1. The Programme has the following general objectives:	1. The Programme has the following general objectives:	1. The Programme has the following general objectives:	Green 1. The Programme has the following general objectives:	
42.	Art. 3, par. 1, point (a)	(a) to improve the functioning of the internal market, and especially to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and medium- sized enterprises (SMEs), by enforcement of Union law, facilitation of market access, standard setting, and by promoting human, animal and plant health and animal welfare; as well as to	(a) to improve the functioning of the internal market, and especially to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), by enforcement of Union law, facilitation of legal, social and environmental framework; to facilitate market access and access to finance, to promote fair competition	(a) to improve the functioning of the internal market, and especially to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), by enforcement of Union law, facilitation of market access, standard setting, and by promoting human, animal and plant health and animal welfare, whilst respecting the principles	(a) to improve the functioning of the internal market, and especial to protect and empower citizens, consumers and businesses, in particular micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs by enforcing Union law, facilitating market access, standard setting, and by promoting human, animal and	

		enhance cooperation between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission and the decentralised Union agencies;	between companies, and standard setting, and by promoting to ensure a uniform and high level of consumer protection, to strengthen the market surveillance across the Union, to improve mutual recognition and to promote human, animal and plant health and animal welfare; as well as to enhance cooperation between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission and the decentralised Union agencies; [Am. 76]	of sustainable development; as well as to enhance cooperation between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission and the decentralised Union agencies;	plant health and animal welfare, whilst respecting the principles of sustainable development and ensuring a high level of consumer protection; as well as to enhance cooperation between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Membe States and the Commission and the decentralised Union agencies
43.	Art. 3, par. 1, point (b)	(b) to provide high-quality, comparable and reliable statistics on Europe which underpin the design, monitoring and evaluation of all the Union policies and help policy makers, businesses, academia, citizens	(b) to provide develop, produce and disseminate high-quality, comparable and reliable European statistics on Europe which underpin the design, monitoring and evaluation of all the Union policies, including	(b) to provide high-quality, comparable, timely and reliable European statistics on Europe which underpin the design, monitoring and evaluation of all the Union policies and help policy makers, businesses,	Green (b) to develop, produce and disseminate high-quality, comparable, timely and reliable European statistics-on Europe which underpin the design,

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		and media to make informed decisions and actively participate in the democratic process.	trade and migration, and help citizens, policy makers and regulators, supervisory authorities, businesses, academia, citizens and media to make informed decisions and actively participate in the democratic process. [Am. 77]	academia, citizens and media to make informed decisions and actively participate in the democratic process.	monitoring and evaluation of all the Union policies, and help <i>citizens</i> , policy makers <i>and authorities</i> , businesses, academicitizens and media to make informed decisions and actively participate in the democratic process.
44.	Art. 3, par. 2	2. The Programme has the following specific objectives:	2. The Programme has the following specific objectives:	2. The Programme has the following specific objectives:	Green 2. The Programme has the following specific objectives:
45.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (a)	(a) making the internal market more effective, facilitating the prevention and removal of obstacles, supporting the development, implementation and enforcement of the Union law in the areas of the internal market for goods and services,	(a) making the internal market more effective, by:	(a) making the internal market more effective, also in the light of the digital transformation, facilitating the prevention and removal of unjustified or disproportionate obstacles, prevention of unjustified unequal treatment of market participants, supporting the	Yellow (a) making the intermediate more effective, inter ald in the light of the digital transformation, by:

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		public procurement, market surveillance as well as in the areas of company law and contract and extra-contractual law, anti-money laundering, free movement of capital, financial services and competition, including the development of governance tools;		development, implementation and enforcement of the Union law in the areas of the internal market for goods and services, public procurement, market surveillance as well as in the areas of company law and contract and extra-contractual law, anti-money laundering, free movement of capital, financial services and competition, including the development of user-centric governance tools;	
46.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (a) point (i) (new)		(i) facilitating the prevention and removal of obstacles, and supporting the development, implementation and enforcement of the Union law, in the areas of the internal market for goods and services, and public procurement, market surveillance as well as in the areas of company law and contract and extra-contractual law, anti-money laundering, free		Yellow (i) facilitating the prevention and removal of discriminator unjustified disproportionate obstacles, and supporting the development implementation and enforcement of Union law in the areas of the internal market for goods and services, including by improving the application of the mutual recognition principle, of publication principle, of publication in the application of the mutual recognition principle, of publication is a serviced to the internal market for goods and services including by improving the application of the mutual recognition principle, of publication principle, of publication is a serviced to the internal market for goods and

		movement of capital, financial services and competition, including the development of governance tools;	procurement, market surveilland of company law and contract a extra-contractual law, of an money laundering, of from movement of capital, of finance services and of competition including by the development user-centric governance tools;
			Note: The wording is green mutual recognition, but linked row 47, so row 46 remains yello
47.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (a) point (ii) (new)	(ii) supporting effective market surveillance and product safety throughout the Union, and contributing to the fight against the counterfeiting of products, with a view to ensuring that only safe and compliant products that offer a high level of consumer protection are made available on the Union	Yellow (ii) supporting effective market surveillance throughout the Union, with a view to ensuring that only safe and compliant products that offer a high level of protection of consumers and other end-users are made available on the Union

			market, including those sold online, as well as to greater homogeneity and capacity of the market surveillance authorities across the Union. [Am. 78]		market, including products sold online, as well as to greater homogeneity and capacity of the market surveillance authorities across the Union.
					Note: "counterfeiting" in a recital.
48.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (b)	(b) improving the competitiveness of enterprises with special emphasis on SMEs and achieving additionality through the provision of measures that provide various forms of support to SMEs, access to markets including the internationalisation of SMEs, favourable business environment for SMEs, the	(b) improving strengthening both the competitiveness and sustainability of enterprises with special emphasis on SMEs and achieving additionality through the provision of measures that provide (objectives for SMEs), paying particular attention to their specific needs, by:	(b) improvingstrengthening the competitiveness of enterprises with special emphasis on SMEs and achieving additionality at Union level through the provision of measures that:	Green (b) improving strengthening both the competitiveness and sustainability of enterprises with special emphasis on SMEs and achieving additionality at Union level through the provision of measures that provide:

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	competitiveness of sectors, the modernisation of industry and the promotion of entrepreneurship;			
49.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (b), point (i) (new)	(i) providing various forms of support to SMEs, fostering the growth, promotion and creation of SMEs, including enterprise networks, development of managerial skills and fostering measures to scale-up that will allow them to better access to markets including the and internationalisation of SMEs, processes, as well as marketing of their products and services;	(i) provide various forms of support to SMEs, including in the tourism sector,	Green (i) provide various forms support to SMEs as well as cluste and other business netwo organisations, including in the tourism sector, thereby fosteristhe growth, scale-up and creation of SMEs;
50.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (b), point (ii) (new)	(ii) fostering a favourable business environment and framework for SMEs, reducing administrative burden, enhancing the competitiveness of sectors, ensuring the modernisation of industry	(ii) facilitate access to markets including the internationalisation of SMEs,	Green (ii) <u>facilitate</u> access to markets including the internationalisation of SMEs,

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		including their digital transformation contributing to a resilient, energy and resource efficient economy;		
51.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (b), point (iii) (new)	(iii) promoting entrepreneurial culture and contributing to the high-quality training of SMEs' staff;	(iii) promote a favourable business environment for SMEs,	Green (iii) promote entrepreneurshi and entrepreneurial skills; Green (iv) promote a favourable business environment for SMEs and, support digital transformatic and promote new business opportunities for SMEs, including for social economy enterprises and those with innovative business models;
52.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (b), point (iv)	(iv) promoting new business opportunities for SMEs overcoming structural changes through targeted measures, and	(iv) support the competitiveness of sectors,	Green (v) support the competitiveness

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	(new)	other innovative forms of actions such as workers buy-outs facilitating job creation and the promotion of entrepreneurship continuity of businesses, in territories affected by these changes; [Am. 79]		industrial ecosystems and sector as well as the development of industrial value chains
53.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (b), point (v) (new)		(v) promote the modernisation of industry. Note: Covered by point (ii)	Green (vi) promote the modernisation of industry, contributing to a green, digital and resilient economy;
54.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (b), point (vi) (new)		(vi) support the development of industrial value chains and	Green <u>Deletion</u>

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55.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (b), point (vii) (new)			(vii) the-promotione of entrepreneurship in a proportional manner; Note: covered by point iii)	Green Deletion
56.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (c)	(c) ensuring the effective functioning of the internal market through standardisation processes that:	(c) ensuring the effective functioning of the internal market through standardisation processes that:	(c) ensuring the effective functioning of the internal market through standardisation processes that:	Green (c) ensuring the effective functioning of the internal market through standardisation processes that:
57.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (c), point (i)	(i) enable the financing of European standardisation and stakeholder participation in setting up European standards;	(i) enable the financing of European standardisation and stakeholder bodies and the participation of all relevant stakeholders in setting up European standards; [Am. 80]	(i) enable the financing of European standardisation and stakeholder participation in setting up European standards;	Green (i) enable the financing of European standardisation and stakeholder and the participation of all relevant stakeholders in setting up European standards;
58.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (c), point (ii)	(ii) support the development of high-quality international financial reporting and auditing standards, facilitate their	(ii) support the development of high-quality international financial reporting and auditing standards, facilitate their	(ii) support the development of high-quality international financial reporting and auditing standards, facilitate their	Green (ii) support the development of

		integration into the Union law and promote the innovation and development of best practices in corporate reporting;	integration into the Union law and and/or promote the innovation and development of best practices in corporate reporting for both small and big companies; [Am. 81]	integration into the Union law and promote the innovation and development of best practices in corporate reporting;	high-quality international financial <i>and non-financial</i> reporting and auditing standards, facilitate their integration into th Union law <i>and</i> promote the innovation and development of best practices in corporate reporting;
59.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (d)	(d) promoting the interests of consumers and ensuring a high level of consumer protection and product safety by:	(d) promoting the interests of consumers and ensuring a <i>uniform and</i> high level of consumer protection and product safety by: [Am. 82]	(d) promoting the interests of consumers and ensuring a high level of consumer protection and product safety by:	Yellow (d) promoting the interests o consumers and ensuring a high level of consumer protection and product safety by:
60.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (d), point (i)	(i) empowering, assisting and educating consumers, businesses and civil society; ensuring a high level of consumer protection, sustainable consumption and product safety notably by supporting competent	(i) empowering, assisting and educating consumers, businesses and civil society; ensuring a high level of consumer protection, sustainable consumption and product safety notably by in particular for the most vulnerable consumers in	(i) empowering, assisting and educating consumers, businesses and civil society; ensuring a high level of consumer protection, sustainable consumption and product safety notably by supporting competent enforcement authorities and	(i) empowering, assisting and educating consumers, businesses and civil society in particular concerning consumer's rights under Union law; ensuring a hig level of consumer protection, sustainable consumption and

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enforcement authorities and consumer representative organisations and cooperation actions; ensuring that all consumers have access to redress and; provision of adequate information on markets and consumers;

order to enhance fairness, transparency and trust in the single market; supporting competent enforcement authorities and consumer representative organisations and cooperation actions, byaddressing, among others, issues raised by existing and emerging technologies, including actions aiming at improving product traceability along the supply chain; quality standards across the Union, and addressing the issue of the dual quality of products; raising awareness about consumer's rights under Union law and ensuring that all consumers have access to *efficient* redress mechanisms and provision of adequate information on markets and consumers, as well as promoting sustainable consumption through enhanced information to consumers on

consumer representative
organisations-and, cooperation
actions and activities enhancing
the cooperation between
competent authorities with
particular attention to
vulnerable consumers;
ensuring that the interests of
consumers in the digital world
are duly taken into
consideration; ensuring that all
consumers have access to redress
and; provision of adequate
information on markets and
consumers;

product safety notably by in particular for the most vulnerable consumers in order enhance fairness, transparency and trust in the single market; ensuring that the interests of consumers in the digital world are duly taken into consideration; supporting competent enforcement authoriti and consumer representative organisations and actions enhancing the cooperation between competent authorities with particular emphasis on issues raised by existing and emerging technologies; contributing to improving the quality and availability of standards across the Union; efficiently addressing unfair commercial practices; ensuring that all consumers have access to efficient redress mechanisms an provision of are provided with adequate information on markets and consumers rights, well as, and promoting sustainable consumption, name

through raising awareness about

			specific characteristics and environmental impact of goods and services; [Am. 83]		specific characteristics and environmental impact of goods and services;
61.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (d), point (ii)	(ii) enhancing the participation of consumers, other financial services endusers and civil society in financial services policymaking; promoting a better understanding of the financial sector;	(ii) enhancing the participation of consumers, other financial services end-users and civil society in financial services policy-making; promoting a better understanding of the financial sector and of the different categories of commercialised financial products and ensuring the interests of consumers in the area of retail financial services; [Am. 84]	(ii) enhancing the participation of consumers, other financial services end-users and civil society in financial services policy-making; promoting a better understanding of the financial sector;	Green (ii) enhancing the participation of consumers, other financial services end-users and civil society in financial services policy-making; promoting a bett understanding of the financial sector and of the different categories of commercialised financial products and ensuring the interests of consumers in the area of retail financial services;
62.	Art. 3, par. 2, point (e)	(e) contributing to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and in related areas, including by preventing and	(e) contributing to a high level of health <i>and safety</i> for humans, animals and plants along the food <i>and feed supply</i> chain and in related areas, including by	(e) contributing to a high level of health for humans, animals and plants along the food chain and in related the plant, animal, food and feed areas, including by	Green (e) contributing to a high level of health <i>and safety</i> for humans, animals and plants along the foc

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eradicating diseases and pests, and to support the improvement of the welfare of animals as well as a sustainable food production and consumption; preventing and eradicating diseases and pests, and to support the improvement of the welfare of animals including, by means of emergency measures in the event of large-scale crisis situations and unforeseeable events affecting animal or plant health, as well as supporting improvements in animal welfare and developing the a-sustainable food production and consumption at affordable prices, as well as by stimulating research, innovation and the exchange of best practices between stakeholders in those *fields*; [Am. 85]

preventing, detecting and eradicating animal diseases and plant pests, and to support the improvement of the welfare of animals, the fight against antimicrobial resistance as well as a sustainable food production and consumption;

chain and in related plant, animal, food and feed areas, including by preventing, detecting and eradicating anima diseases and **plant** pests, including by means of emergency measures in the eve of large-scale crisis situations and unforeseeable events affecting animal or plant health supporting the improvement of the welfare of animals, the fight against antimicrobial resistance and the development of sustainable food production and consumption at affordable price as well as by stimulating research, innovation and the exchange of best practices between stakeholders in those fields.

EP suggestion for a recital in re 59 of the recitals document (recit

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					45 on affordable prices and "research and innovation"
63.	Art. 3,	(f) producing and	(f) developing, producing,	(f) producing and communicating	Green
	par. 2,	communicating high quality	disseminating and	high- <u>-</u> quality statistics on	
	point (f)	statistics on Europe in a timely,	communicating high quality	European statistics	(f) developing,
		impartial and cost-efficient	European statistics on Europe in	in line with the quality criteria	producing, disseminating and
		manner, through enhanced	a timely, impartial and cost-	laid down in Article 12(1) of	communicating high quality
		partnerships within the	efficient manner, through	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 in	European statistics on Europe
		European Statistical System	enhanced partnerships within the	a timely, impartial and cost-	in line with the quality criteria
		referred to in Article 4 of	European Statistical System	efficient manner, through <u>a</u>	laid down in Article 12(1) of
		Regulation (EC) No 223/2009	referred to in Article 4 of	strengthened European	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009
		and with all relevant external	Regulation (EC) No 223/2009	Statistical System referred to in	a timely, impartial and cost-
		parties, using multiple data	and with all relevant external	Article 4 of Regulation (EC)	efficient manner, through <u>a</u>
		sources, advanced data analytics	parties, using multiple data	223/2009 and enhanced	strengthened European
		methods, smart systems and	sources, advanced data analytics	partnerships within the European	Statistical System referred to i
		digital technologies.	methods, smart systems and	Statistical System referred to in	Article 4 of Regulation (EC)
			digital technologies, and	Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No	223/2009 and enhanced
			providing a national and, where	223/2009 and with all relevant	partnerships within the European
			possible, regional breakdown.	external parties, using multiple	Statistical System referred to in
			[Am. 86]	data sources, advanced data	Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No
				analytics methods, smart systems	223/2009 and with all relevant
				and digital technologies.	external parties, using multiple
					data sources, advanced data
					analytics methods, smart system
					and digital technologies, and
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					providing a national and, where possible, regional breakdown.
64.			Article 4	,	
65.	Title	Budget	Budget	Budget	Red Budget
66.	Art. 4, Par.1	1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021 to 2027 shall be EUR 4 088 580	1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021 to 2027 shall be EUR 4.088.580.000	1. The financial envelope for the implementation of the Programme for the period 2021 to 2027 shall be [EUR 4 088 580	Red
		000 in current prices.	6 563 000 000 in current prices. [Am. 87]	000 in current prices].	Note: Council suggests to add a the end as per horizontal guidance "from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2027" to be dealt with at finalisation stage in line with decision on retroactivity/end clauses/continuity, entry into force
67.	Art. 4, Par. 2	2. Within the amount referred to in paragraph 1 the following indicative amounts	2. Within the amount referred to in paragraph 1 the following indicative amounts	2. Within the amount referred to in paragraph 1 the following indicative amounts shall be	Red

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		shall be allocated to the following objectives:	shall be allocated to the following objectives:	allocated to the following objectives:	
68.	Art. 4, Par.2 point (-a) (new)		(-a) EUR 394 590 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(i); [Am. 88]	Red	
69.	Art. 4, Par.2 point (-aa) (new)		(-aa) EUR 396 200 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii); [Am. 89]	Red	
70.	Art. 4, Par.2 point (a)	(a) EUR 1 000 000 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b);	(a) EUR 1 000 000 000 3 122 000 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b); [Am. 90]	(a) [EUR 1 000 000 000] to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b);	
71.	Art. 4, Par.2 point (aa) (new)		(aa) EUR 220 510 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c); [Am. 91]	Red	

72.	Art. 4, par.1 point (b)	(b) EUR 188 000 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i);	(b) EUR 188 000 000 198 000 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) 3(2)(d); [Am. 92]	(b) [EUR 188 000 000] to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i);	Red
73.	Art. 4, par.1 point (c)	(c) EUR 1 680 000 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e);	(c) EUR 1 680 000 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e);	(c) [EUR 1 680 000 000] to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e);	Red
74.	Art. 4, par.1, point (d)	(d) EUR 552 000 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f).	(d) EUR 552 000 000 to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f).	(d) [EUR 552 000 000] to the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f).	Red
75.	Art. 4, par. 3	3. The amount referred to in paragraph 1 may be used for technical and administrative assistance for the implementation of the Programme, concerning in particular preparatory, monitoring, control, audit and evaluation activities as well as use of information technology networks focusing on	3. The amount referred to in paragraph 1 may be used for technical and administrative assistance for the implementation of the Programme, concerning in particular preparatory, monitoring, control, audit and evaluation activities as well as use of information technology networks focusing on information processing and	3. Up to 5 % of tThe amount referred to in paragraph 1 may be used for technical and administrative assistance for the implementation of the Programme, concerning in particular preparatory, monitoring, control, audit and evaluation activities as well as use of information technology networks focusing on information	Red

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		information processing and exchange, and use and development of corporate information technology tools.	exchange, and use and development of corporate information technology tools. In order to ensure maximum availability of the Programme to finance actions covered by the objectives of the Programme, the total costs of administrative and technical support shall not exceed 5 % of the value of the financial envelope referred to in paragraph 1. [Am. 93]	processing and exchange, and use and development of corporate information technology tools.	
76.	Art. 4, par. 4	4. For the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e), budgetary commitments extending over more than one financial year, may be broken down over several years into annual instalments.	4. For the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e), budgetary commitments extending over more than one financial year, may be broken down over several years into annual instalments.	4. For the objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e), budgetary commitments extending over more than one financial year, may be broken down over several years into annual instalments.	Red Note: COM correction: 4. Budgetary commitments extending over more than one financial year, may be broken down over several years into annual instalments.
77.	Art. 4, par. 5	5. By derogation from Article 111(2) of the Financial	5. By derogation from Article 111(2) of the Financial	5. By derogation from Article 111(2) of the Financial	Red

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		Regulation, the Commission shall make the budgetary commitment for the grant awarded for veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures under the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation after assessment of the payment applications submitted by Member States.	Regulation, the Commission shall make the budgetary commitment for the grant awarded for veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures under the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation after assessment of the payment applications submitted by Member States.	Regulation, the Commission shall make the budgetary commitment for the grant awarded for veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures under the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation after assessment of the payment applications submitted by Member States.	
78.	Art. 4, par. 5a (new)		5a. A specific mechanism should be introduced for direct food chain access to the Commission's crisis reserve in case of large-scale emergencies, in order to guarantee financing for the measures set out in Article 3(2)(e). [Am. 94]		Red
79.	Art. 4, par. 6	6. Resources allocated to Member States under shared management may, at their	6. Resources allocated to Member States under shared management may, at their	6. Resources allocated to Member States under shared management may, at their request, be	Red

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request, be transferred to the Programme. The Commission shall implement those resources directly in accordance with point (a) of Article 62(1) of the Financial Regulation or indirectly in accordance with point (c) of that Article. Where possible those resources shall be used for the benefit of the Member State concerned.

request, be transferred to the Programme. The Commission shall implement those resources directly in accordance with point (a) of Article 62(1) of the Financial Regulation or indirectly in accordance with point (c) of that Article. Where possible those resources shall be used for the benefit of the Member State concerned.

transferred to the Programme. The Commission shall implement those resources directly in accordance with point (a) of Article 62(1) of the Financial Regulation or indirectly in accordance with point (c) of that Article. Where To the maximum extent possible those resources shall be used for the benefit of the Member State concerned.

Note: New Council wording:
Resources allocated to Member
States under shared management
may, at their request, be
transferred to the Programme.
The Commission shall implement
those resources directly in
accordance with point (a) of
Article 62(1) of the Financial
Regulation or indirectly in
accordance with point (c) of that
Article. These resources shall be
used for the benefit of the
Member State concerned. In case

Note: Council removes previously added text and insert adjustments as per horizontal guidance"

Note: COM correction:

6. Resources allocated to Member States under shared management may, at their request, be transferred to the Programme. The Commission shall implement those resources directly in accordance with poin (a) of Article 62(1) of the Financial Regulation or indirectly in accordance with point (c) of that Article. Where [or according to PGA: To the

maximum extent] Those

concerned.

resources shall be used for the

benefit of the Member State

6a new Where the Commission has not entered into a legal commitment under direct or indirect management for resources transferred in accordance with paragraph 6, the

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				it is not possible to use the transferred funds, the Member States shall be able to request a transfer back to the shared management funds subject to the conditions set out in Article 21 of the Common Provisions Regulation [reference to the Regulation to be inserted].	corresponding uncommitted resources may be transferred back to the source Fund, at the request of the Member State, in accordance with the conditions set out in Article 21 of Regulation (EU) XX [Common Provisions Regulation]. Note: to be dealt with in line with horizontal guidance of both colegislators
80.			Article 5		
81.	Title	Third countries associated to the Programme	Third countries associated to the Programme	[Article 5 Third countries associated to the Programme	Green Article 5 Third countries associated to the Programme
82.	Art. 5, par. 1 subpar. 1	The Programme shall be open to the following third countries:	The Programme shall be open to the following third countries:	The Programme shall be open to the following third countries:	Green The Programme shall be open to the following third countries:

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83.	Art. 5, par. 1, point (a)	(a) European Free Trade Association (EFTA) members which are members of the European Economic Area (EEA), in accordance with the conditions laid down in the EEA agreement;	(a) European Free Trade Association (EFTA) members which are members of the European Economic Area (EEA), in accordance with the conditions laid down in the EEA agreement;	(a) European Free Trade Association (EFTA) members which are members of the European Economic Area (EEA), in accordance with the conditions laid down in the EEA agreement;	Green (a) European Free Trade Association (EFTA) members which are members of the European Economic Area (EEA in accordance with the condition laid down in the EEA agreemen
84.	Art. 5, par. 1, point (b)	(b) acceding countries, candidate countries and potential candidates, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for their participation in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and Association Council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and them;	(b) acceding countries, candidate countries and potential candidates, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for their participation in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and Association Council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and them;	(b) acceding countries, candidate countries and potential candidates, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for their participation in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and Association Council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and them;	(b) acceding countries, candidate countries and potential candidates, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for their participation in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and Association Council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and them;
85.	Art. 5, par. 1,	(c) countries covered by the European Neighbourhood	(c) countries covered by the European Neighbourhood	(c) countries covered by the European Neighbourhood Policy,	Green (c) countries covered by the

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point (d	Policy, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for the participation of those countries in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and association council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and those countries;	Policy, in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for the participation of those countries in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and association council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and those countries;	in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for the participation of those countries in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and association council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and those countries;	European Neighbourhood Polici in accordance with the general principles and general terms and conditions for the participation those countries in Union programmes established in the respective framework agreements and association council decisions, or similar agreements, and in accordance with the specific conditions laid down in agreements between the Union and those countries;
86. Art. 5, par. 1 point (c	(d) third countries, in accordance with the conditions laid down in a specific agreement covering the participation of the third country to any Union programme, provided that the agreement:	(d) third countries, in accordance with the conditions laid down in a specific agreement covering the participation of the third country to any Union programme, provided that the agreement:	(d) third countries, in accordance with the conditions laid down in a specific agreement covering the participation of the third country to any Union programme, provided that the agreement:	Green (d) third countries, in accordance with the conditions laid down in a specific agreement covering the participation of the third country to any Union programme, provided that the agreement:
87. Art. 5, par. 1 Point ((i) ensures a fair balance as regards the contributions and benefits of the third country	(i) ensures a fair balance as regards the contributions and benefits of the third country	(i) ensures a fair balance as regards the contributions and benefits of the third country	Green (i) ensures a fair balance as regards the contributions and

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	Point (i)	participating in the Union programmes;	participating in the Union programmes;	participating in the Union programmes;	benefits of the third country participating in the Union programmes;
88.	Art. 5, par. 1, point (d) point (ii)	(ii) lays down the conditions of participation in the programmes, including the calculation of financial contributions to individual programmes and their administrative costs;	(ii) lays down the conditions of participation in the programmes, including the calculation of financial contributions to individual programmes and their administrative costs;	(ii) lays down the conditions of participation in the programmes, including the calculation of financial contributions to individual programmes and their administrative costs;	Green (ii) lays down the conditions of participation in the programmes, including the calculation of financial contributions to individual programmes and their administrative costs. These contributions shall constitute assigned revenues in accordance with Article 21(5) of the Financial Regulation.
89.	Art. 5, par. 1, point (d) point (iii)	(iii) does not confer to the third country a decisional power on the programme;	(iii) does not confer to the third country a decisional power on the programme;	(iii) does not confer to the third country a decisional power on the programme;	Green (iii) does not confer to the third country a decisional power on the, in respect of the programme
90.	Art. 5, par. 1, point (d)	(iv) guarantees the rights of the Union to ensure sound financial management and to	(iv) guarantees the rights of the Union to ensure sound financial management and to	(iv) guarantees the rights of the Union to ensure sound financial management and to protect its	Green (iv) guarantees the rights of the

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	point (iv)	protect its financial interests.	protect its financial interests.	financial interests.	Union to ensure sound financial management and to protect its financial interests.	
91.	Art. 5 par. 1 subpar. 2	The contributions referred to in point (ii) shall constitute assigned revenues in accordance with Article [21(5)] of the Financial Regulation.	The contributions referred to in point (ii) shall constitute assigned revenues in accordance with Article [21(5)] of the Financial Regulation.	The contributions referred to in point (ii) shall constitute assigned revenues in accordance with Article [21(5)] of the Financial Regulation.]	Green - deletion -	
92.		Article 6				
93.	Title	Implementation and forms of EU funding	Implementation and forms of EU funding	Implementation and forms of EU funding	Green Implementation and forms of EU funding	
94.	Art. 6, par.1	1. The Programme shall be implemented in direct management in accordance with the Financial Regulation or in indirect management with bodies referred to in Article 62(1)(c) of the Financial Regulation.	1. The Programme shall be implemented in direct management in accordance with the Financial Regulation or in indirect management with bodies referred to in Article 62(1)(c) of the Financial Regulation.	1. The Programme shall be implemented in direct management in accordance with the Financial Regulation or in indirect management with bodies referred to in Article 62(1)(c) of the Financial Regulation.	Green 1. The Programme shall be implemented in direct management in accordance with the Financial Regulation or in indirect management with bodies referred to in Article 62(1)(c) of the Financial Regulation.	

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95.	Art. 6, par.2	2. The Programme may provide funding in any of the forms laid down in the Financial Regulation, in particular grants, prizes and procurement. It may also provide financing in the form of financial instruments within blending operations.	2. The Programme may provide funding in any of the forms laid down in the Financial Regulation, in particular grants, prizes and procurement. It may also provide financing in the form of financial instruments within blending operations.	2. The Programme may provide funding in any of the forms laid down in the Financial Regulation, in particular grants, prizes and procurement. It may also provide financing in the form of financial instruments within blending operations.	Green 2. The Programme may provide funding in any of the forms laid down in the Financial Regulation, in particular grants, prizes and procurement. It may also provide financing in the form of financial instruments within blending operations.
96.	Art. 6, par.3	3. Contributions to a mutual insurance mechanism may cover the risk associated with the recovery of funds due by recipients and shall be considered as sufficient guarantee under the Financial Regulation. The provisions laid down in [Article X of] Regulation XXX [successor of the Regulation on the Guarantee Fund] shall apply ⁹⁶ .	3. Contributions to a mutual insurance mechanism may cover the risk associated with the recovery of funds due by recipients and shall be considered as sufficient guarantee under the Financial Regulation. The provisions laid down in [Article X of] Regulation XXX [successor of the Regulation on the Guarantee Fund] shall apply ⁹⁶ . 96 [to add]	3. Contributions to a mutual insurance mechanism may cover the risk associated with the recovery of funds due by recipients and shall be considered as sufficient guarantee under the Financial Regulation. The provisions laid down in [Article X of] Regulation XXX [successor of the Regulation on the Guarantee Fund] shall apply ¹⁰⁹ .	Green 3. Contributions to a mutual insurance mechanism may cover the risk associated with the recovery of funds due by recipients and shall be considered as sufficient guarantee under the Financial Regulation. The provisions laid down in [Article X of] Regulation XXX [successor of the Regulation on the Guarantee Fund] shall apply ¹⁰⁹ .

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					109 [to add]		
97.			CHAPTER : GRANTS				
98.		Article 7					
99.	Title	Grants	Grants	Grants	Green		
					Grants		
100.	Art. 7, par. 1	Grants under the Programme shall be awarded and managed in accordance with Title VIII of the Financial Regulation.	Grants under the Programme shall be awarded and managed in accordance with Title VIII of the Financial Regulation.	Grants under the Programme shall be awarded and managed in accordance with Title VIII of the Financial Regulation.	Green Grants under the Programme shall be awarded and managed is accordance with Title VIII of the Financial Regulation.		
101.			Article 8				
102.	Title	Eligible actions	Eligible actions	Eligible actions	Green Eligible actions		

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103.	Art. 8, par. 1	1. Only actions implementing the objectives referred in Article 3 shall be eligible for funding.	1. Only actions implementing the objectives referred in Article 3 shall be eligible for funding.	1. Only actions implementing the objectives referred in Article 3 shall be eligible for funding.	Green 1. Only actions implementing the objectives referred in Article 3 shall be eligible for funding.
104.	Art. 8, par. 2	2. In particular the following actions implementing the objectives referred in Article 3 shall be eligible:	2. In particular the following actions implementing the objectives referred in Article 3 shall be eligible:	2. In particular the following actions implementing the objectives referred in Article 3 shall be eligible:	Green 2. In particular the following actions implementing the objectives referred in Article 3 shall be eligible:
105.	Art. 8, par. 2 point (a)	(a) creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market, including businesses, citizens and consumers, civil society and public authorities through transparent information and awareness raising campaigns, best practice exchange, promotion of good practices, exchange and dissemination of expertise and knowledge and organization of trainings;	(a) creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market, including businesses, citizens—and, consumers, civil society and public authorities through transparent information exchange and awareness raising campaigns, particularly as regards to applicable Union rules and the rights of consumers and businesses, best practice exchange, promotion of good practices and innovative solutions, exchange and	(a) creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market, including businesses, citizens and consumers, civil society and public authorities through transparent information and awareness raising campaigns, best practice exchange, promotion of good practices, exchange and dissemination of expertise and knowledge and organization of trainings; such actions, implemented through existing networks such as	(a) creation of the right conditions to empower all actors of the internal market, including businesses, citizens and consumers, civil society and public authorities, through the transparent exchange of information and campaigns to raise awareness particularly as regards applicable Union rules and the rights of businesses, citizens and consumers, as well as best practice through the exchange and dissemination of good practices, expertise,

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			dissemination of expertise and knowledge and organization of trainings for the promotion of digital literacy of citizens and businesses; [Am. 95]	SOLVIT and the European Consumer Centres Network, shall involve, where relevant, third countries, with the purpose to promote EU values, rules and standards;	knowledge and innovative solutions, exchange and dissemination of expertise and knowledge such actions, implemented through existing networks such as SOLVIT and the European Consumer Centres Network, shall involve, where relevant, third countries, with the purpose to promote EU values, rules and standards, , including through actions implemented through the SOLVIT network and the European Consumer Centres Network;
106.	Art. 8, par. 2 point (b)	(b) provision of mechanisms for citizens, consumers, end-users, civil society and businesses representatives from the Union to contribute to political discussions, policies and decision making process, notably by supporting the functioning of representative organisations at national and the Union level;	(b) provision of mechanisms for citizens, consumers, end-users, civil society, trade unions and businesses representatives from the Union, in particular those representing SMEs, to contribute to political discussions, policies and decision making process, notably by supporting the functioning of representative	(b) provision of mechanisms for citizens, consumers, end-users, civil society and businesses representatives from the Union to contribute to political discussions, policies and decision making process, notably by supporting the functioning of representative organisations at national and the Union level;	Green (b) provision of mechanisms for citizens, consumers, end-users, civil society, including social partners and business representatives from the Union, in particular those representing SMEs, to contribute to political discussions, policies and decision making process, notably by supporting the functioning of

			organisations at national and the Union level; [Am. 96]		representative organisations at national and the Union level;
107.	Art. 8, par. 2 point (c)	(c) capacity building, facilitation and coordination of joint actions between Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission, the decentralised Union agencies and third country authorities;	(c) capacity building, facilitation and coordination of joint actions between Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission, the decentralised Union agencies and third country authorities, and more particularly joint actions aimed at strengthening product safety, enforcement of consumer protection rules in the Union and product traceability; [Am. 97]	(c) capacity building, facilitation and coordination of joint actions between Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission, the decentralised Union agencies and third country authorities;	Green (c) capacity building, facilitation and coordination of joint actions between Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and between the competent authorities of Member States and the Commission, the decentralised Union agencies and third country authorities, including joint actions aimed at strengthening product safety; enforcement of consumer protection rules in the Union; product traceability;
108.	Art. 8, par. 2	(d) support for the effective enforcement and modernisation	(d) support for the effective enforcement and by Member	(d) support for the effective enforcement and modernisation	Green (d) support for the effective

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point (d) of the Union legal framework and its rapid adaptation to the ever-changing environment, including through data

including through data gathering and analyses; studies, evaluations and policy recommendations; organization of demonstration activities and pilot projects; communication activities; development of dedicated IT tools ensuring

transparent and efficient

market.

functioning of the internal

States and the modernisation of the Union legal framework and its rapid adaptation to the everchanging environment as well as support for dealing with issues raised digitalisation, including through data gathering and analyses; studies, evaluations and policy recommendations; organization of demonstration activities and pilot projects; communication activities: development of dedicated IT tools ensuring transparent, fair and efficient functioning of the internal market. [Am. 98]

of the Union legal framework and its rapid adaptation to the everchanging environment and third countries' practices, including through data gathering and analyses; research on the functioning of the internal market, studies, evaluations and policy recommendations; organization of demonstration activities and pilot projects; communication activities: development of dedicated IT tools ensuring transparent and efficient functioning of the internal market as well as combating and preventing fraudulent practices in the internet.

enforcement and modernisation of the Union legal framework and its rapid adaptation to the ever-changing environment and third countries' practices effectively face global competition as well as support for dealing with issues raised by digitalisation, including through data gathering and analyses; research on the functioning of the internal market, studies, evaluations and policy recommendations; organization of demonstration activities and pilot projects; communication activities: development of dedicated IT tools ensuring transparent, fair and efficient functioning of the internal market as well as combating and preventing fraudulent practices in the internet.

109.	Art. 8, par. 2a (new)	2a. The following actions implementing the specific objectives referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii) shall be eligible for funding:	Green 2a. The actions referred to in Article 36 of Regulation (EU) 2019/1020 and implementing the specific objectives referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii) shall be eligible for funding, in particular for:
110.	Art. 8, par. 2a point (a) (new)	(a) coordination and cooperation between market surveillance authorities and other relevant authorities of Member States, in particular through the Union Product Compliance Network	Green (a) coordination and cooperation between market surveillance authorities and other relevant authorities of Member States, in particular through the Union Product Compliance Network;
111.	Art. 8, par. 2a point (b) (new)	(b) development and maintenance of IT tools to exchange information on market surveillance and controls at the external borders;	Green (b) development and maintenance of IT tools to exchange information on market surveillance and controls at the external borders;

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112.	Art. 8, par. 2a point (c) (new)	(c) support for the development of joint actions and testing in the field of product safety and compliance, including in relation to connected products and products sold online;	Green (c) support for the development of joint actions and testing in the field of product safety and compliance including in relation to connected products and products sold online;
113.	Art. 8, par. 2a point (d) (new)	(d) cooperation, exchange of best practices and joint projects between market surveillance authorities and relevant bodies from third countries;	Green deletion
114.	Art. 8, par. 2a point (e) (new)	(e) support for market surveillance strategies, knowledge and intelligence gathering, testing capabilities and facilities, peer reviews, training programmes, technical assistance and capacity building for market surveillance authorities;	Green (e) support for market surveillance strategies, knowledge and intelligence gathering, testing capabilities an facilities, peer reviews, training programmes, technical assistance and capacity building for market surveillance authorities;

115.	Art. 8, par. 2a point (f) (new)		(f) assessment of type approval procedures and compliance verification of motor vehicles by the Commission. [Am. 99]		Green deletion
116.	Art. 8 par. 3	3. The following actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b) shall be eligible for funding:	3. The following actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b) shall be eligible for funding:	3. The following actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b) shall be eligible for funding:	Green 3. The following actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b) shall be eligible for funding, in particular:
117.	Art. 8 par. 3 point (a)	(a) to provide various forms of support to SMEs;	(a) to provide various forms of support to SMEs; [Am. 100]	(a) to provide various forms of support to SMEs, including information, mentoring, training, education, mobility, cross-border cooperation or advisory services;	Green (a) to provide various forms of support to SMEs, including information, mentoring, training, education, mobility, cross-border cooperation or advisory services;

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118.	Art. 8 par. 3 point (b)	(b) facilitating SMEs' access to markets, supporting them in addressing global and societal challenges and business internationalisation, and strengthening Union industrial leadership in global value chains, including the Enterprise Europe Network;	(b) facilitating SMEs' micro- enterprises, SMEs and enterprise networks' access to markets, including markets outside the Union, supporting them in addressing global, environmental, economic and societal challenges and business internationalisation, facilitating support for them during their life-cycle and strengthening Union entrepreneurial and industrial leadership in global value chains, including the Enterprise Europe Network; [Am. 101]	(b) facilitating SMEs' access to markets within and outside the Union, supporting them in addressing global and societal challenges and business internationalisation, and strengthening Union industrial leadership in global value chains; including	(b) facilitating SMEs' and clusters and business network organisations' access to markets within and outside the Union in coordination with Member States, supporting them in addressing global environmental, economic and societal challenges and business internationalisation, facilitating support for them during their life-cycle and strengthening Union entrepreneurial and industrial leadership in global value chains; , including the Enterprise Europe Network;
119.	Art. 8 par. 3 point (ba) (new)			(ba) supporting the Enterprise Europe Network (EEN) to provide integrated business support services to Union SMEs that seek to explore opportunities in the internal market and in third countries;	Green (ba) (i)supporting the Enterpris Europe Network (EEN) to provide integrated business support services to Union SMEs, including for finding

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		the EEN may also be used to	<u>b</u>
		deliver services on behalf of	<u>n</u>
		other Union programmes, such	<u>H</u>
		as Horizon Europe, including	<u>E</u>
		advisory or capacity-building	fa
		services; services provided by	u
		the EEN on behalf of other	a
		programmes shall be funded by	tr
		these programmes; the	S
		implementation of the EEN	a
		shall be closely coordinated	ei
		with Member States to avoid	ai
		duplication of activities in	es
		accordance with the principle	tł
		of subsidiarity;	<u>0</u>
		<u> </u>	m

business partners and funding notably from the Invest EU, **Horizon Europe and Digital** Europe Programme, and for facilitating their innovation uptake, internationalisation and green and digital transition as well as supporting SMEs in accessing digital, environmental, climate, energy and resource efficiency expertise, towards exploring that seek to explore opportunities in the internal market and in third countries;

(ii) the implementation of the EEN shall be closely coordinated with Member States to avoid duplication of activities in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity;

(iii) the EEN may also be used to deliver services on behalf of

					other Union programmes, such as Horizon Europe, including advisory or capacity-building services, which shall then be funded by these programmes.
120.	Art. 8 par. 3 point (c)	(c) addressing market barriers, administrative burden and creating a favourable business environment to empower SMEs to benefit from the internal market;	(c) addressing market barriers, reducing administrative burden, including reducing obstacles for setting -up enterprises and the starting of businesses and creating a favourable business environment to empower allow microenterprises and SMEs to benefit from the internal market, including access to finance, and by providing appropriate guidance, mentoring and coaching schemes delivery of knowledge -based business services; [Am. 102]	(c) addressing market barriers, administrative burden and creating a favourable business environment to empower SMEs to benefit from the internal market;	Green (c) addressing market barriers, administrative burden and creating a favourable business environment to empower SMEs to benefit from the internal market;

121.	Art. 8 par. 3 point (d)	(d) facilitating the growth of businesses, including skills development, and industrial transformation across manufacturing and service sectors;	(d) facilitating the development and growth of sustainable businesses, raising micro enterprises and SME's awareness of Unions' legislation, including environmental and energy Union law, upgrading their skills and qualifications development, and facilitating new business models and resource-efficient value-chains fostering sustainable industrial, technological and organisational transformation across manufacturing and service sectors; [Am. 103]	(d) facilitating the growth of businesses, including the development of technical, digital and entrepreneurial skills, product development, digitalisation and industrial transformation across manufacturing and service sectors;	(d) facilitating the development and growth of businesses, including through promoting fostering the development of technical, digital and entrepreneurial skills, sustainable business management skills and product and process development in order to foster promote the green and digital isation and fostering industrial technological and organisational transformation across industrial ecosystems and throughout the value chains of the manufacturing and , industry, service sectors raising awareness of Unions' legislation including facilitating resource efficient and along value-chains
122.	Art. 8 par. 3 point (e)	(e) supporting the competiveness of enterprises and whole sectors of economy,	(e) supporting strengthening the competiveness and sustainability of enterprises	(e) supporting the competi ti veness of enterprises and whole sectors of economy,	Green (e) supporting the competitiveness and

		and supporting SMEs' uptake of innovation and value chain collaboration through strategically connecting ecosystems and clusters, including the joint cluster initiative;	and whole sectors of economy, and supporting micro-enterprises and SMEs' uptake of technological, organisational and social innovation, enhancing corporate social responsibility and value chain collaboration through strategically connecting ecosystems and clusters, including the joint cluster initiative; [Am. 104]	and supporting SMEs' uptake of creativity and innovation, adoption of new business models and value chain collaboration through strategically connecting ecosystems and clusters, including the joint cluster initiative;	sustainability of enterprises and whole sectors of economy, and supporting SMEs' uptake of creativity and technological, organisational and social all forms of innovation, enhancing corporate social responsibility adoption of new business models and value chain collaboration through strategically connecting ecosystems and clusters, including the joint cluster initiative;
123.	Art. 8 par. 3 point (f)	(f) fostering an entrepreneurial business environment and entrepreneurial culture, including the mentoring scheme for new entrepreneurs and supporting start-ups, business sustainability and scale-ups.	(f) fostering an entrepreneurial business environment and entrepreneurial culture, including enlarging the mentoring scheme for new entrepreneurs and supporting start-ups, business sustainability and scale-ups, paying particular attention to new potential entrepreneurs (i.e. youth, women, as well as other specific target groups, such as socially	(f) fostering an entrepreneurial business environment and entrepreneurial culture, including the mentoring scheme for new entrepreneurs and supporting start-ups, business sustainability and scale-ups.	Green (f) fostering an entrepreneurial business environment and entrepreneurial culture, including through the mentoring and mobility schemes for new entrepreneurs to improve knowhow, skills, technological capacity and enterprise management as well as by supporting start-ups, business sustainability and scale-ups in

		disadvantaged or vulnerable groups. [Am. 105].	particular projects, based on market-driven opportunities and paying attention to the particular needs of new potential entrepreneurs as well as underrepresented groups.
124.	Art. 8 par. 3a (new)	3a. When implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b), the Commission may, in addition to the actions referred to in points (a) to (f) of paragraph 3 of this Article, support the following specific actions:	Green (deletion)
125.	Art. 8 par. 3a point (a) (new)	(a) accelerating, supporting and expanding advisory services through the Enterprise Europe Network in order to provide integrated business with a onestop-shop support service to Union SMEs that seek to explore opportunities in the internal market and in the third countries, and to monitor in	Green (deletion)

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		order to ensure that a comparable level of quality of service is provided by the latter throughout all the Member States;	
126.	Art. 8 par. 3a point (b) (new)	(b) supporting the creation of enterprise networks;	Green (deletion)
127.	Art. 8 par. 3a point (c) (new)	(c) supporting and expanding mobility programmes for new entrepreneurs ("Erasmus for Young Entrepreneurs") to improve their ability to develop their entrepreneurial know-how, skill and attitude and to improve their technological capacity and enterprise management;	Green (deletion)

128.	Art. 8 par. 3a point (d) (new)	(d) supporting the scale-up of SMEs through significant business extension projects based on market-driven opportunities (SME Scale-up instrument);	Green (deletion)
129.	Art. 8 par. 3a point (e) (new)	(e) supporting sector- specific actions in areas characterised by a high proportion of micro-enterprises and SMEs and a high contribution to the Union's GDP, such as the tourism sector.	Green (deletion)
130.	Art. 8 par. 3b (new)	3b. Actions undertaken through the Enterprise Europe Network referred to in point (a) of paragraph (3a) of this Article may include, inter alia:	Green (deletion)
131.	Art. 8 par. 3b point (a)	(a) facilitating internationalisation of SMEs and identification of business	Green (deletion)

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	(new)	partners in the internal market, cross border business cooperation on R&D, technology, knowledge and innovation transfer partnership;	
132.	Art. 8 par. 3b point (b) (new)	(b) providing information, guidance and personalised advice on Union law, Union's financing and funding opportunities as well as on Union's initiatives that have an impact on business, including taxation, property rights, environment and energy-related obligations, labour and social security aspects;	Green (deletion)
133.	Art. 8 par. 3b point (c) (new)	(c) facilitating SMEs' access to environmental, climate, energy efficiency and performance expertise;	Green (deletion)

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134.	Art. 8 par. 3b point (d) subpar. 1 (new)	(d) enhancing the network with other information and advisory networks of the Union and Member States, in particular, EURES the Union innovation Hubs and the InvestEu advisory Hub.	Green (deletion)
135.		Services delivered by the Network on behalf of other Union programmes shall be funded by those programmes.	Green (deletion)
136.	Art. 8 par. 3b point (d) subpar. 2 (new)	The Commission shall prioritise actions in the Network to improve parts or elements of it that do not comply with minimum standard in order to provide homogenous support to micro enterprises and SMEs throughout the Union.	Green (deletion)

137.	Art. 8 par. 3b point (d) subpar. 2 (new)	The Commission shall adopt implementing acts establishing indicators and minimum standards for the purpose of measuring the impact of the Network vis-à-vis the specific objectives and the effectiveness of the actions for SMEs.	Green (deletion)
138.	Art. 8 par. 3b point (d) subpar. 3 (new)	Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 21(2).	Green (deletion)
139.	Art. 8 par. 3b point (d) subpar. 4 (new)	The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to establish additional forms of support to the SMEs not provided for in this paragraph. [Am. 107]	Green (deletion)

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140.	Art. 8 par. 4	4. The actions set out in Articles 15 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 and implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation shall be eligible for funding.	4. The actions set out in Articles 15 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 and implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation shall be eligible for funding.	4. The actions set out in Articles 15 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 and implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation shall be eligible for funding.	Green 4. The actions set out in Articles 15 and 16 of Regulation (EU) N 1025/2012 and implementing th specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation shall be eligible for funding.
141.	Art. 8 par. 5	5. The actions providing support for activities aimed at developing, applying, assessing and monitoring international standards in the fields of financial reporting and auditing and overseeing their standard-setting processes and implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii) shall be eligible for funding.	5. The actions providing support for activities aimed at developing, applying, assessing and monitoring international standards in the fields of financial reporting and auditing and overseeing their standardsetting processes and implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii) shall be eligible for funding.	5. The actions providing support for activities aimed at developing, applying, assessing and monitoring international standards in the fields of financial reporting and auditing and overseeing their standard-setting processes and implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii) shall be eligible for funding.	Green The actions providing support for activities aimed at developing, applying, assessing and monitoring international standards in the fields of financial <i>and non-financial</i> reporting and auditing and overseeing their standard-setting processes and implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii) shall be eligible for funding.

142.	Art. 8 par. 5a (new)	5a. The following actions implementing the specific objectives referred to in Article $3(2)(d)(i)$ shall be eligible for funding:	Green In particular, the following actions implementing the objectives referred in Article 3 (2) (d) (i) shall be eligible <i>for funding</i> :
143.	Art. 8 par. 5a point (a) (new)	(a) improving consumer awareness and education on consumer rights through life- long education on EU consumer rules, and empowering consumers to face new issues raised by technological development and digitalisation, including the specific needs of vulnerable consumers;	(a) improving awareness, digital literacy and life-long education of consumers on their rights including regarding issues raised by technological development and digitalisation, including addressing the particular needs of vulnerable consumers;
144.	Art. 8 par. 5a point (b) (new)	(b) ensuring and facilitating access for all consumers and traders to quality out of court dispute resolution and online dispute resolution and information on redress	Green (b) facilitating access for all consumers and traders to quality out of court dispute resolution and online dispute resolution and to information on redress

		possibilities;	possibilities;
145.	Art. 8 par. 5a point (c) (new)	(c) supporting stronger enforcement of consumer laws, with a particular attention for cross-border cases or cases involving third parties, effective coordination and cooperation between national enforcement bodies and enforcement cooperation with third countries.	Green (c) supporting stronger enforcement of consumer law by competent authorities, including in situations where traders <i>are</i> established in third countries, notably through efficient cooperation and joint actions;
146.	Art. 8 par. 5a point (d) (new)	(d) fostering sustainable consumption by raising consumer awareness on product's durability and environmental impact, ecodesign features, promotion of consumers rights in this respect and possibility for redress in case of early-failing products. [Am. 108]	Green (d) fostering sustainable consumption notably by raising consumer awareness on products' environmental performance, <i>such as</i> durability and eco-design features, as well as fostering the application of consumer rights and redress possibilities in relation to misleading practices.

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147.	Art. 8 par. 6	6. The actions set out in Annex I implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) shall be eligible for funding.	6. The actions set out in Annex I implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) shall be eligible for funding.	6. The actions set out in Annex I implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) shall be eligible for funding.	Green 6. The actions set out in Annex I implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) shall be eligible for funding.
148.	Art. 8 par. 7	7. The actions set out in Annex II implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) shall be eligible for funding.	7. The actions set out in Annex II implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) shall be eligible for funding.	7. The actions set out in Annex II implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) shall be eligible for funding.	Green 7. The actions set out in Annex I implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) shall be eligible for funding.
149.			Article 9		
150.	Title	Eligible entities	Eligible entities	Eligible entities	Green Eligible entities
151.	Art. 9 par. 1	1. The eligibility criteria set out in paragraphs 2 to 7 of this Article shall apply in addition to the criteria set out in Article 197 of the Financial Regulation.	1. The eligibility criteria set out in paragraphs 2 to 7 of this Article shall apply in addition to the criteria set out in Article 197 of the Financial Regulation.	1. The eligibility criteria set out in paragraphs 2 to 7 of this Article shall apply in addition to the criteria set out in Article 197 of the Financial Regulation.	Green 1. The eligibility criteria set out in paragraphs 2 to 7 of this Article shall apply in addition to the criteria set out in Article 197 of the Financial Regulation.

152.	Art. 9 par. 2	2. In addition to eligibility conditions laid down in paragraphs 3 to 7, the following entities shall be eligible under the Programme:	2. In addition to eligibility conditions laid down in paragraphs 3 to 7, the following entities shall be eligible under the Programme:	2. In addition to eligibility conditions laid down in paragraphs 3 to 7, the following entities shall be eligible under the Programme:	Green 2. In addition to eligibility conditions laid down in paragraphs 3 to 7, the following entities shall be eligible under the Programme:
153.	Art. 9 par. 2 point (a)	(a) legal entities established in any of the following countries:	(a) legal entities established in any of the following countries:	(a) legal entities established in any of the following countries:	Green (a) legal entities established in any of the following countries:
154.	Art. 9 par. 2 point (a) point (i)	(i) a Member State or an overseas country or territory linked to it;	(i) a Member State or an overseas country or territory linked to it;	(i) a Member State or an overseas country or territory linked to it;	Green (i) a Member State or an overseas country or territory linked to it;
155.	Art. 9 par. 2 point (a) point (ii)	(ii) a third country associated to the Programme in accordance with Article 5;	(ii) a third country associated to the Programme in accordance with Article 5;	(ii) a third country associated to the Programme in accordance with Article 5;	Green (ii) a third country associated to the Programme in accordance with Article 5;
156.	Art. 9 par. 2 point (b)	(b) any legal entity created under Union law or any international organisation;	(b) any legal entity created under Union law or any international organisation;	(b) any legal entity created under Union law or any international organisation;	Green (b) any legal entity created under Union law or any international organisation;
157.	Art. 9	(c) legal entities established	(c) legal entities established	(c) legal entities established in a	Green

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	par. 2 point (c)	in a third country which is not associated to the Programme are exceptionally eligible to participate, provided that the action pursues Union objectives and the activities outside the Union contribute to the effectiveness of interventions carried out in Member State territories to which the Treaties apply.	in a third country which is not associated to the Programme are exceptionally eligible to participate, provided that the action pursues Union objectives and the activities outside the Union contribute to the effectiveness of interventions carried out in Member State territories to which the Treaties apply.	third country which is not associated to the Programme are exceptionally eligible to participate, provided that the action pursues Unionthe objectives of the Programme and the activities outside the Union contribute to the effectiveness of interventions carried out in Member State territories to which the Treaties apply.	(c) legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme are exceptionally eligible to participate, provided that the action pursues Unionthe objectives of the Programme and the activities outside the Union contribute to the effectiveness of interventions carried out in Member State territories to which the Treaties apply.
158.	Art. 9 par. 3 - subpar. 1 - introducto ry part	3. Legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme may participate in the following actions:	3. The Commission may allow legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme may to participate in the following actions: [Am. 109]	3. Legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme may participate in the following actions:	Green 3. Legal entities established in a third country which is not associated to the Programme may participate in the following actions:
159.	Art. 9 par. 3 point (a)	(a) actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b);	(a) actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b);	(a) actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b);	Green (a) actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b);

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160.	Art. 9 par. 3 point (b)	(b) actions supporting consumer protection implementing the specific objective in referred to Article 3(2)(d)(i).	(b) actions supporting consumer protection implementing the specific objective in referred to Article 3(2)(d)(i).	(b) actions supporting consumer protection implementing the specific objective in referred to Article 3(2)(d)(i).	Green (b) actions supporting consumer protection implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i).
161.	Art. 9 par. 3 subpar. 2	The entities participating in the actions referred to in points a) and b) shall not be entitled to receive Union financial contributions, except where it is essential for the Programme, in particular in terms of competitiveness and access to markets for Union enterprises or in terms of protection of the consumers residing in the Union. That exception shall not apply to profit-making entities.	The entities participating in the actions referred to in points (a) and (b) shall not be entitled to receive Union financial contributions, especially when there is a risk of transfer of innovative technology, except where it is essential for the Programme, in particular in terms of competitiveness and access to markets for Union enterprises or in terms of protection of the consumers residing in the Union. That exception shall not apply to profit-making entities. [Am. 110]	actions referred to in points a) and b) shall not be entitled to receive Union financial contributions, except where it is essential for the Programme, in particular in terms of competitiveness and access to markets for Union enterprises or in terms of protection of the consumers residing in the Union. That exception shall not apply to profit-making entities.	Green The entities participating in the actions referred to in points a) and b) shall not be entitled to receive Union financial contributions, except where it is essential for the Programme, in particular in terms of competitiveness and access to markets for Union enterprises or in terms of protection of the consumers residing in the Union That exception shall not apply to profit-making entities.
162.	Art. 9 par. 4	4. For actions implementing the specific	4. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to	4. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in	Green

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		objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation, the entities specified in Articles 15 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 shall be eligible.	in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation, the entities specified in Articles 15 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 shall be eligible.	Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation, the entities specified in Articles 15 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 shall be eligible.	4. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation, the entities specified in Articles 15 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 shall be eligible.
163.	Art. 9 par. 5	5. For actions supporting consumer protection implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) and related to the European Consumer Centres Network, the following bodies shall be eligible:	5. For actions supporting consumer protection implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) and related to the European Consumer Centres Network, the following bodies shall be eligible:	5. For actions supporting consumer protection implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) and related to the European Consumer Centres Network, the following bodies shall be eligible:	Green 5. For actions supporting consumer protection implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) and related to the European Consumer Centres Network, the following bodies shall be eligible:
164.	Art. 9 par. 5 point (a)	(a) a body designated by a Member State or a third country referred to in Article 5 which is a non-profit-making body selected through a transparent procedure;	(a) a body designated by a Member State or a third country referred to in Article 5 which is a non-profit-making body selected through a transparent procedure;	(a) a body designated by a Member State or a third country referred to in Article 5 which is a non-profit-making body selected through a transparent procedure;	Green (a) a body designated by a Member State or a third country referred to in Article 5 which is a non-profit-making body selected through a transparent procedure;
165.	Art. 9 par. 5	(b) a public body.	(b) a public body.	(b) a public body.	Green (b) a public body.

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	point (b)				
166.	Art. 9 par. 6 subpar. 1	6. Third countries, associated or not associated to the Programme shall be eligible for the following actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e):	6. Third countries, associated or not associated to the Programme shall be eligible for the following actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e):	6. Third countries, associated or not associated to the Programme shall be eligible for the following actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e):	Green 6. Third countries, associated or not associated to the Programme shall be eligible for the followin actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e):
167.	Art. 9 par. 6 subpar. 1 point (a)	(a) protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country or a Member State, of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III or plant pests listed in the work programme referred to in Article 16;	(a) protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country or a Member State, of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III or plant pests listed in the work programme referred to in Article 16;	(a) protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country or a Member State, of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III or plant pests listed in the work programme referred to in Article 16;	Green (a) protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the status of health in the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country or a Member State of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III or plant pests listed in the work programme referred to in Article 16;
168.	Art. 9 par. 6	(b) protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken	(b) protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in	(b) protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in	Green (b) protection measures, or other

point (b) plants in the Union. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to amend Annex III where it is necessary to take account of the situations that are provoked by those animal diseases that have a significant impact on livestock production or trade, the development of zoonoses which pose a threat to humans, or new scientific or epidemiological developments, as well as of the animal diseases which are likely to constitute a new threat for the Union. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to amend Annex III where it is necessary to take account of the situations that are provoked by those animal diseases that have a significant impact on livestock production or trade, the development of zoonoses which as well as of the animal diseases which are likely to constitute a new threat for the Union. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to amend Annex III where it is necessary to take account of the situations that are provoked by those animal diseases that have a significant impact on livestock production or trade, the development of zoonoses which pose a threat to humans, or new scientific or epidemiological developments, as well as of the animal diseases which are likely to constitute a new threat for the Union. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to amend Annex III where it is necessary to take account of the situations that are provoked by those animal diseases that have a significant impact on livestock production or trade, the development of zoonoses which pose a threat to humans, or new scientific or epidemiological developments, as well as of the animal diseases which are likely to constitute a new threat for the Union.	T		Т	1	
par. 6 subpar. 2 to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to amend Annex III where it is necessary to take account of the situations that are provoked by those animal diseases that have a significant impact on livestock production or trade, the development of zoonoses which pose a threat to humans, or new scientific or epidemiological developments, as well as of the animal diseases which are likely to constitute a new threat for the Union. The Commission is em to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to amend Annex III where it is necessary to take account of the situations that are provoked by those animal diseases that have a significant impact on livestock production or trade, the development of zoonoses which pose a threat to humans, or new scientific or epidemiological developments, as well as of the animal diseases which are likely to constitute a new threat for the Union. The Commission is em to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to amend Annex III where it is necessary to take account of the situations that are provoked by those animal diseases that have a significant impact on livestock production or trade, the development of zoonoses which pose a threat to humans, or new scientific or epidemiological developments, as well as of the animal diseases which are likely to constitute a new threat for the Union.					relevant activities, taken in support of the health status of plants in the Union.
	par. 6	to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to amend Annex III where it is necessary to take account of the situations that are provoked by those animal diseases that have a significant impact on livestock production or trade, the development of zoonoses which pose a threat to humans, or new scientific or epidemiological developments, as well as of the animal diseases which are likely to constitute a	to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to amend Annex III where it is necessary to take account of the situations that are provoked by those animal diseases that have a significant impact on livestock production or trade, the development of zoonoses which pose a threat to humans, or new scientific or epidemiological developments, as well as of the animal diseases which are likely to constitute a new threat for the	to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to amend Annex III where it is necessary to take account of the situations that are provoked by those animal diseases that have a significant impact on livestock production or trade, the development of zoonoses which pose a threat to humans, or new scientific or epidemiological developments, as well as of the animal diseases which are likely to constitute a new threat for the Unionoccurrence of animal diseases and zoonoses which are not covered by Union legal	The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to amend Annex III where it is necessary to take account of the situations that are provoked by those animal diseases that have significant impact on livestock production or trade, the development of zoonoses which pose a threat to humans, or new scientific or epidemiological developments, as well as of the animal diseases which are likely to constitute a new threat for the Unionoccurrence of new animal diseases and zoonoses which are not covered by Union legal acts referred to in

170.	Art. 9 par. 6 subpar. 3	Except in case of animal diseases and plant pests having a substantial impact on the Union, in principle, non-associated countries should finance themselves their participation in the actions referred to in points (a) and (b).	Except in case of animal diseases and plant pests having a substantial impact on the Union, in principle, non-associated countries should finance themselves their participation in the actions referred to in points (a) and (b).	Except in case of animal diseases and plant pests having a substantial impact on the Union, in principle, non-associated countries should finance themselves their participation in the actions referred to in points (a) and (b).	Green Except in case of animal disease and plant pests having a substantial impact on the Union, in principle, non-associated countries should finance themselves their participation in the actions referred to in points (a) and (b).
171.	Art. 9 par. 7	7. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, the following legal entities shall be eligible:	7. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, the following legal entities shall be eligible:	7. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, the following legal entities shall be eligible:	Green 7. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation the following legal entities shall be eligible:
172.	Art. 9 par. 7 point (a)	(a) national statistical institutes and other national authorities as referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009;	(a) national statistical institutes and other national authorities as referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009;	(a) national statistical institutes and other national authorities as referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009;	Green (a) national statistical institutes and other national authorities as referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009;

173.	Art. 9 par. 7 point (b)	(b) for actions supporting collaborative networks, other bodies operating in the field of statistics that are not the authorities referred to in point (a) of this paragraph;	(b) for actions supporting collaborative networks, other bodies operating in the field of statistics that are not the authorities referred to in point (a) of this paragraph;	(b) for actions supporting collaborative networks, as referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009, other bodies operating in the field of statistics that are not the authorities referred to in point (a) of this paragraph;	Green (b) for actions supporting collaborative networks, as referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009, other bodies operating in the field of statistics that are not the authorities referred to in point (a of this paragraph;
174.	Art. 9 par. 7 point (c)	(c) non-profit making entities, which are independent of industry, commercial and business or other conflicting interests, and have as their primary objectives and activities the promotion and support of the implementation of the European statistics Code of Practice referred to in Article 11 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 and the implementation of new methods of production of European statistics aiming at efficiency gains and quality improvements	(c) non-profit making entities, which are independent of industry, commercial and business or other conflicting interests, and have as their primary objectives and activities the promotion and support of the implementation of the European statistics Code of Practice referred to in Article 11 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 and the implementation of new methods of production of European statistics aiming at efficiency gains and quality improvements at Union level.	(c) non-profit making entities, which are independent of industry, commercial and business or other conflicting interests, and have as their primary objectives and activities the promotion and support of the implementation of the European statistics Code of Practice referred to in Article 11 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 and or the implementation of new methods of production of European statistics aiming at efficiency gains and quality improvements at Union level.	Green (c) non-profit making entities, which are independent of industry, commercial and business or other conflicting interests, and have as their primary objectives and activities the promotion and support of the implementation of the European statistics Code of Practice referred to in Article 11 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 andor the implementation of new methods of production of European statistics aiming at efficiency gains and quality

		at Union level.			improvements at Union level			
	Article 10							
175.	Title	Designated beneficiaries	Designated beneficiaries	Designated beneficiaries	Green Designated beneficiaries			
176.	Art. 10, par. 1	The following entities may be awarded a grant under the Programme without a call for proposals:	The following entities may be awarded a grant under the Programme without a call for proposals:	The following entities may be awarded a grant under the Programme without a call for proposals:	Green The following entities may be awarded a grant under the Programme without a call for proposals:			
177.	Art. 10, par. 1, point (a)	(a) for actions in the area of market surveillance implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a) of this Regulation, the market surveillance authorities of the Member States as referred to in Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 and Article 11 of [Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council	(a) for actions in the area of market surveillance implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii) of this Regulation, the market surveillance authorities of the Member States as referred to in Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 and Article 11 of [Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules and	(a) for actions in the area of market surveillance implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a) of this Regulation, the market surveillance authorities of the Member States as referred to in Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 and Article 11 of [Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules and	Yellow EP suggestion, Council to check (a) for actions in the area of market surveillance implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii) of this Regulation, the market surveillance authorities of the Member States as referred to in Article 17 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 and Article 10 of Regulation (EU) 2019/102			

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		laying down rules and procedures for compliance with and enforcement of Union harmonisation legislation on products] ⁹⁷ ; 97 COM(2017) 795 final	procedures for compliance with and enforcement of Union harmonisation legislation on products] ⁹⁷ ; [Am. 111] 97 COM(2017) 795 final	procedures for compliance with and enforcement of Union harmonisation legislation on products] ¹¹¹ ; The state of Union harmonisation legislation on products] ¹¹¹ ; The state of Union harmonisation legislation on products] ¹¹¹ ;	[Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules as procedures for compliance with and enforcement of United harmonisation legislation of products] Products] Products] Products] Products] Products Product
178.	Art.10, par. 1, point (b)	(b) for actions in the area accreditation and market surveillance implementing the specific objective referred to in	(b) for actions in the area accreditation and market surveillance implementing the specific objective referred to in	(b) for actions in the area accreditation and market surveillance implementing the specific objective referred to in	Yellow EP suggestion, Council to chec
		Article 3(2)(a) of this Regulation, the body recognised under Article 14 of Regulation	Article 3(2)(a)(i) of this Regulation, the body recognised under Article 14 of Regulation	Article 3(2)(a) of this Regulation, the body recognised under Article 14 of Regulation (EC) No	(b) for actions in the area accreditation and mark

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		(EC) No 765/2008 to carry out the activities referred to in Article 32 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008;	(EC) No 765/2008 to carry out the activities referred to in Article 32 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008; [Am. 112]	765/2008 to carry out the activities referred to in Article 32 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008;	surveillance implementing the specific objective referred to it. Article 3(2)(a)(i) of this Regulation, the body recognise under Article 14 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 to carry out the activities referred to in Article 32 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008;
179.	Art.10, par. 1, point (c)	(c) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation, the entities referred to in Article 17 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012;	(c) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation, the entities referred to in Article 17 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012;	(c) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation, the entities referred to in Articles 1715 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012;	Green c) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(i) of this Regulation, the entities referred to in Articles 1715 and 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012;
180.	Art.10, par. 1, point (d)	(d) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), the European Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG), the International Financial	(d) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), the European Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG), the International Financial	(d) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), the European Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG), the International Financial Reporting Standards Foundation and the	Green (d) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), the European Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG), the International Financial Reporting

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		Reporting Standards Foundation and the Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB);	Reporting Standards Foundation and the Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB);	Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB);	Standards Foundation and the Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB);
181.	Art.10, par. 1, point (e)	(e) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) in relation to the representation of consumers interest at the Union level, Bureau Européen des Unions de Consommateurs (BEUC) and European Association for the Coordination of Consumer Representation in Standardisation (ANEC) provided they have no conflicting interests and represent through its members the interests of Union consumers in at least two thirds of the Member States;	(e) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) in relation to the representation of consumers interest at the Union level, Bureau Européen des Unions de Consommateurs (BEUC) and European Association for the Coordination of Consumer Representation in Standardisation (ANEC) provided they have no conflicting interests and represent through its members the interests of Union consumers in at least two thirds of the Member States;	(e) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) in relation to the representation of consumers interest at the Union level, Bureau Européen des Unions de Consommateurs (BEUC) and European Association for the Coordination of Consumer Representation in Standardisation (ANEC) provided they have no conflicting interests and represent through its members the interests of Union consumers in at least two thirds of the Member States;	Green (e) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) in relation to the representation of consumers interest at the Union level, Bureau Européen des Unions de Consommateurs (BEUC) and European Association for the Coordination of Consumer Representation in Standardisation (ANEC) provided they have no conflicting interests and represent through its members the interests of Union consumers in at least two thirds of the Member States;

182.	Art.10, par. 1, point (f)	(f) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(ii), Finance Watch and Better Finance subject to the following conditions, to be assessed annually:	(f) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(ii), Finance Watch and Better Finance subject to the following conditions, to be assessed annually:	(f) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(ii), Finance Watch and Better Finance subject to the following conditions, to be assessed annually:	Green (f) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(ii), Finance Watch and Better Finance subject to the following conditions, to be assessed annually:
183.	Art.10, par. 1, point (f) point (i)	(i) the entities remain non- governmental, non-profit and independent of industry, commerce or business;	(i) the entities remain non- governmental, non-profit and independent of industry, commerce or business;	(i) the entities remain non- governmental, non-profit and independent of industry, commerce or business;	Green (i) the entities remain non-governmental, non-profit and independent of industry, commerce or business;
184.	Art.10, par. 1, point (f) point (ii)	(ii) they have no conflicting interests and represent through its members the interests of Union consumers and other end-users in the area of financial services;	(ii) they have no conflicting interests and represent through its members the interests of Union consumers and other endusers in the area of financial services;	(ii) they have no conflicting interests and represent through its members the interests of Union consumers and other end-users in the area of financial services;	Green (ii) they have no conflicting interests and represent through its members the interests of Union consumers and other endusers in the area of financial services;
185.	Art.10, par. 1, point (g)	(g) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation:	(g) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation:	(g) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation:	Green (g) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation:

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186. Art.10, (i)
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(i) the competent authorities of the Member States and their affiliated entities, the European Union Reference Laboratories and the European Union Reference Centres referred to in Articles 92, 95 and 97 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁹⁸ and international organisations;

98 Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2017 on official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the application of food and feed law, rules on animal health and welfare, plant health and plant protection products, amending Regulations (EC) No 999/2001, (EC) No 396/2005, (EC) No 1069/2009, (EC) No 1107/2009, (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 652/2014,

(i) the competent authorities of the Member States and their affiliated entities, the European Union Reference Laboratories and the European Union Reference Centres referred to in Articles 92, 95 and 97 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁹⁸ and international organisations;

98 Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2017 on official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the application of food and feed law, rules on animal health and welfare, plant health and plant protection products, amending Regulations (EC) No 999/2001, (EC) No 396/2005, (EC) No 1069/2009, (EC) No 1107/2009, (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 652/2014, (EU)

(i) the competent authorities of the Member States and their affiliated entities, the European Union Rreference Llaboratories and the European Union Reference Centres referred to in Articles 92, 95 and 97 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹¹³, the European Union reference centres referred to in **Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1012** of the European Parliament and of the Council¹¹⁴, national plant health reference laboratories, national animal health reference laboratories and international organisations;

113 Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2017 on official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the Red

EP suggestion:

(i) the competent authorities of the Member States and their affiliated entities, the European Union reference laboratories referred to in Articles 92, 95 and 97 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council, the European Union reference centers referred to in Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1012 of the European Parliament and o the Council, and the relevant international organisations, as well as the national plant health reference laboratories and the national animal health reference laboratories, without prejudice to the obligation for Member States to provide adequate financial resources fo those national reference

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(EU) 2016/429 and (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Regulations (EC) No 1/2005 and (EC) No 1099/2009 and Council Directives 98/58/EC, 1999/74/EC, 2007/43/EC, 2008/119/EC and 2008/120/EC, and repealing Regulations (EC) No 854/2004 and (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Directives 89/608/EEC, 89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC, 91/496/EEC, 96/23/EC, 96/93/EC and 97/78/EC and Council Decision 92/438/EEC (Official Controls Regulation) (OJ L 95, 7.4.2017, p. 1).

2016/429 and (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Regulations (EC) No 1/2005 and (EC) No 1099/2009 and Council Directives 98/58/EC, 1999/74/EC, 2007/43/EC, 2008/119/EC and 2008/120/EC, and repealing Regulations (EC) No 854/2004 and (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Council Directives 89/608/EEC. 89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC, 91/496/EEC, 96/23/EC, 96/93/EC and 97/78/EC and Council Decision 92/438/EEC (Official Controls Regulation) (OJ L 95, 7.4.2017, p. 1).

application of food and feed law, rules on animal health and welfare, plant health and plant protection products, amending Regulations (EC) No 999/2001, (EC) No 396/2005, (EC) No 1069/2009, (EC) No 1107/2009, (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 652/2014, (EU) 2016/429 and (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Regulations (EC) No 1/2005 and (EC) No 1099/2009 and Council Directives 98/58/EC, 1999/74/EC, 2007/43/EC, 2008/119/EC and 2008/120/EC, and repealing Regulations (EC) No 854/2004 and (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Directives 89/608/EEC, 89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC, 91/496/EEC, 96/23/EC, 96/93/EC and 97/78/EC and Council Decision 92/438/EEC (Official Controls Regulation) (OJ L 95,

laboratories in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/625 and on condition that the actions supporting the performance by those national reference laboratories of the official controls and official activities within the meaning of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 can be clearly shown to represent Union added value, and that sufficient funding is available under the Programme to support those actions.

Council suggestion

(i) the competent authorities of the Member States and their affiliated entities, the European Union Rreference Haboratories and the European Union Reference Centres referred to in Articles 92, 95 and 97 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the

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7.4.2017, p. 1).

Regulation (EU) 2016/1012 of the
European Parliament and of the Council of
8 June 2016 on zootechnical and genealogical
conditions for the breeding, trade in and entry
into the Union of purebred breeding animals,
hybrid breeding pigs and the germinal products
thereof and amending Regulation (EU) No
652/2014, Council Directives 89/608/EEC and
90/425/EEC and repealing certain acts in the
area of animal breeding ('Animal Breeding
Regulation') (OJ L 171, 29.6.2016, p. 66).

Council¹¹³, the European Union reference centres referred to in Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1012 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹¹⁴, national plant health reference laboratories, national animal health reference laboratories and international organisations;

113 Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2017 of official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the application of food and feed law, rules on animal health and welfare, plant health and plant protection products, amending Regulations (EC) No 999/2001, (EC) No 396/2005, (EC) No 1069/2009, (EC) No 1107/2009, (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 652/2014, (EU)

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the European Parliament and of
the Council, Council Regulation
(EC) No 1/2005 and (EC) No
1099/2009 and Council
Directives 98/58/EC,
1999/74/EC, 2007/43/EC,
2008/119/EC and 2008/120/EC,
and repealing Regulations (EC)
No 854/2004 and (EC) No
882/2004 of the European
Parliament and of the Council,
Council Directives 89/608/EEC,
89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC,
91/496/EEC, 96/23/EC,
96/93/EC and 97/78/EC and
Council Decision 92/438/EEC
(Official Controls Regulation)
(OJ L 95, 7.4.2017, p. 1).
114 Regulation (EU) 2016/1012 of the
European Parliament and of the Council of
8 June 2016 on zootechnical and genealogical
conditions for the breeding, trade in and entry
into the Union of purebred breeding animals,
hybrid breeding pigs and the germinal

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					products thereof and amending Regulation (EU) No 652/2014, Council Directives 89/608/EEC and 90/425/EEC and repealing certain acts in the area of animal breeding ('Animal Breeding Regulation') (OJ L 171, 29.6.2016, p. 66).
					EP does not agree in view of the available budget for the programme
187.	Art.10, par. 1, point (g) point (ii)	(ii) only in the case of actions described under Article 9(6)(a) and (b) of this Regulation, third countries, associated or not associated to the Programme;	(ii) only in the case of actions described under Article 9(6)(a) and (b) of this Regulation, third countries, associated or not associated to the Programme;	(ii) only in the case of actions described under Article 9(6)(a) and (b) of this Regulation, third countries, associated or not associated to the Programme;	Green (ii) only in the case of actions described under Article 9(6)(a) and (b) of this Regulation, third countries, associated or not associated to the Programme;
188.	Art.10, par. 1, point (h)	(h) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, the national statistical institutes and other national authorities referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	(h) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, the national statistical institutes and other national authorities referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	(h) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, the national statistical institutes and other national authorities referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	Green (h) for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation the national statistical institutes and other national authorities referred to in Article 5(2) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.

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189.	Art. 10,		With regard to point (e) of the		Red
	par. 1a		first paragraph of this Article,		New EP suggestion introducing
	(new)		the Commission is empowered to		a link to requirements and
			adopt delegated acts in		explicitly listing also 'removing'
			accordance with Article 20 to		entities, to ensure that the
			adapt the list of entities which		conditions in row 181 related to
			may be awarded a grant under		conflicting interests and
			the Programme, for actions		representation would be
			implementing the specific		enforced. Council to check, see
			objective referred to in Article		row 181
			3(2)(d)(i). [Am. 113]		
					The Commission is empowered
			1		to adopt delegated acts in
			1		accordance with Article 20 to
			1		amend this Regulation by
					adding entities that fulfil the
			1		conditions laid down in Article
					10(1), point (e) to that point and
			1		removing entities when they no
					longer fulfil the conditions.
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190.			Article 11		
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191.	Title	Evaluation and award criteria	Evaluation and award criteria	Evaluation and award criteria	Green Evaluation and award criteria
				committees	Evaluation and award Criticing

					committees
192.	Art. 11 par. 1	The evaluation committee(s) for actions implementing the specific objective(s) referred to in Article 3(2) may be composed fully or partially of external experts.	The evaluation committee(s) for actions implementing the specific objective(s) referred to in Article 3(2) may be composed fully or partially of external experts. The work of the evaluation committee(s) shall be based on the principles of transparency, equal treatment and non-discrimination. [Am. 114]	The evaluation committee(s) for actions implementing the specific objective(s) referred to in Article 3(2) may be composed fully or partially of external experts.	Green The work of the evaluation committee(s) shall be based on the general principles applicable to grants laid down in Article 188 of the Financial Regulation and in particular, on the principles of equal treatment and transparency, as well as on the principle of non-discrimination.
193.			Article 12		
194.	Title	Co-financing rules	Co-financing rules	Co-financing rules	Green Co-financing rules
195.	Art.12, par.1	1. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a) of this Regulation with	1. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii) of this Regulation	1. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a) of this Regulation with reference to market	Yellow EP suggestion, related to agreement on 3(2)(a)(ii)

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reference to market surveillance authorities of the Member States and of the third countries associated to the Programme and with reference to Union testing facilities as referred to in Article 20 of [Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules and procedures for compliance with and enforcement of Union harmonisation legislation on products], the Programme may finance up to 100% of eligible costs of an action, provided that the co-financing principle as defined in the Financial Regulation is not infringed.

with reference to market surveillance authorities of the Member States and of the third countries associated to the Programme and with reference to Union testing facilities as referred to in Article 20 of [Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules and procedures for compliance with and enforcement of Union harmonisation legislation on products], the Programme may finance up to 100% of eligible costs of an action, provided that the co-financing principle as defined in the Financial Regulation is not infringed. [Am. 115]

surveillance authorities of the Member States and of the third countries associated to the Programme and with reference to Union testing facilities as referred to in Article 20 of [Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules and procedures for compliance with and enforcement of Union harmonisation legislation on products], the Programme may finance up to 100 % of eligible costs of an action, provided that the co-financing principle as defined in Article 190 of the Financial Regulation is not infringed.

1. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(a)(ii) of this Regulation with reference to market surveillance authorities of the Member States and of the third countries associated to the Programme and with reference to Union testing facilities as referred to in Article 21 of Regulation (EU) 2019/1020 [Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules and procedures for compliance with and enforcement of Union harmonisation legislation on products], the Programme may finance up to 100 % of eligible costs of an action, provided that the co-financing principle as defined in Article 190 of the Financial Regulation is not infringed.

Green

12.1a (new) For grants for financial support actions in the context of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b) of this Regulation, the co-financing rate shall be up to 100% of the eligible costs for financial support to third parties and up to 90% of the eligible costs for the other cost categories. For European Enterprise Network actions in the context of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b) of this Regulation, the co-financing rate shall be up to 100% of the eligible costs for additional coordination and networking costs and up to 60% of the eligible costs for the other cost categories. Moreover, eligible indirect costs shall be determine by applying a flat rate of 25 % of the total direct eligible costs for subcontracting, financial support to third parties and any unit cost or lump sums which include indirect costs.

196.	Art.12, par. 2	2. For grants awarded to the Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB) implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), if funding by the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) in a given year reaches more than two-thirds of the total annual funding, the annual contribution for that year shall be limited to a maximum amount specified in the work programme referred to in Article 16.	2. For grants awarded to the Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB) implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), if funding by the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) in a given year reaches more than two-thirds of the total annual funding, the annual contribution for that year shall be limited to a maximum amount specified in the work programme referred to in Article 16.	2. For grants awarded to the Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB) implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), if funding by the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) in a given year reaches more than two-thirds of the total annual funding, the annual contribution for that year shall be limited to a maximum amount specified in the work programme referred to in Article 16(1).	Green 2. For grants awarded to the Public Interest Oversight Board (PIOB) implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), if funding by the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) in a given year reaches more than two-thirds of the total annual funding the annual contribution for that year shall be limited to a maximum amount specified in the work programme referred to in Article 16(1).
197.	Art.12, par. 2a (new)			2a. For grants awarded to ANEC as referred to in Article 10(e) of this Regulation, the Programme may finance up to 95 % of the eligible costs.	Green 2a. For grants awarded to ANEC as referred to in Article 10(e) of this Regulation, the Programme may finance up to 95 % of the eligible costs.

198.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1	3. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation, the Programme may finance up to 100 % of the eligible costs, provided that the co-financing principle as defined in Article 190 of the Financial Regulation is not infringed.	3. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation, the Programme may finance up to 100 % of the eligible costs, provided that the co-financing principle as defined in Article 190 of the Financial Regulation is not infringed.	3. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation, the Programme may finance up to 100 % of the eligible costs, provided that the co-financing principle as defined in Article 190 of the Financial Regulation is not infringed.	Green 3. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation, the Programme may finance up to 100 % of the eligible costs, provided that the co-financing principle as defined in Article 190 of the Financial Regulation is not infringed.
199.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 2			For the actions referred to in Annex I, points 1. and 2., the co-financing rate applied shall be, as a general principle, at least 50 % of the eligible costs. The following exceptions apply:	Red Council suggestion For the actions referred to in Annex I, [par. 1] points 1. and 2., the co-financing rate applied shall be 50 % of the eligible costs, with the following exceptions apply: EP suggestion "For the actions referred to in Annex I, points 1 and 2, the co-financing rate applied shall not exceed be, as a general

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				principle, at least 50 % of the eligible costs. The following exceptions apply: () Note: EP suggests deletion in row 207
200.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1 point (a)		(a) The rate shall be increased to 75 % of the eligible costs in respect of:	Yellow Council suggestion (see an explanation in row 199) (a) The rate shall be 75% of the eligible costs, in respect of:
201.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1 point (a) point (i)		(i) cross-border activities implemented together by two or more Member States in order to control, prevent or eradicate plant pests or animal diseases;	Yellow (i) cross-border activities implemented together by two or more Member States in order to control, prevent or eradicate plant pests or anima diseases;
202.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1 point (a)		(ii) Member States whose gross national income per inhabitant based on the latest Eurostat data is less than 90 % of the	Yellow (ii) Member States whose gros national income per inhabitan based on the latest Eurostat

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	point (ii)		<u>Union average.</u>	data is less than 90 % of the Union average.
203.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1 point (b)		(b) The maximum rate may be increased to 100 % of the eligible costs where the activities benefitting from the Union contribution concern the prevention and control of serious human, plant and animal health risks for the Union, and:	Yellow Council suggestion (b) Without prejudice to Article 190 of the Financial Regulation, the rate shall be 100% of the eligible costs, where the activities benefitting from the Union contribution concern the prevention and control of serious human, plan and animal health risks for the Union, and
204.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1 point (b) point (i)		(i) are designed to avoid human casualties or major economic disruptions for the Union as a whole;	Yellow (i) are designed to avoid human casualties or major economic disruptions for the Union as a whole;
205.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1 point (b)		(ii) are specific tasks which are indispensable for the Union as a whole as laid down by the Commission in the work	Yellow (ii) are specific tasks which are indispensable for the Union as a whole as laid down by the Commission in the work

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	point (ii)	programme adopted in accordance with Article 16; or	programme adopted in accordance with Article 16; or
206.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1 point (b) point (iii)	(iii) are implemented in third countries.	Yellow (iii) are implemented in third countries.
207.	Art.12, par. 3 subpar. 1 point (c)	(c) With the assistance of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed, the co-financing rate may be reviewed due to budgetary availability, insufficient implementation of the programme or the emergency measure, or the phasing-out of the co-financing of actions against animal diseases or plant pests.	Red Council suggestion (see an explanation in row 199) (c) On the grounds of budgetary availability, insufficient implementation of the programme or the emergency measure, or the phasing-out of the co- financing of actions against animal diseases or plant pests, the co-financing rates referred to in this subparagraph may be lower than respectively 50%, 75% or 100%. Such lower co-

					financing rates shall be fixed and applied to the
					programmes adopted in accordance with Article 16.
					EP suggestion: Deletion
208.	Art.12, par. 4	4. For actions implementing the specific	4. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to	4. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in	Green
		objective referred to in Article	in Article 3(2)(f) of this	Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation,	4. For actions implementing the
		3(2)(f) of this Regulation, the	Regulation, the Programme may	the Programme may finance up to	specific objective referred to in
		Programme may finance up to	finance up to 95 % of the	95 % of the eligible costs of	Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation
		95 % of the eligible costs of	eligible costs of actions	actions supporting collaborative	the Programme may finance up
		actions supporting collaborative networks as referred to in	supporting collaborative networks as referred to in Article	networks as referred to in Article	to 95 % of the eligible costs of actions supporting collaborative
		Article 15 of Regulation (EC)	15 of Regulation (EC) No	15 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	networks as referred to in Article
		No 223/2009.	223/2009.	22312007.	15 of Regulation (EC) No
					223/2009.
209.		1	Article 13	1	
210.	Title	Eligible costs	Eligible costs	Eligible costs related to	Green
				programmes and emergency	Eligible costs related to
				<u>measures</u>	programmes and emergency

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						<u>measures</u>
	211.	Art. 13 par. 1			1. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e), costs incurred for measures referred to in Annex I, points 2.1a.1. and 2.1a.2. as regards the execution of the programmes may qualify for grants, if they fulfil the criteria set out in Article 186 of the Financial Regulation.	Green 1. For actions implementing the specific objective referred to it. Article 3(2)(e), costs incurres for measures referred to it. Annex I, points 2.1a.1. and 2.1a.2. as regards the execution of the programmes may qualify for grants, if they fulfil the criteria set out in Article 186 of the Financial Regulation.
	212.	Art. 13 par. 2 subpar. 1	In addition to the criteria set out in Article 186 of the Financial Regulation, the following costeligibility criteria shall apply for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation:	In addition to the criteria set out in Article 186 of the Financial Regulation, the following costeligibility criteria shall apply for actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation:	2. In addition to the criteria set out in Article 186 of the Financial Regulation, the following costeligibility criteria shall apply for actionsemergency measures referred to in Annex I, points 1.4.1. and 1.4.2. implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) of this Regulation:	Green 2. In addition to the costeligibility criteria set out in Article 186 of the Financial Regulation, the costs incurred by the Member States for implementing the emergency measures referred to in Annex I, points 1.4.1. and 1.4.2 implementing the specific objective referred to in Article

					3(2)(e) of this Regulation:
213.	Art.13, par. 2, subpar. 1, point (a)	(a) as referred to in Article 193(2)(b) of the Financial Regulation costs shall be eligible prior to the start date of the action;	(a) as referred to in Article 193(2)(b) of the Financial Regulation costs shall be eligible prior to the start date of the action;	(a) as referred to in Article 193(2)(b) of the Financial Regulation costs shall be eligible prior to the start date of the action;	Green (a) shall be eligible prior to the date of submission of the grant application, as referred to <i>in</i> Article 193, second subparagraph, point (b) of the Financial Regulation.
214.	Art.13, par. 2, subpar. 1, point (b)	(b) such costs may also be eligible as a result of taking measures in relation to suspected occurrence of a disease or presence of a pest, provided that that occurrence or presence is subsequently confirmed.	(b) such costs may also be eligible as a result of taking measures in relation to suspected occurrence of a disease or presence of a pest, provided that that occurrence or presence is subsequently confirmed.	(b) such costs may also be eligible as a result of taking measures in relation to suspected occurrence of a disease or presence of a pest, provided that that occurrence or presence is subsequently confirmed.	Green b) may be eligible from the date of the suspected occurrence of an animal disease or the presence of a plant pest, provided that that occurrence or presence is subsequently confirmed.
215.	Art.13, par. 2, subpar. 2	Costs referred to in point (a) of the first paragraph shall be eligible from the date of	Costs referred to in point (a) of the first paragraph shall be eligible from the date of	Costs referred to in point (a) of the firstthis paragraph, to be laid down in the specific work	Green The submission of the grant

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		notification of the occurrence of the disease or presence of the pest to the Commission.	notification of the occurrence of the disease or presence of the pest to the Commission.	programme as adopted in accordance with Article 16, shall be eligible from the date of notification of the occurrence of the disease or presence of the pest to the Commission.	application shall be preceded by the notification to the Commission of the occurrence of the animal disease in accordance with the provisions of Articles 19 or 20 [and rules adopted on the basis of Article 23] of Regulation (EU) 2016/429 ('Animal Health Law'), or the presence of the plant pest in accordance with the provisions of Articles 9, 10 or 11 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 ("Plant Health Law").
216.			Article 14	,	
217.	Title	Cumulative, complementary and combined funding	Cumulative, complementary and combined funding	Cumulative, complementary and combined funding	Green Cumulative and Alternative funding

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218.	Art. 14, par. 1	1. An action that has received a contribution from another Union programme may also receive a contribution under the Programme, provided that the contributions do not cover the same costs. The rules of each contributing Union programme shall apply to its respective contribution to the action. The cumulative funding shall not exceed the total eligible costs of the action and the support from the different Union programmes may be calculated on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the documents setting out the conditions for support.	1. An action that has received a contribution from another Union programme may also receive a contribution under the Programme, provided that the contributions do not cover the same costs. The rules of each contributing Union programme shall apply to its respective contribution to the action. The cumulative funding shall not exceed the total eligible costs of the action and the support from the different Union programmes may be calculated on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the documents setting out the conditions for support.	1. An action that has received a contribution from another Union programme may also receive a contribution under the Programme, provided that the contributions do not cover the same costs. The rules of each contributing Union programme shall apply to its respective contribution to the action. The cumulative funding shall not exceed the total eligible costs of the action and the support from the different Union programmes may be calculated on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the documents setting out the conditions for support.	Green 1. An action that has received a contribution from another Union programme may also receive a contribution under the Programme, provided that the contributions do not cover the same costs. The rules of each contributing Union programme shall apply to its respective contribution to the action. The cumulative funding shall not exceed the total eligible costs of the action and the support from the different Union programmes may be calculated on a pro-rata basis in accordance with the documents setting out the conditions for support.
219.	Art. 14, par. 2 subpar. 1	2. Actions awarded a Seal of Excellence certification, or which comply with the following cumulative, comparative, conditions:	2. Actions awarded a Seal of Excellence certification, or which comply with the following cumulative, comparative, conditions:	2. (Actions awarded a Seal of Excellence certification under Horizon 2020 or Horizon Europe, or which comply with the following cumulative, comparative, conditions:	Green 2. Actions awarded a Seal of Excellence certification under this Programme by complying,

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					with the following cumulative, comparative, conditions: Note: LL EP/Council to coordinate and agree - to be dealt with at finalisation stage in line with horizontal guidance of both co-legislators.
220.	Art. 14, par. 2 subpar. 1 point (a)	(a) they have been assessed in a call for proposals under the Programme;	(a) they have been assessed in a call for proposals under the Programme;	(a) they have been assessed in a call for proposals under the Programme;	Green (a) they have been assessed in a call for proposals under the Programme;
221.	Art. 14, par. 2 subpar. 1 point (b)	(b) they comply with the minimum quality requirements of that call for proposals;	(b) they comply with the minimum quality requirements of that call for proposals;	(b) they comply with the minimum quality requirements of that call for proposals;	Green (b) they comply with the minimum quality requirements of that call for proposals;
222.	Art. 14, par. 2 subpar. 1 point (c)	(c) they may not be financed under that call for proposals due to budgetary constraints.	(c) they may not be financed under that call for proposals due to budgetary constraints.	(c) they may not be financed under that call for proposals due to budgetary constraints.	Green (c) they may not be financed under that call for proposals due to budgetary constraints,

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223. Art. 14. may receive support from the may receive support from the may receive support from the Green European Regional European Regional Development par. 2, European Regional Development Development Fund, the Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the Fund, the Cohesion Fund, the may receive support from [the subpar. 2 European Regional Developmen Cohesion Fund, the European European Social Fund Plus or the European Social Fund Plus or the Fund, the Cohesion Fund, or Social Fund Plus or the European Agricultural Fund for European Agricultural Fund for the European Social Fund Plus Development, Rural Development, in European Agricultural Fund for Rural or the European Agricultural Rural Development, in accordance with paragraph 5 of accordance with paragraph 5 of Fund for Rural Development], accordance with paragraph 5 of Article [67] of Regulation (EU) Article [67] of Regulation (EU) in accordance with paragraph 5 Article [67] of Regulation (EU) XXXX [Common Provisions [Common Provisions of Article [67] of Regulation (EU) XX [Common Provisions XX [Common Provisions Regulation] and Article [8] or Regulation (EU) XX [Financing, Regulation (EU) XX [Financing, Regulation (EU) XX Regulation (EU) XX management and monitoring of management and monitoring of [Financing, management and the Common Agricultural Policy], [Financing, management and the Common Agricultural monitoring of the Common monitoring of the Common Policy], or Regulation (EU) XX provided that such actions are Agricultural Policy, provided Agricultural Policy], provided [establishing the Digital Europe consistent with the objectives of that such actions are consisten that such actions are consistent Programme] in particular the the programme concerned. The with the objectives of the programme concerned. The with the objectives of the objective on Advanced Digital rules of the Fund providing rules of the Fund providing programme concerned. The *Skills*, provided that such actions support shall apply.)¹ support shall apply. rules of the Fund providing are consistent with the objectives support shall apply. of the programme concerned. The rules of the Fund providing support shall apply. [Am. 116]

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Discussions on this clause are still ongoing in other Council preparatory bodies. A conclusion on paragraph 2 is therefore not possible at this stage.

224.	Art. 14, par. 3	3. An operation may receive support from one or more Union programmes. In such cases expenditure declared in a payment application shall not be declared in a payment application for another programme.	3. An operation may receive support from one or more Union programmes. In such cases expenditure declared in a payment application shall not be declared in a payment application for another programme.	3. An operation may receive support from one or more Union programmes. In such cases expenditure declared in a payment application shall not be declared in a payment application for another programme.	Green 3. An operation may receive support from one or more Union programmes. In such cases expenditure declared in a payment application shall not be declared in a payment application for another programme.
225.	Art. 14, par. 4	4. The amount of expenditure to be entered into a payment application may be calculated for each programme concerned on a pro rata basis, in accordance with the document setting out the conditions for support.	4. The amount of expenditure to be entered into a payment application may be calculated for each programme concerned on a pro rata basis, in accordance with the document setting out the conditions for support.	4. The amount of expenditure to be entered into a payment application may be calculated for each programme concerned on a pro rata basis, in accordance with the document setting out the conditions for support.	Green 4. The amount of expenditure to be entered into a payment application may be calculated fo each programme concerned on a pro rata basis, in accordance with the document setting out the conditions for support.
226.	CHAPTER III BLENDING OPERATIONS				
227.	Article 15				

228.	Title	Blending operations	Blending operations	Blending operations	Green Blending operations
229.	Art. 15, par. 1	Blending operations decided under this Programme shall be implemented in accordance with the [InvestEU regulation] and Title X of the Financial Regulation.	Blending operations decided under this Programme shall be implemented in accordance with the [InvestEU regulation] and Title X of the Financial Regulation.	Blending operations decided under this Programme shall be implemented in accordance with the [InvestEU regulation] and Title X of the Financial Regulation.	Green Blending operations decided under this Programme shall be implemented in accordance with the [InvestEU regulation] and Title X of the Financial Regulation.
230.			CHAPTER	IV	
		PROGRA	MMING, MONITORING, IMPL	EMENTATION AND CONTROL	
231.			Article 16	í	
232.	Title	Implementation of the Programme	Implementation of the Programme	Implementation of the Programme	Red
233.	Art. 16 par. 1	1. The Programme shall be implemented by work programme(s) referred to in Article 110 of the Financial Regulation. Work programmes shall set out, where applicable,	1. The Programme shall be implemented by Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts pursuant to Article 20, supplementing this Regulation, in order to adopt	1. The Programme shall be implemented by work programme(s) referred to in Article 110 of the Financial Regulation. Work programmes shall set out, where applicable, the	Red

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		the overall amount reserved for blending operations.	work programme(s) referred to in accordance with Article 110 of the Financial Regulation. The work programmes shall be annual or multiannual and shall in particular set out the objectives to be pursued, the expected results, the method of implementation and the total amount of the financing plan. They shall also set out in detail a description of the actions to be financed, an indication of the amount allocated to each action and an indicative implementation timetable. Work programmes shall set out, where applicable, the overall amount reserved for blending operations. [Am. 117]	overall amount reserved for blending operations. Each of the specific objectives set out in this Regulation shall be implemented by an annual or multiannual work programme. However, where synergies between specific objectives can be achieved, the necessary provisions may be implemented in a joint work programme.	
234.	Art. 16 par. 1 subpar. 1			In order to ensure the implementation of the Programme, implementing powers are conferred on the	Red

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			Commission to adopt work programmes. Those powers should be exercised in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 21.	
235.	Art. 16 par. 1 subpar. 2		The work programme shall set out in detail:	Red
236.	Art. 16 par. 1 subpar. 2 point (a) (new)		(a) the objectives pursued for each action, which shall be in accordance with the general and specific objectives referred to in Article 3, an indication of the budgetary envelope per each of the forms of funding set out in Article 6, a total amount for all actions and an indicative implementation timetable;	Red
237.	Art. 16 par. 1 subpar. 2 point (b) (new)		(b) for grants, the essential evaluation criteria, which shall be set so as best to achieve the objectives pursued by the programme, and the maximum	Red

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		rate of co-financing.	
238.	Art. 16 par. 1 subpar. 3	Work programmes shall set out, where applicable, the overall amount reserved for blending operations.	Red
239.	Art. 16 par. 1a (new)	1a. Work programmes implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(b) shall be adopted by the Commission by means of implementing acts. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 21(1).	Red
240.	Art. 16 par. 1b (new)	1b. Work programmes implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(d)(i) shall be adopted by the Commission by means of implementing acts. Those implementing acts shall be	Red

				adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 21(2).	
241.	Art. 16 par. 2	2. Work programmes implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) as set out in Annex I shall be adopted by the Commission by means of implementing acts. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 21(2).	2. The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts pursuant to Article 20, supplementing this Regulation by adopting work programmes implementing in accordance with the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) as set out in Annex I shall be adopted by the Commission by means of implementing acts. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 21(2). [Am. 118]	2. Work programmes implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) as set out in Article 8(2) and Annex I shall be adopted by the Commission by means of implementing acts by 30 April of the year preceding their execution, provided that the draft budget is adopted. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 21(23).	Red
242.	Art. 16 par. 3	3. By derogation from paragraph 1 of this Article, actions set out in Annex II to this Regulation implementing	3. By derogation from paragraph 1 of this Article, actions set out in Annex II to this Regulation implementing	3. By derogation from paragraph 1 of this Article, actions set out in Annex II to this Regulation implementing the specific	Red

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		the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation shall be implemented in accordance with Articles 14 and 17 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation shall be implemented in accordance with Articles 14 and 17 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation shall be implemented in accordance with Articles 13, 14 and 17 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 including initiatives regarding the review of priorities, and through close and coordinated cooperation in the European Statistical System.		
243.	Article 17					
244.	Title	Monitoring and reporting	Monitoring and reporting	Monitoring and reporting	Green Monitoring and reporting	
245.	Art. 17 par. 1	1. Indicators to report on progress of the Programme towards the achievement of the specific objectives set out in Article 3(2) are set in Annex IV.	1. Indicators to report on progress of the effectiveness and efficiency of the Programme towards the achievement of the specific objectives set out in Article 3(2) are set in Annex IV. [Am. 119]	1. Indicators to report on progress of the Programme towards the achievement of the specific objectives set out in Article 3(2) are set in Annex IV.	Green 1. Indicators to report on the progress of the Programme towards the achievement of the specific objectives laid down in Article 3(2) are set out in Annex IV.	
					Green	

					17.1a. (new) When reporting on the progress of the implementation of the specific objective in Article 3(2)(b), the Commission shall present relevant contextual indicators, extracted from the SME performance review, from the Small Business Act factsheets and from any other relevant source, together with the indicators referred to in paragraph 1.
246.	Art. 17 par. 2	2. To ensure effective assessment of progress of the Programme towards the achievement of its objectives the Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to review or complement the indicators in Annex IV where	2. To ensure effective assessment of progress of the Programme towards the achievement of its objectives the Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to review or complement the indicators in Annex IV where	2. To ensure effective assessment of progress of the Programme towards the achievement of its objectives the Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20 to review or complement the indicators in Annex IV where considered necessary and to	Green 2. To ensure the effective assessment of the Programme's progress towards the achievement of its objectives, the Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 20, to

		considered necessary and to supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework.	considered necessary and to supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework.	supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework.	amend Annex IV to review or complement the indicators wher considered necessary and to supplement this Regulation with provisions on the establishment of a monitoring and evaluation framework.
247.	Art. 17 par. 3	3. The performance reporting system shall ensure that data for monitoring programme implementation and results are collected efficiently, effectively, and in a timely manner. To that end, proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed on recipients of Union funds and, where relevant, Member States.	3. The performance reporting system shall ensure that data for monitoring programme implementation and results are collected efficiently, effectively, and in a timely manner. To that end, proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed on recipients of Union funds and, where relevant, Member States.	3. The performance reporting system shall ensure that data for monitoring programme implementation and results are collected efficiently, effectively, and in a timely manner. To that end, proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed on recipients of Union funds and, where relevant, Member States.	Green 3. The performance reporting system shall ensure that data for monitoring the implementation and the results of the programme are collected efficiently, effectively and in a timely manner. To that end, proportionate reporting requirements shall be imposed o recipients of Union funds and, where appropriate, on Member States.

248.		Article 18					
249.	Title	Evaluation	Evaluation	Evaluation	Green Evaluation		
250.	Art. 18 par. 1	1. Evaluations shall be carried out in a timely manner to feed into the decision-making process.	1. Evaluations shall be carried out in a timely manner to feed into the decision-making process.	1. Evaluations shall be carried out in a timely manner to feed into the decision-making process.	Green 1. Evaluations shall be carried out in a timely manner to feed into the decision-making process		
251.	Art. 18 par. 2	2. The interim evaluation of the Programme shall be performed once there is sufficient information available about the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the start of the Programme implementation.	2. The interim evaluation of the Programme shall be performed once there is sufficient information available By [four years after the start of about the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the start] at the latest, the Commission shall draw up an interim evaluation report of the Programme implementation on the achievement of the objectives of the actions supported under it, on the results and impacts, on	2. The interim evaluation of the Programme shall be performed once there is sufficient information available about the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the start of the Programme implementation and at least six months before the submission of a new programme proposal for the next multiannual financial framework period.	The interim evaluation of the Programme shall be performed by four years after the start of the implementation of the Programme. The Commissions shall draw up an interime evaluation report to assess the performance of the Programme including aspects such a effectiveness, efficiency coherence, relevance, synergies		

			the efficiency of the use of resources and on its Union added value. [Am. 120]		within the Programme and E added value.
252.	Art. 18 par. 3	3. In relation to actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), the Commission shall prepare an annual report on the activity of the International Financial Reporting Standards Foundation as regards the development of International Financial Reporting Standards, of the PIOB and of the EFRAG. The Commission shall transmit the report to the European Parliament and to the Council.	3. In relation to actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), the Commission shall prepare an annual report on the activity of the International Financial Reporting Standards Foundation as regards the development of International Financial Reporting Standards, of the PIOB and of the EFRAG. The Commission shall transmit the report to the European Parliament and to the Council.	3. In relation to actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), the Commission shall prepare an annual report on the activity of the International Financial Reporting Standards Foundation as regards the development of International Financial Reporting Standards, of the PIOB and of the EFRAG. The Commission shall transmit the report to the European Parliament and to the Council.	Green 3. In relation to actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(c)(ii), the Commission shall prepare an annual report on the activity of the International Financial Reporting Standards Foundation as regards the development of International Financial Reporting Standards, of the PIOB and of the EFRAG. The Commission shall transmit the report to the European Parliament and to the Council.
253.	Art. 18 par. 4 subpar. 1	4. In accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009, the Commission shall consult the European	4. In accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009, the Commission shall consult the European	4. In accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009, the Commission shall consult the European Statistical System	Green 4. In accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 the Commission shall consult the

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		Statistical System Committee for the part of the evaluations that pertain to actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, prior to their adoption and submission to the European Parliament and the Council.	Statistical System Committee for the part of the evaluations that pertain to actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, prior to their adoption and submission to the European Parliament and the Council.	Committee (ESSC) for the part of the interim and final evaluations that pertain to actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, prior to their adoption and submission to the European Parliament and the Council.	European Statistical System Committee (ESSC) for the part of the interim and final evaluations that pertain to action implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, prior to their adoption and submission to the European Parliament and the Council.
254.	Art. 18 par. 4 subpar. 2			The Commission shall consult the European Statistical Advisory Committee for the part of the final evaluation that pertains to actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, prior to their adoption and submission to the European Parliament and the Council.	The Commission shall consult the European Statistical Advisory Committee for the part of the final evaluation that pertains to actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) of this Regulation, prior to their adoption and submission to the European Parliament and the Council.

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255.	Art. 18 par. 5	5. At the end of the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the end of the period specified in Article 1, a final evaluation of the Programme shall be carried out by the Commission.	5. At By [three years after the end of the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the end of the period specified in Article 1,] at the latest, the Commission shall draw up a final evaluation report on the longer term impact of the Programme shall be carried out by the Commission, on the results and sustainability of the actions and on the synergies between the different work programmes. [Am. 121]	5. At the end of the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the end of the period specified in Article 1, a final evaluation of the Programme shall be carried out by the Commission.	Green 5. At the end of the implementation of the Programme, but no later than four years after the end of the period specified in Article 1, the Commission shall draw up a final evaluation report to assess the performance of the Programme, including aspects such as effectiveness, efficiency coherence, relevance, synergies within the Programme and EU added value.
256.	Art. 18 par. 6	6. The Commission shall communicate the conclusions of the evaluations accompanied by its observations, to the	6. The Commission shall communicate the conclusions of the evaluations submit the evaluation reports referred to in	6. The Commission shall communicate the conclusions of the evaluations, accompanied by its observations and	Green 6. The Commission shall subm the evaluation reports referred to
		European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the Committee	paragraphs 2 and 5, accompanied by its observations, conclusions to the European Parliament, the Council, the	recommendations, to the European Parliament, the Council, the European Economic and Social Committee and the	in paragraphs 2 and accompanied by its conclusion and recommendations to the European Parliament, the
		Committee and the Committee	ramamont, the council, the	Social Sommittee and the	

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European Economic and Social

Committee of the Regions.

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			Committee and the Committee of the Regions and make them publicly available. Where appropriate, the reports shall be accompanied by proposals for modifications of the Programme. [Am. 122]		and Social Committee and the Committee of the Regions and make them publicly available. Where appropriate, the report shall be accompanied by proposals for follow-up actions.
257.			Article 19)	
258.	Title	Protection of the financial interests of the Union	Protection of the financial interests of the Union	[Protection of the financial interests of the Union	Green Protection of the financial interests of the Union
259.	Art. 19, par. 1	Where a third country participates in the Programme by a decision under an international agreement or by virtue of any other legal instrument, the third country shall grant the necessary rights and access required for the authorizing officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office	Where a third country participates in the Programme by a decision under an international agreement or by virtue of any other legal instrument, the third country shall grant the necessary rights and access required for the authorizing officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF), the European Court of	Where a third country participates in the Programme by a decision under an international agreement or by virtue of any other legal instrument, the third country shall grant the necessary rights and access required for the authorizing officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF), and the European Court of Auditors to comprehensively exert their respective competences. In the	Green Where a third country participates in the Programme by means of a decision adopted pursuant to an international agreement or on the basis of any other legal instrument, the third country shall grant the necessary rights and access required for the authorising officer responsible, the European Anti-Fraud Office

		(OLAF), the European Court of Auditors to comprehensively exert their respective competences. In the case of OLAF, such rights shall include the right to carry out investigations, including onthe-spot checks and inspections, provided for in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 concerning investigations conducted by (OLAF).	Auditors to comprehensively exert their respective competences. In the case of OLAF, such rights shall include the right to carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, provided for in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 concerning investigations conducted by (OLAF).	case of OLAF, such rights shall include the right to carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, <u>as provided for in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013-concerning investigations conducted by OLAF.</u>]	(OLAF), and the Court of Auditors to comprehensively exercise their respective competences. In the case of OLAF, such rights shall include the right to carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections, as provided for in Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013-concerning investigations conducted by OLAF.]
260.			Article 20)	
261.	Title	Exercise of the delegation	Exercise of the delegation	Exercise of the delegation	Red
262.	Art. 20 par. 1	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.	Red

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Note: No end clauses in the programme, consider addition of: "The power to adopt delegated acts shall be conferred on the Commission for a period of 7 years from [date of entry into force of the basic legislative act]. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than nine months before the end of the 7-year period. The delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than three months before the end of each period."	par. 2 delegated act Articles 9 an	delegated acts referred to in delegated acts referred to the Commission shall be conferred Commission until 31 D 2028. [Am. 123] Note: No end clauses in programme, consider and of: "The power to adopt delegated acts shall be con the Commission for a of 7 years from [date into force of the basic leact]. The Commission shall act]. The Commission shall act]. The Commission shall be con the delegation of power than nine months before of the 7-year period. The delegation of power shall acitly extended for period identical duration, unless European Parliament on Council opposes such export than three mon	and 17, the Commission until 31 December 2028. e gion ferred priod entry lative lative e end later la	Red
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264.	Art. 20 par. 3	3. The delegation of power referred to in Articles 9 and 17 may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	3. The delegation of power referred to in Articles 8(3b), 9, 10, 16 and 17 may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force. [Am. 124]	3. The delegation of power referred to in Articles 9 and 17 may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the <i>Official Journal</i> of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.	Red
265.	Art. 20 par. 4	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.	Red

266.	Art. 20 par. 5	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.	Red
267.	Art. 20 par. 6	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Articles 9 and 17 shall enter into force if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Articles 8(3b), 9, and 17 shall enter into force if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council. [Am. 125]	6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Articles 9 and 17 shall enter into force if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or by the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.	Red

268.		Article 21						
269.	Title	Committee procedure	Committee procedure	Committee procedure	Committee procedure			
270.	Art. 21, par1 subpar. 1			1. With regard to the specific objectives referred to in Article 3(2)(b) and (d)(i), the Commission shall be assisted by a committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011. Note: Council correction: deletion of (d)(i) covered in row 272	Red			
271.	Art. 21, par1 subpar. 2			Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	Red			
272.	Art. 21, par2			2. With regard to the specific objective referred to in	Red			

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	subpar. 1			Article 3(2)(d)(i), the Commission shall be assisted by a committee. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	
273.	Art. 21, par2 subpar. 2			Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 4 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	Red
274.	Art. 21 par. 1	1. The Commission shall be assisted by the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health established by Article 58 of Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁹⁹ . That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	1. The Commission shall be assisted by the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health established by Article 58 of Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council 99. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011. [Am. 126]	43. TWith regard to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e), the Commission shall be assisted by the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal HealthPlants, Animals, Food and Feed established by Article 58 of Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council 117. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.	Red

		178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety (OJ L 031, 01.02.2002, p. 1).	of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety (OJ L 031, 01.02.2002, p. 1).	of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety (OJ L 031, 01.02.2002, p. 1).	
275.	Art. 21 par. 2 subpar. 1	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.	Red
276.	Art. 21 par. 2 subpar. 2	Where the opinion of the committee is to be obtained by written procedure, that procedure shall be terminated without result when, within the time-limit for delivery of the opinion, the chair of the	Where the opinion of the committee is to be obtained by written procedure, that procedure shall be terminated without result when, within the time-limit for delivery of the opinion, the chair of the	Where the opinion of the committee is to be obtained by written procedure, that procedure shall be terminated without result when, within the time-limit for delivery of the opinion, the chair of the committee so decides or a	Red

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		committee so decides or a simple majority of committee members so requests.	committee so decides or a simple majority of committee members so requests.	simple majority of committee members so requests. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shell apply			
277.			CHAPTER	shall apply.			
	TRANSITIONAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS						
278.	78. Article 22						
279.	Title	Information, communication and publicity	Information, communication and publicity	Information, communication and publicity	Green Information, communication and publicity		
280.	Art. 22 par. 1	1. The recipients of Union funding shall acknowledge the origin and ensure the visibility of the Union funding (in particular when promoting the actions and their results), by providing coherent, effective and proportionate targeted	1. The recipients of Union funding shall acknowledge the origin and ensure <i>transparency</i> and visibility of the Union funding (in particular when promoting the actions and their results), by providing coherent, effective and proportionate	1. The recipients of Union funding shall acknowledge the origin and ensure the visibility of the Union funding (in particular when promoting the actions and their results), by providing coherent, effective and proportionate targeted pertinent	Green 1. The recipients of Union funding shall acknowledge the origin of those funds and ensure <i>the</i> visibility of the Union funding, in particular when promoting the actions and their		

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		information to multiple audiences, including the media and the public.	targeted information to multiple audiences, including the media and the public. [Am. 127]	information to multiple audiences, including the media and the public.	results, by providing coherent, effective and proportionate targeted information to multiple audiences, including the media and the public.
281.	Art. 22 par. 2	2. The Commission shall implement information and communication actions relating to the Programme, and its actions and results. Financial resources allocated to the Programme shall also contribute to the corporate communication of the political priorities of the Union, as far as they are related to the objectives referred to in Article 3.	2. The Commission shall implement information and communication actions relating to the Programme, and in a user-friendly manner, in order to raise awareness among consumers, citizens, businesses, especially SMEs and public administrations about the resources provided through the financial instruments of this Regulation, as well as about its actions and results. Financial resources allocated to the Programme shall also contribute to the corporate communication of the political priorities of the Union, as far as they are related	2. The Commission shall implement information and communication actions relating to the Programme, and its actions and results. Financial resources allocated to the Programme shall also contribute to the corporate communication of the political priorities of the Union, as far as they are related to the objectives referred to in Article 3.	Green 2. The Commission shall implement information and communication actions relating to the Programme, and in a user friendly manner, in order to raise awareness among consumers, citizens, businesses, especially SMEs and public administrations about the financial resources provided through this Programme, and about the actions and results thereunder. Financial resources allocated to the Programme shall also contribute to the corporate communication of the political priorities of the Union, as far as

			to the objectives referred to in Article 3. [Am. 128]		they priorities are related to the objectives referred to in Article 3.
282.	Art. 22 par. 3	3. The Commission (EUROSTAT) shall implement information and communication activities relating to implementation of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f), its actions and results when they pertain to the development, production and dissemination of European statistics, in compliance with the statistical principles laid down in Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.	3. The Commission (EUROSTAT) shall implement information and communication activities relating to implementation of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f), its actions and results when they pertain to the collection of data, development, production and dissemination of European statistics, in compliance with the statistical principles laid down in Regulation (EC) No 223/2009. [Am. 129]	implementcarry out information and communication activities relating to the implementation of	Green 3. The Commission (EUROSTATEurostat) shall implement carry out information and communication activities relating to the implementation of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f), itsincluding actions and results when theythat pertain to the development, production and dissemination of European statistics, in compliance with the statistical principles laid down in Regulation (EC) No 223/2009.

283.	Article 23					
284.	Title	Repeal	Repeal	Repeal	Green Repeal	
285.	Art. 23, par. 1	Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 are repealed with effect from 1 January 2021.	Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 are repealed with effect from 1 January 2021.	Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 are repealed with effect from 1 January 2021. Regulation (EU) No 652/2014, with the exception of Articles 46, 48, 50, 51, 52 and 53, is repealed with effect from 1 January 2021.	Green Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 are repealed with effect from 1 January 2021.	
286.			Article 24	ţ		
287.	Title	Transitional provisions	Transitional provisions	Transitional provisions	Green Transitional provisions	
288.	Art. 24 par. 1	1. This Regulation shall not affect the continuation or	1. This Regulation shall not affect the continuation or	1. This Regulation shall not affect the continuation or modification	Green	

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		modification of the actions concerned, until their closure, under Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 which shall continue to apply to the actions concerned until their closure.	modification of the actions concerned, until their closure, under Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 which shall continue to apply to the actions concerned until their closure.	of the actions concerned, until their closure, under Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 which shall continue to apply to the actions concerned until their closure.	1. This Regulation shall not affect the continuation of or modification of actions initiated pursuant to Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826, which shall continue to apply to those action until their closure.
289.	Art. 24 par. 2	2. The financial envelope for the Programme may also cover technical and administrative assistance expenses necessary to ensure the transition between the Programme and the measures adopted under predecessor programmes established by acts listed in paragraph 1.	2. The financial envelope for the Programme may also cover technical and administrative assistance expenses necessary to ensure the transition between the Programme and the measures adopted under predecessor programmes established by acts listed in paragraph 1.	2. The financial envelope for the Programme may also cover technical and administrative assistance expenses necessary to ensure the transition between the Programme and the measures adopted under predecessor programmes established by acts listed in paragraph 1.	Green 2. The financial envelope for the Programme may also cover the technical and administrative assistance expenses necessary to ensure the transition between the Programme and the measures adopted under predecessor programmes pursuant to acts listed in paragraph 1.

290.	Art. 24 par. 3	3. If necessary, appropriations may be entered in the budget beyond 2027 to cover the expenses provided for in Article 4(3), to enable the management of actions not completed by 31 December 2027.	3. If necessary, appropriations may be entered in the budget beyond 2027 to cover the expenses provided for in Article 4(3), to enable the management of actions not completed by 31 December 2027.	3. If necessary, appropriations may be entered in the budget beyond 2027 to cover the expenses provided for in Article 4(3), to enable the management of actions not completed by 31 December 2027.	Green 3. If necessary, appropriations may be entered in the budget beyond 2027 to cover the expenses provided for in Article 4(3), to enable the management of actions not completed by 31 December 2027. EP LL suggestion: by the end of this programme
					yellow - TBC 4. "In line with point (a) of the second subparagraph of Article 193(2) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 2018/1046, the Commission may consider the costs directly linked to the actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and incurred in 2021 as eligible for financing from 1 January 2021, even if they were incurred by the beneficiary before the grant application was submitted. The

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					deadlines set in Article 16(2) and in point 2 of Annex I shall not apply in relation to annual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes covering the year 2021."
					Addition - recital 85 [row 102]
291.	. Article 25				
292.	Title	Entry into force	Entry into force	Entry into force	Green Entry into force
293.	Art. 25, par. 1 subpar. 1	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.	Green This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.
					Note: Council suggestion: This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the

					European Union.
					Note: to be dealt with at finalisation stage in line decision on retroactivity and with horizontal guidance of both colegislators
294.	Art. 25, par. 1 subpar. 2	It shall apply from 1 January 2021. This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	It shall apply from 1 January 2021. This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	It shall apply from 1 January 2021. This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.	Green It shall apply from 1 January 2021. This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Membe States.
					(retroactivity)
295.		Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	Done at Brussels,	Green Done at Brussels,
296.		For the European Parliament The President	For the European Parliament The President	For the European Parliament The President	Green For the European Parliament The President
297.		For the Council The President	For the Council The President	For the Council The President	Green For the Council The President

Proposal for a

REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

establishing the Programme for single market, competitiveness of enterprises, including small and medium-sized enterprises, and European statistics and repealing Regulations (EU) No 99/2013, (EU) No 1287/2013, (EU) No 254/2014, (EU) No 258/2014, (EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) 2017/826 2018/0231 (COD)

(text with EEA relevance)

PART 3: ANNEXES I-IV

Cell in green: The text can be deemed as already agreed

Cell in yellow: The issue needs further discussion at technical level

Cell in red: The issue needs further discussion in depth at the trilogue meetings

Note:

Differences between the EP's position and the Commission's proposal are highlighted in Bold/Italics.

Differences between the Council's position and the Commission's proposal are highlighted in Bold/Italics.

Modifications by lawyer-linguists are in Italics.

Deletions are not marked. Compromise wording is in Bold/Italics/Underline.

298.	ANNEX I				
299.	Title	Eligible actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e)	Eligible actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e)	Eligible actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e)	Green Eligible actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) related to the plant, animal, food and feed areas
300.	Annex I par. 1 subpar. 1	The following actions – mainly implemented through grants and procurement – implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) shall be eligible for funding:	The following actions – mainly implemented through grants and procurement – implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) shall be eligible for funding:	The following actions — mainly implemented through grants and procurement — implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) shall be eligible for funding:	Green The following actions — mainly implemented through grants and procurement — implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) shall be eligible for funding:
301.	Annex I par. 1 subpar. 1 point 1	Veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures	Veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures	Veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures	Green 1. Veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures

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302.	Annex I par. 1 subpar. 1 point 1 point 1.1	1.1. Veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures to be taken as a result of the confirmation of the occurrence of one of the animal diseases or zoonosis listed in Annex III or of the confirmation of the presence of one or more pests or if there is a direct threat to the human, animal or plant health status of the Union.	1.1. Veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures to be taken as a result of the confirmation of the occurrence of one of the animal diseases or zoonosis listed in Annex III or of the confirmation of the presence of one or more pests or if there is a direct threat to the human, animal or plant health status of the Union.	1.1. Veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures to be taken as a result of the <u>official</u> confirmation of the occurrence of one of the animal diseases or zoonosis listed in Annex III or of the <u>official</u> confirmation of the presence of one or moreplant pests or if there is a direct threat to the human, animal or plant health status of the Union.	Green 1.1. Veterinary and phytosanitary emergency measures to be taken as a result of the official confirmation of the occurrence of one of the animal diseases or zoonosis listed in Annex III or of the official confirmation of the presence of one or moreplant pests or if there is a direct threat to the human, animal or plant health status of the Union.
303.	Annex I par. 1 subpar. 2	The measures referred to in the first paragraph shall be implemented immediately and their application shall comply with the provisions laid down in the relevant Union law.	The measures referred to in the first paragraph shall be implemented immediately and their application shall comply with the provisions laid down in the relevant Union law.	The measures referred to in the first paragraph shall be implemented immediately and their application shall comply with the provisions laid down in the relevant Union law.	Green The measures referred to in the first paragraph shall be implemented immediately and their application shall comply with the provisions laid down in the relevant Union law.
304.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.2	1.2. As regards phytosanitary emergencies, the following measures taken by Member States against the first outbreak of pests in a particular	1.2. As regards phytosanitary emergencies, the following measures taken by Member States against the first outbreak of pests in a particular area:	1.2. As regards phytosanitary emergencies, the following measures taken by Member States against the firstan outbreak of pests in a particular area:	Green 1.2. As regards phytosanitary emergencies, the following measures taken by Member States against the firstan

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		area:			outbreak of pests in a particular area:
305.	Annex I	(a) measures to eradicate a	(a) measures to <i>prevent</i> ,	(a) measures to eradicateion and	Green
	par. 1	Union quarantine pest, taken by	contain and/or eradicate a	prevention measures against a	(a) measures to eradicateion and
	point 1	the competent authority of a	Union quarantine pest, taken by	Union quarantine pest, taken by	prevention measures against a
	point 1.2.	Member State pursuant to	the competent authority of a	the competent authority of a	Union quarantine pest, taken by
	point (a)	Article 16 of Regulation (EU)	Member State pursuant to	Member State pursuant to Article	the competent authority of a
		2016/2031 of the European	Article 16 of Regulation (EU)	1617 of Regulation (EU)	Member State pursuant to Articl
		Parliament and of the Council ¹	2016/2031 of the European	2016/2031 of the European	1617 of Regulation (EU)
		or pursuant to the Union	Parliament and of the Council ¹	Parliament and of the Council ⁵ or	2016/2031 of the European
		measures adopted in	or pursuant to the Union	pursuant to the Union measures	Parliament and of the Council ⁵ o
		accordance with Article 28(1)	measures adopted in accordance	adopted in accordance with	pursuant to the Union measures
		of that Regulation;	with Article 28(1) of that	Article 28(1) or (3) of that	adopted in accordance with
			Regulation; [Am. 130]	Regulation;	Article 28(1) or (3) of that
		¹ Regulation (EU) 2016/2031			Regulation;
		of the European Parliament and			
		of the Council of 26 October	¹ Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of	⁵ Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of	
		2016 on protective measures	the European Parliament and of	the European Parliament and of	⁵ Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of
		against pests of plants,	the Council of 26 October 2016	the Council of 26 October 2016	the European Parliament and of
		amending Regulations (EU) No	on protective measures against	on protective measures against	the Council of 26 October 2016
		228/2013, (EU) No 652/2014	pests of plants, amending	pests of plants, amending	on protective measures against
		and (EU) No 1143/2014 of the	Regulations (EU) No 228/2013,	Regulations (EU) No 228/2013,	pests of plants, amending
		European Parliament and of the	(EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) No	(EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) No	Regulations (EU) No 228/2013,
		Council and repealing Council	1143/2014 of the European	1143/2014 of the European	(EU) No 652/2014 and (EU) No

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Parliament and of the Council

Directives 69/464/EEC,

Parliament and of the Council and | 1143/2014 of the European

		74/647/EEC, 93/85/EEC, 98/57/EC, 2000/29/EC, 2006/91/EC and 2007/33/EC (OJ L 317, 23.11.2016, p. 4).	and repealing Council Directives 69/464/EEC, 74/647/EEC, 93/85/EEC, 98/57/EC, 2000/29/EC,	repealing Council Directives 69/464/EEC, 74/647/EEC, 93/85/EEC, 98/57/EC, 2000/29/EC, 2006/91/EC and	Parliament and of the Council and repealing Council Directive 69/464/EEC, 74/647/EEC, 93/85/EEC, 98/57/EC,
			2006/91/EC and 2007/33/EC (OJ L 317, 23.11.2016, p. 4).	2007/33/EC (OJ L 317, 23.11.2016, p. 4).	2000/29/EC, 2006/91/EC and 2007/33/EC (OJ L 317, 23.11.2016, p. 4).
306.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.2. point (b)	(b) measures to eradicate a pest, not listed as Union quarantine pests, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 and which may qualify as Union quarantine pests in accordance with the	(b) measures to <i>prevent</i> , <i>contain and/or</i> eradicate a pest, not listed as Union quarantine pests, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 and which may qualify as Union quarantine pests in accordance	(b) measures to eradicateion and prevention measures against a pest, not listed as Union quarantine pests, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 29(1), 30(1) or 30(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 and which may qualify as Union quarantine pests in	Green (b) measures to eradicate ion and prevention measures against a pest, not listed as Union quarantine pests, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 29(1), 30(1) or 30(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 and which may
		criteria referred to in that Article or Article 30(1) of that Regulation;	with the criteria referred to in that Article or Article 30(1) of that Regulation; [Am. 131]	accordance with the criteria referred to in thatose Articlesor Article 30(1) of that Regulation;	qualify as Union quarantine pest in accordance with the criteria referred to in thatose Articles or Article 30(1) of that Regulation; Lawyer-linguists to check

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307.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.2. point (c)	(c) additional protective measures taken against the spread of a pest, against which Union measures have been adopted pursuant to Article 28(1) and Article 30(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than the eradication measures referred to in point (a) of this point and the containment measures referred to in point, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest.	(c) additional protective measures taken against the spread of a pest, against which Union measures have been adopted pursuant to Article 28(1) and Article 30(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than the eradication measures referred to in point (a) of this point and the containment measures referred to in point points (a) and (b) of this point, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest, restricting where necessary the free movement of carriers in the surrounding Member States. [Am. 132]	(c) additional protective measures taken against the spread of a pest, against which Union measures have been adopted pursuant to Article 28(1) and Article 30(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than the eradication and prevention measures referred to in points (a) of this point and the containment measures referred to in pointand (b) of this point, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest.	Green (c) additional protective measures taken against the spread of a pest, against which Union measures have been adopted pursuant to Article 28(1) and Article 30(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than the eradication and prevention measures referred to in points (a of this point and the containment measures referred to in pointant (b) of this point, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest.
308.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.2. point (ca)		(ca) measures to eradicate a pest that has suddenly appeared, even if it is not considered a Union quarantine pest but the result of extreme		Green Deletion Note: recital on climatic events

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			climatic events or climate change in a Member State; [Am. 133]		to be added
309.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.3	1.3. Union funding may also be provided for the following measures:	1.3. Union funding may also be provided for the following measures:	1.3. Union funding may also be provided for the following measures:	Green 1.3. Union funding may also be provided for the following measures:
310.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.3 point 1.3.1	1.3.1. Protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the health status of the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or an OCT, of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III as well as protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of the plant health status of the Union;	1.3.1. Protection measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the health status of the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or an OCT, of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III as well as protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of the plant health status of the Union;	1.3.1. Protection or prevention measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the health status of the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or an OCT, of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III as well as protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of the plant health status of the Union;	Green 1.3.1. Protection or prevention measures taken in the case of a direct threat to the health status of the Union as a result of the occurrence or development, in the territory of a third country, a Member State or an OCT, of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III as well as protection measures, or other relevant activities, taken in support of the plant health status of the Union;

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311.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.3 point 1.3.2	1.3.2. Measures referred to in this Annex carried out by two or more Member States which collaborate closely to control the epidemic;	1.3.2. Measures referred to in this Annex carried out by two or more Member States which collaborate closely to control the epidemic;	1.3.2. Measures referred to in this Annex carried out by two or more Member States which collaborate closely to control the epidemican animal disease or plant pest outbreak;	Green 1.3.2. Measures referred to in this Annex carried out by two or more Member States which collaborate closely to control the epidemican animal disease or plant pest outbreak;
312.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.3 point 1.3.3	1.3.3. The establishment of stocks of biological products intended for the control of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III, where the Commission, at the request of a Member State, considers establishment of such stocks necessary in that Member State;	1.3.3. The establishment of stocks of biological products intended for the control of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III, where the Commission, at the request of a Member State, considers establishment of such stocks necessary in that Member State;	1.3.3. The establishment of stocks of biological products intended for the control of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III, where the Commission, at the request of a Member State, considers establishment of such stocks necessary in that Member State;	Green 1.3.3. The establishment of stocks of biological products intended for the control of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III, where the Commission, at the request of a Member State, considers establishment of such stocks necessary in that Member State;
313.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.3 point 1.3.4	1.3.4. The establishment of stocks of biological products or the acquisition of vaccine doses if the occurrence or the development in a third country or Member State of one of the	1.3.4. The establishment of stocks of biological products or the acquisition of vaccine doses if the occurrence or the development in a third country or Member State of one of the	1.3.4. The establishment of stocks of biological products or the acquisition of vaccine doses if the occurrence or the development in a third country or Member State of one of the animal diseases and	Green 1.3.4. The establishment of stocks of biological products or the acquisition of vaccine doses if the occurrence or the development in a third country of

		animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III might constitute a threat to the Union.	animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III might constitute a threat to the Union.	zoonoses listed in Annex III might constitute a threat to the Union.	Member State of one of the animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III might constitute a threat to the Union.
314.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.3 point 1.3.4a (new)		1.3.4a. In the event of a suspected outbreak of an animal disease and/or the appearance of harmful organisms, checks and monitoring will need to be greatly intensified throughout the EU within the Union and at its external borders; [Am. 134]		Green 1.3.4a. In the event of a suspected outbreak of an anima disease and/or the appearance of harmful organisms, intensified checks and monitoring within the Union and at its external borders, where needed.
315.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.3 point 1.3.4b (new)		1.3.4b. Measures to monitor the appearance of known as well as currently unknown pests and diseases. [Am. 135]		Green 1.3.4b. Measures to monitor the appearance of known as well as eurrently emerging, previously unknown plant pests and animal diseases

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316.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 (new)	1.4. Eligible costs	Green 1.4. Eligible costs
317.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1. (new)		Green 1.4.1. Veterinary emergency measures
318.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1 introducto ry part (new)		The following costs incurred by the Member States in carrying out the measures referred to in Article 3(2)(e) may qualify for funding under that paragraph:

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319.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1. point (a) (new)	(a) costs of compensation to owners for the value of their animals slaughtered or culled, limited to the market value of such animals if they had not been affected by the disease;	Green (a) costs of compensation to owners for the value of their animals slaughtered or culled, limited to the market value of such animals if they had not been affected by the disease;
320.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1. point (b) (new)	(b) costs of slaughtering or culling the animals and related transport costs;	Green (b) costs of slaughtering or culling the animals and related transport costs;
321.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1.	(c) costs of compensation to owners for the value of their destroyed products of animal origin, limited to the market value of those products immediately before any	Green (c) costs of compensation to owners for the value of their destroyed products of animal origin, limited to the market value of those products immediately before any

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	point (c) (new)	suspicion of the disease arose or was confirmed;	suspicion of the disease arose or was confirmed;
322.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1. point (d) (new)	(d) costs of cleaning, desinsectisation and disinfection of holdings and equipment, based on the epidemiology and characteristics of the pathogen;	Green (d) costs of cleaning, desinsectisation and disinfection of holdings and equipment, based on the epidemiology and characteristics of the pathogen
323.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1. point (e) (new)	(e) costs for the transport and the destruction of the contaminated feeding stuffs and, where it can not be disinfected, contaminated equipment;	Green (e) costs for the transport and the destruction of the contaminated feeding stuffs and, where it can not be disinfected, contaminated equipment;

324.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1.		(f) costs of purchase, storage, administration or distribution of vaccines and baits as well as the costs of inoculation itself, if the Commission decides or authorises such actions;	Green (f) costs of purchase, storage, administration or distribution of vaccines and baits as well as the costs of inoculation itself, if the Commission decides or authorises such actions;
225	point (f) (new)			
325.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1. point (g) (new)		(g) costs of transport and disposal of carcasses;	Green (g) costs of transport and disposal of carcasses;
326.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.1.		(h) in exceptional and duly justified cases, costs of serological and virological tests for surveillance and premoving tests in restricted zones and any other costs essential for	Green (h) in exceptional and duly justified cases, costs of serological and virological tests for surveillance and premoving tests in restricted zone and any other costs essential

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	point (h) (new)	the eradication of the disease.	for the eradication of the disease.
327.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.2 (new)	1.4.2. Phytosanitary emergency measures	Green 1.4.2. Phytosanitary emergency measures
328.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.2 introducto ry part (new)	The following costs incurred by Member States in carrying out the measures referred to in Article 3(2)(e) may qualify for grants under that Article:	Green The following costs incurred by Member States in carrying out the measures referred to in Article 3(2)(e) may qualify for grants under that Article:
329.	Annex I par. 1	(a) costs of personnel, regardless of their status, directly involved	Green (a) costs of personnel,

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	point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.2 point (a) (new)	in the measures, as well as costs of renting equipment, of consumables and of any other necessary materials, of treatment products, of sampling and of laboratory tests;	regardless of their status, directly involved in the measures, as well as costs of renting equipment, of consumables and of any other necessary materials, of treatment products, of sampling and of laboratory tests;
330.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.2 point (b) (new)	(b) costs of service contracts with third parties to execute part of the measures;	Green (b) costs of service contracts with third parties to execute part of the measures;
331.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.2 point (c)	(c) costs of compensating the operators or owners concerned for the treatment, the destruction and subsequent removal of plants, of plant products and of other objects, and for the cleaning and	Green (c) costs of compensating the operators or owners concerned for the treatment, the destruction and subsequent removal of plants, of plant products and of other objects, and for the cleaning and

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	(new)	disinfection of premises, land, water, soil, growing media, facilities, machinery and equipment;	disinfection of premises, land, water, soil, growing media, facilities, machinery and equipment;
332.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.2 point (d) (new)	(d) costs of compensating the owners concerned for the value of the destroyed plants, plant products or other objects subject to the measures referred to in Articles 17, 28(1), 29(1) and 30(1) of Regulation 2016/2031, limited to the market value of such plants, plant products and other objects as if they had not been affected by those measures; the salvage value, if any, shall be deducted from the compensation; and	(d) costs of compensating the owners concerned for the valu of the destroyed plants, plant products or other objects subject to the measures referred to in Articles 17, 28(1), 29(1) and 30(1) of Regulation 2016/2031, limited to the market value of such plants, plant products and other objects as if they had no been affected by those measures; the salvage value, if any, shall be deducted from the compensation; and
333.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.2	(e) in exceptional and duly justified cases, the costs incurred in carrying out necessary measures other than those referred to in points (a) to (d).	Green (e) in exceptional and duly justified cases, the costs incurred in carrying out necessary measures other than

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	point (e) (new)				those referred to in points (a) to (d).
334.	Annex I par. 1 point 1 point 1.4 point 1.4.2 subparar. 2 (new)			The compensation to owners referred to in point (d) shall only be eligible if the measures have been carried out under the supervision of the competent authority.	The compensation to owners referred to in point (d) shall only be eligible if the measures have been carried out under the supervision of the competent authority.
335.	Annex I par. 1 point 2	2. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes	2. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes	2. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes	Green 2. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes
336.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 1	2.1. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes for the eradication, control and surveillance of animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex	2.1. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes for the eradication, control and surveillance of animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III and of plant	2.1. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes for the eradication, control and surveillance of animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III and of plant pests have	Green 2.1. Annual and multiannual veterinary and phytosanitary programmes for the eradication, control and surveillance of animal diseases and zoonoses listed in Annex III and of plant

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implemented in compliance	pests have to be implemented in compliance with the provisions laid down in the relevant Union	to be implemented in compliance with the provisions laid down in the relevant Union law.	
	laid down in the relevant Union law.	the relevant Union law.	laid down in the relevant Union law.

337.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 2	The conditions for the actions to qualify for funding shall be set out in the work programme referred to in Article 16.	The conditions for the actions to qualify for funding shall be set out in the work programme referred to in Article 16.	The conditions for the actions to qualify for funding shall be set out in the work programme referred to in Article 16.	Green The conditions for the actions to qualify for funding shall be set out in the work programme referred to in Article 16.
338.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 3	Programmes shall be submitted to the Commission by 31 May of the year preceding the planned implementation period.	Programmes shall be submitted to the Commission by 31 May of the year preceding the planned implementation period.	Programmes shall be submitted to the Commission by 31 May of the year preceding the planned implementation period.	Green Programmes shall be submitted to the Commission by 31 May of the year preceding the planned implementation period.
339.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 3a (new)			The Commission shall communicate to Member States by 30 November each year:	Yellow Council proposal to maintain the text, EP to check The Commission shall communicate to Member States by 30 November each year:
340.	Annex I par. 1 point 2			(a) the list of national programmes technically approved and proposed for co-	Yellow (a) the list of national programmes technically

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	point 2.1 subpar. 3a point (a) (new)	financing;	approved and proposed for co- financing;
341.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 3a point (b) (new)	(b) the provisional amount allocated to each programme;	Yellow (b) the provisional amount allocated to each programme;
342.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 3a point (c) (new)	(c) the provisional maximum level of the Union financial contribution for each programme; and	Yellow (c) the provisional maximum level of the Union financial contribution for each programme; and
343.	Annex I par. 1	(d) any provisional conditions to which the Union financial	Yellow

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		1	1		
	point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 3a point (d) (new)			contribution may be subject.	(d) any provisional conditions to which the Union financial contribution may be subject.
344.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 3b (new)			The Commission shall approve the national programmes and the associated funding by 31 January each year by means of a grant agreement in relation to the measures implemented and the costs incurred.	The Commission shall approvement the national programmes and the associated funding by 31 January each year by mean of a grant agreement in relation to the measures implemented and the costs incurred.
345.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 subpar. 4	Following the submission of intermediate financial reports by the beneficiaries, the Commission may, if necessary, amend the grant agreements in relation to the whole eligibility period.	Following the submission of intermediate financial reports by the beneficiaries, the Commission may, if necessary, amend the grant agreements in relation to the whole eligibility period.	Following the submission of intermediate financial reports by the beneficiaries by 31 August of the implementing year, the Commission may, if necessary, amend the grant agreements in relation to the whole eligibility period.	Yellow Following the submission of intermediate financial reports by the beneficiaries by 31 August of the implementing year, the Commission may, if necessary, amend the grant agreements in relation to the whole eligibility

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				period. Note:EP to check whether this is related to DA/IA and come back to Council on rows 340-346
346.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a (new)		2.1a. Eligible costs	Green 2.1a. Eligible costs
347.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 (new)		2.1a.1. The following costs incurred by the Member States in implementing the national veterinary programmes may qualify for EU co-financing:	Green 2.1a.1. The following costs incurred by the Member State in implementing the national veterinary programmes may qualify for EU co-financing:

348.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (a) (new)	(a) costs of sampling animals;	Green (a) costs of sampling animals;
349.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (b) (new)	(b) costs of tests, provided that they are limited to:	Green (b) costs of tests, provided that they are limited to:
350.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (b)	(i) costs of test kits, reagents, and consumables which are identifiable and specifically used for carrying out those tests;	Green (i) costs of test kits, reagents, and consumables which are identifiable and specifically used for carrying out those tests;

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	point (i) (new)		
351.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (b) point (ii) (new)	(ii) costs of personnel, regardless of their status, directly involved in carrying out the tests;	Green (ii) costs of personnel, regardless of their status, directly involved in carrying out the tests;
352.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (c) (new)	(c) costs of compensation to owners for the value of their animals slaughtered or culled, limited to the market value of such animals if they had not been affected by the disease;	Green (c) costs of compensation to owners for the value of their animals slaughtered or culled, limited to the market value of such animals if they had not been affected by the disease;

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353.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (d) (new)	(d) costs of slaughtering or culling of the animals;	Green (d) costs of slaughtering or culling of the animals;
354.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (e) (new)	(e) costs of compensation to owners for the value of their destroyed products of animal origin, limited to the market value of those products immediately before any suspicion of the disease arose or was confirmed;	Green (e) costs of compensation to owners for the value of their destroyed products of animal origin, limited to the market value of those products immediately before any suspicion of the disease arose or was confirmed;
355.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (f)	(f) costs of purchase, storage, inoculation, administration or distribution of vaccine doses or vaccine and baits used for the programmes;	(f) costs of purchase, storage, inoculation, administration or distribution of vaccine doses of vaccine and baits used for the programmes;

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356.	(new) Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (g) (new)		(g) costs of cleaning, disinfection, desinsectisation of the holding and equipment based on the epidemiology and characteristics of the pathogen; and	Green (g) costs of cleaning, disinfection, desinsectisation of the holding and equipment based on the epidemiology and characteristics of the pathogen and
357.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 point (h) (new)		(h) in exceptional and duly justified cases, the costs incurred in carrying out necessary measures other than those referred to in points (a) to (g).	Green (h) in exceptional and duly justified cases, the costs incurred in carrying out necessary measures other than those referred to in points (a) to (g).
358.	Annex I par. 1		For the purposes of point (c) of the first paragraph, the salvage	Green For the purposes of point (c) o

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	point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 subpar. 2 (new)	value of the animals, if any, shall be deducted from the compensation.	the first paragraph, the salvage value of the animals, if any, shall be deducted from the compensation.
359.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.1 subpar. 3 (new)	For the purposes of point (d) of the first paragraph, the salvage value of heat-treated non-incubated eggs shall be deducted from the compensation.	Green For the purposes of point (d) of the first paragraph, the salvage value of heat-treated non-incubated eggs shall be deducted from the compensation.
360.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 (new)	2.1a.2. The following costs incurred by the Member States in implementing the national phytosanitary programmes may qualify for EU co-financing:	Green 2.1a.2. The following costs incurred by the Member State in implementing the national phytosanitary programmes may qualify for EU co- financing:

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361.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 point (a) (new)	(a) costs for sampling;	Green (a) costs for sampling;
362.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 point (aa) (new)	(aa) costs for visual examinations;	Green (aa) costs for visual examinations;
363.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2	(b) costs of tests, provided that they are limited to:	Green (b) costs of tests, provided that they are limited to:

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	point (b) (new)			
364.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 point (b) point (i) (new)		(i) the costs of test kits, of reagents and of consumables which are identifiable and specifically used for carrying out the tests;	Green (i) the costs of test kits, of reagents and of consumables which are identifiable and specifically used for carrying out the tests;
365.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 point (b) point (ii) (new)		(ii) the costs of personnel, regardless of their status, directly involved in carrying out the tests;	Green (ii) the costs of personnel, regardless of their status, directly involved in carrying out the tests;

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366.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 point (c) (new)		(c) costs of personnel, regardless of their status, directly involved in the measures, as well as costs of renting equipment, of consumables and of any other necessary materials, of treatment products, of sampling and of laboratory tests;	Green (c) costs of personnel, regardless of their status, directly involved in the measures, as well as costs of renting equipment, of consumables and of any other necessary materials, of treatment products, of sampling and of laboratory tests;
367.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 point (d) (new)		(d) costs of service contracts with third parties to execute part of the measures;	Green (d) costs of service contracts with third parties to execute part of the measures;
368.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point		(e) costs of compensating the operators or owners concerned for the treatment, the destruction and subsequent removal of plants, of plant	Green (e) costs of compensating the operators or owners concerned for the treatment, the destruction and subsequent removal of plants, of plant

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	2.1a.2 point (e) (new)	products and of other objects, and for the cleaning and disinfection of premises, land, water, soil, growing media, facilities, machinery and equipment;	products and of other objects, and for the cleaning and disinfection of premises, land, water, soil, growing media, facilities, machinery and equipment;
369.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 point (f) (new)	(f) costs of compensating the owners concerned for the value of the destroyed plants, plant products or other objects subject to the measures referred to in Articles 17, 28(1), 29(1) and 30(1) of Regulation 2016/2031, limited to the market value of such plants, plant products and other objects as if they had not been affected by those measures; the salvage value, if any, shall be deducted from the compensation; and	(f) costs of compensating the owners concerned for the value of the destroyed plants, plant products or other objects subject to the measures referred to in Articles 17, 28(1), 29(1) and 30(1) of Regulation 2016/2031, limited to the market value of such plants, plant products and other objects as if they had not been affected by those measures; the salvage value, if any, shall be deducted from the
			compensation; and

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370.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 point (g) (new)		(g) in exceptional and duly justified cases, the costs incurred in carrying out necessary measures other than those referred to in points (a) to (f).	Green (g) in exceptional and duly justified cases, the costs incurred in carrying out necessary measures other than those referred to in points (a) to (f).
371.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1a point 2.1a.2 subpar. 2		The compensation to owners referred to in point (f) shall only be eligible if the measures have been carried out under the supervision of the competent authority.	Green The compensation to owners referred to in point (f) shall only be eligible if the measures have been carried out under the supervision of the competent authority.
372.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.1 par. 3a (new)	These programmes should reflect the new realities caused by climate change and the diversity thereof at European level; they should also help prevent the erosion of European biodiversity. [Am. 137]		Green Deletion Note: Council proposal for a recital instead:

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373.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.2	2.2. If the occurrence or the development of one of the animal diseases or zoonoses listed in Annex III is likely to constitute a threat to the health status of the Union and in order to protect the Union from the introduction of one of those diseases or zoonoses or if protection measures are necessary in support of the plant health status of the Union, Member States may include in their national programmes measures to be implemented in territories of third countries in cooperation with the authorities of those countries. Under the same circumstances and for the	2.2. If the occurrence or the development of one of the animal diseases or zoonoses listed in Annex III is likely to constitute a threat to the health status of the Union and in order to protect the Union from the introduction of one of those diseases or zoonoses or if protection measures are necessary in support of the plant health status of the Union, Member States may include in their national programmes measures to be implemented in territories of third countries in cooperation with the authorities of those countries. Under the same circumstances and for the	2.2. If the occurrence or the development of one of the animal diseases or zoonoses listed in Annex III is likely to constitute a threat to the health status of the Union and in order to protect the Union from the introduction of one of those diseases or zoonoses or if protection measures are necessary in support of the plant health status of the Union, Member States may include in their national programmes measures to be implemented in territories of third countries in cooperation with the authorities of those countries. Under the same circumstances and for the same objective, Union funding may be	Green 2.2. If the occurrence or the development of one of the animal diseases or zoonoses listed in Annex III is likely to constitute a threat to the health status of the Union and in order to protect the Union from the introduction of one of those diseases or zoonoses or if protection measures are necessary in support of the plant health status of the Union, Member States may include in their national programmes measures to be implemented in territories of third countries in cooperation with the authorities of those countries. Under the
		same objective, Union funding may be directly awarded to third countries' competent	same objective, Union funding may be directly awarded to third countries' competent authorities.	directly awarded to third countries' competent authorities.	same circumstances and for the same objective, Union funding may be directly awarded to third
		authorities.			countries' competent authorities.

					
374.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.3	2.3. As regards phytosanitary programmes, Union funding may be awarded to Member States for the following measures:	2.3. As regards phytosanitary programmes, Union funding may be awarded to Member States for the following measures:	2.3. As regards phytosanitary programmes, Union funding may be awarded to Member States for the following measures:	Green 2.3. As regards phytosanitary programmes, Union funding may be awarded to Member States fo the following measures:
375.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.3 point (a)	(a) surveys, over specific periods of time, checking at least for the presence of any Union quarantine pest, and signs or symptoms of any pest subject to the measures referred to in Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or to measures adopted pursuant to Article 30(1) of that Regulation;	(a) surveys, over specific periods of time, checking at least for the presence of any Union quarantine pest, and signs or symptoms of any pest subject to the measures referred to in Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or to measures adopted pursuant to Article 30(1) of that Regulation;	(a) surveys, over specific periods of time, checking at least for: _the presence of any Union quarantine pest, and signs or symptoms of any pest subject to the measures referred to in Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or to measures adopted pursuant to Article 30(1) of that Regulation, pursuant to Article 22(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or, where applicable, pursuant to Articles 47 to 77 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625; - priority pests pursuant to Article 24(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031;	a) surveys, over specific periods of time, checking at least for: _the presence of any Union quarantine pest, and signs or symptoms of any pest subject to the measures referred to in Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or to measures adopted pursuant to Article 30(1 of that Regulation, pursuant to Article 22(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or, where applicable, pursuant to Articles 47 to 77 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625; _priority pests pursuant to Article 24(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031;

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376.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.3 point (b)	(b) surveys, over specific periods of time, checking at least for the presence of any pests, other than the pests referred to in point (a), which might represent an emerging risk for the Union, and the entry or spread of which might have a significant impact for the Union agriculture or forests;	(b) surveys, over specific periods of time, checking at least for the presence of any pests, other than the pests referred to in point (a), which might represent an emerging risk for the Union, and the entry or spread of which might have a significant impact for the Union agriculture or forests;	(b) surveys, over specific periods of time, checking at least for the presence of any pests, other than the pests referred to in point (a), which might represent an emerging risk for the Union, and the entry or spread of which might have a significant impact for theon Union agriculture or forests territory;	Green (b) surveys, over specific periods of time, checking at least for the presence of any pests, other than the pests referred to in point (a), which might represent an emerging risk for the Union, and the entry or spread of which might have a significant impact for theon Union agriculture or forests territory;
377.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.3 point (c)	(c) measures to eradicate a Union quarantine pest, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 17 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or pursuant to the Union measures adopted in accordance with Article 28(1) of that Regulation;	(c) measures to <i>prevent</i> , <i>contain or</i> eradicate a Union quarantine pest, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 17 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or pursuant to the Union measures adopted in accordance with Article 28(1) of that Regulation; [Am. 138]	(c) measures to eradicateion and prevention measures against a Union quarantine pest, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 17 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or pursuant to the Union measures adopted in accordance with Article 28(1) or (3) of that Regulation;	Green (c) measures to eradicate ion and prevention measures against a Union quarantine pest, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 17 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or pursuant to the Union measures adopted in accordance with Article 28(1) or (3) of that Regulation;
378.	Annex I par. 1	(d) measures to eradicate a pest, not listed as Union	(d) measures to <i>prevent</i> , <i>contain or</i> eradicate a pest, not	(d) measures to eradicateion and prevention measures against a	Green

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	point 2 point 2.3 point (d)	quarantine pests, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 and which may qualify as Union quarantine pests in accordance with the criteria referred to in that Article or Article 30(1) of that Regulation;	listed as Union quarantine pests, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 and which may qualify as Union quarantine pests in accordance with the criteria referred to in that Article or Article 30(1) of that Regulation; [Am. 139]	pest, not listed as Union quarantine pests, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 29(1), 30(1) or 30(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 and which may qualify as Union quarantine pests in accordance with the criteria referred to in thatose Articles or Article 30(1) of that Regulation;	(d) measures to eradicateion and prevention measures against a pest, not listed as Union quarantine pests, taken by the competent authority of a Member State pursuant to Article 29(1), 30(1) or 30(4) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 and which may qualify as Union quarantine pests in accordance with the criteria referred to in thatose Articles or Article 30(1) of that Regulation;
379.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.3 point (e)	(e) additional protective measures taken against the spread of a pest, against which Union measures have been adopted pursuant to Articles 28(1) and 30(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than the eradication measures referred to in point (c) of this point and the containment measures referred to in point (d) of this point, where those measures are	(e) additional protective measures taken against the spread of a pest, against which Union measures have been adopted pursuant to Articles 28(1) and 30(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than the eradication measures referred to in point (c) of this point and the containment measures referred to in point points (c) and (d) of this point, where those measures	(e) additional protective measures taken against the spread of a pest, against which Union measures have been adopted pursuant to Articles 28(1) and 30(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than the eradication and prevention measures referred to in points (c) and (d) of this point and the containment measures referred to in point (df) of this point, where those measures are	Green (e) additional protective measures taken against the spread of a pest, against which Union measures have been adopted pursuant to Articles 28(1) and 30(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than the eradication and prevention measures referred to in points (c) and (d) of this point and the containment measures referred to

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		essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest;	are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest; [Am. 140]	essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest;	in point (df) of this point, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest;
380.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.3 point (f)	(f) measures to contain a pest, against which Union containment measures have been adopted pursuant to Article 28(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or Article 30(3) of that Regulation, in an infested area from which that pest cannot be eradicated, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest.	(f) measures to contain a pest, against which Union containment measures have been adopted pursuant to Article 28(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or Article 30(3) of that Regulation, in an infested area from which that pest cannot be eradicated, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest.	(f) measures to contain a pest, against which Union containment measures have been adopted pursuant to Article 28(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 or Article 30(3) of that Regulation, in an infested area from which that pest cannot be eradicated, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest.	Green (f) measures to contain a pest, against which Union containment measures have been adopted pursuant to Article 28(2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of Article 30(3) of that Regulation, in an infested area from which that pest cannot be eradicated, where those measures are essential to protect the Union against further spread of that pest.
381.	Annex I par. 1 point 2 point 2.3 subpar. 2	The work programme referred to in Article 16 shall determine the list of plant pests to be covered under these measures.	The work programme referred to in Article 16 shall determine the list of plant pests to be covered under these measures.	The work programme referred to in Article 16 shall determine the list of plant pests to be covered under these measures.	Green The work programme referred to in Article 16 shall determine the list of plant pests to be covered under these measures.

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382.	Annex I par. 1 point 2a (new)			2a. Union funding may be awarded to Member States for implementing phytosanitary programmes for the control of pests in the outermost regions of the Union referred to in Article 355(1) TFEU which are excluded from the territorial scope of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, in line with the objectives set out in Article 24 of Regulation (EU) No 228/2013 ('programmes for the outermost regions'). Those programmes shall concern activities necessary to ensure the correct implementation in those regions of the rules, whether they are Union rules or national rules, in force in those regions, on the	Green 2a. Union funding may be awarded to Member States for implementing phytosanitary programmes for the control of pests in the outermost regions of the Union referred to in Article 355(1) TFEU which are excluded from the territorial scope of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, in line with the objectives set out in Article 24 of Regulation (EU) No 228/2013 ('programmes for the outermost regions'). Those programmes shall concern activities necessary to ensure the correct implementation in those regions of the rules, whether they are Union rules
				Union rules or national rules, in	
				control of pests.	or national rules, in force in those regions, on the control of
					pests.
383.	Annex I par. 1	3. Activities to support the improvement of the welfare of	3. Activities to support the improvement of the welfare of	3. Activities to support the improvement of the welfare of	Green 3. Activities to support the

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	point 3	animals.	animals, including measures to ensure compliance with animal welfare standards and traceability including during animal transport. [Am. 141]	animals.	improvement of the welfare of animals, including measures to ensure compliance with animal welfare standards and traceability including during animal transport.
384.	Annex I par. 1 point 4	4. European Union reference laboratories and European Union reference centres, referred to in Articles 92, 95 and 97 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council ² Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2017 on official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the application of food and feed law, rules on animal health and welfare, plant health and plant protection products, amending Regulations (EC) No	4. European Union reference laboratories and European Union reference centres, referred to in Articles 92, 95 and 97 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council ² Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 March 2017 on official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the application of food and feed law, rules on animal health and welfare, plant health and plant protection products, amending Regulations (EC) No	4. European Union reference laboratories—and European Union reference centres, referred to in Articles 92, 95 and 97 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625—of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁶ , and the European Union reference centres referred to in Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1012. ———————————————————————————————————	4. European Union reference laboratories-and European Union reference centres, referred to in Articles 92, 95 and 97 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625-of the European Parliament and of the Council ⁶ , and the European Union reference centres referred to in Article 29 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1012.

999/2001, (EC) No 396/2005, (EC) No 1069/2009, (EC) No 1107/2009, (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 652/2014, (EU) 2016/429 and (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Regulations (EC) No 1/2005 and (EC) No 1099/2009 and Council Directives 98/58/EC, 1999/74/EC, 2007/43/EC, 2008/119/EC and 2008/120/EC, and repealing Regulations (EC) No 854/2004 and (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Directives 89/608/EEC, 89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC, 91/496/EEC, 96/23/EC, 96/93/EC and 97/78/ EC and Council Decision 92/438/EEC (Official Controls Regulation) (OJ L 95, 7.4.2017, p. 1).

999/2001, (EC) No 396/2005, (EC) No 1069/2009, (EC) No 1107/2009, (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 652/2014, (EU) 2016/429 and (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Regulations (EC) No 1/2005 and (EC) No 1099/2009 and Council Directives 98/58/EC, 1999/74/EC, 2007/43/EC, 2008/119/EC and 2008/120/EC. and repealing Regulations (EC) No 854/2004 and (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Council Directives 89/608/EEC, 89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC, 91/496/EEC, 96/23/EC, 96/93/EC and 97/78/ EC and Council Decision 92/438/EEC (Official Controls Regulation) (OJ L 95, 7.4.2017, p. 1).

welfare, plant health and plant protection products, amending Regulations (EC) No 999/2001, (EC) No 396/2005, (EC) No 1069/2009, (EC) No 1107/2009, (EU) No 1151/2012, (EU) No 652/2014. (EU) 2016/429 and (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Regulations (EC) No 1/2005 and (EC) No 1099/2009 and Council Directives 98/58/FC 1999/74/EC. 2007/43/EC. 2008/119/EC and 2008/120/EC. and repealing Regulations (EC) No 854/2004 and (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Council Directives 89/608/EEC. 89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC, 91/496/EEC, 96/23/EC, 96/93/EC and 97/78/EC and Council Decision 92/438/EEC (Official Controls Regulation) (OJ L 95, 7.4.2017, p. 1).

385.	Annex I par. 1 point 4a (new)			4a. Obtaining accreditation regarding test and diagnostic methods at national plant health reference laboratories for up to three years after the designation of the European Union reference laboratory of the specific area.	Red
386.	Annex I par. 1 point 5	5. Coordinated control programmes and information and data collection, referred to in Article 112 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	5. Coordinated control programmes and information and data collection, referred to in Article 112 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	5. Coordinated control programmes and information and data collection, referred to in Article 112 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	Green 5. Coordinated control programmes and information and data collection, referred to in Article 112 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.
387.	Annex I par. 1 point 6	6. Activities for preventing food waste and combating food fraud.	6. Activities for preventing food waste and combating food fraud.	6. Activities for preventing food waste and combating food fraud.	Green 6. Activities for preventing foo waste and combating food fraud
388.	Annex I par. 1 point 7	7. Activities supporting a sustainable food production and consumption.	7. Activities supporting a agroecological production, sustainable food production and consumption consumption, which does not cause harm to	7. Activities supporting a sustainable food production and consumption.	Green7. Activities supporting sustainable food production and

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			the environment and biodiversity, and promotion of direct sales and short supply chains. [Am. 142]		consumption, including short supply chains.
389.	Annex I par. 1 point 8	8. Data-bases and computerised information management systems necessary for the effective and efficient implementation of the legislation related to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and having a proven added value for the Union as a whole.	8. Data-bases and computerised information management systems necessary for the effective and efficient implementation of the legislation related to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and having a proven added value for the Union as a whole; implementation of new technologies to improve traceability of products such as QR codes on product packaging. [Am. 143]	8. Data-bases and computerised information management systems necessary for the effective and efficient implementation of the legislation related to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and having a proven added value for the Union as a whole.	8. Data-bases and computerised information management systems necessary for the effective and efficient implementation of the legislation related to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and having a proven added value for the Union as a whole; implementation of new technologies to improve traceability of products.
390.	Annex I par. 1 point 9	9. The training of the staff of the competent authorities responsible for official controls and other parties involved in	9. The training of the staff of the competent authorities responsible for official controls and other parties involved in the	9. The training of the staff of the competent authorities responsible for official controls and other parties involved in the	Green 9. The training of the staff of the competent authorities responsibl for official controls and other

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		the management and/or prevention of animal diseases or plant pests, as referred to in Article 130 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	management and/or prevention of animal diseases or plant pests, as referred to in Article 130 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	management and/or prevention of animal diseases or plant pests, as referred to in Article 130 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	parties involved in the management and/or prevention of animal diseases or plant pests as referred to in Article 130 of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.
391.	Annex I par. 1 point 10	10. Travel, accommodation and daily subsistence expenses incurred by Member States' experts as a result of the Commission appointing them to assist its experts as provided for in Articles 116(4) and 120(4) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	10. Travel, accommodation and daily subsistence expenses incurred by Member States' experts as a result of the Commission appointing them to assist its experts as provided for in Articles 116(4) and 120(4) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	10. Travel, accommodation and daily subsistence expenses incurred by Member States' experts as a result of the Commission appointing them to assist its experts as provided for in Articles 116(4) and 120(4) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.	Green 10. Travel, accommodation and daily subsistence expenses incurred by Member States' experts as a result of the Commission appointing them to assist its experts as provided for in Articles 116(4) and 120(4) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625.
392.	Annex I par. 1 point 11	11. Technical and scientific work, including studies and coordination activities, necessary to ensure the correct implementation of the legislation in the area related to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and the adaptation of that legislation to scientific, technological and	11. Technical and scientific work, including studies and coordination activities, necessary to safeguard prevention of the appearance of new as well as unknown pests and diseases and to ensure the correct implementation of the legislation in the area related to the specific objective referred to	11. Technical and scientific work, including studies and coordination activities, necessary to ensure the correct implementation of the legislation in the area related to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and the adaptation of that legislation to scientific, technological and societal developments.	Green 11. Technical and scientific work necessary to ensure the correct implementation of the legislation in the area related to the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) and the adaptation of that legislation to

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		societal developments.	in Article 3(2)(e) and the adaptation of that legislation to scientific, technological and societal developments. [Am. 144]		scientific, technological and societal developments, including studies and coordination activities necessary for the prevention of the appearance of emerging plant pests and animal diseases. LL to check
393.	Annex I par. 1 point 12	12. Activities carried out by the Member States or international organisations operating with the aim of achieving the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) in support of the development and implementation of the rules related to that objective.	12. Activities carried out by the Member States or international organisations operating with the aim of achieving the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) in support of the development and implementation of the rules related to that objective.	12. Activities carried out by the Member States or international organisations operating with the aim of achieving the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) in support of the development and implementation of the rules related to that objective.	Green 12. Activities carried out by the Member States or international organisations operating with the aim of achieving the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e) in support of the development and implementation of the rules related to that objective.
394.	Annex I par. 1 point 13	13. Projects organised by one or more Member States with the aim of improving, through the use of innovative techniques and protocols, the efficient implementation of the	13. Projects organised by one or more Member States with the aim of improving, through the use of innovative techniques and protocols, the efficient implementation of the specific	13. Projects organised by one or more Member States with the aim of improving, through the use of innovative techniques and protocols, the efficient implementation of the specific	Green 13. Projects organised by one or more Member States with the aim of improving, through the use of innovative techniques and protocols, the efficient implementation of the specific

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		specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e).	objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e).	objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e).	objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e).
395.	Annex I par. 1 point 14	14. Support to information and awareness raising initiatives by the Union and Member States aimed at ensuring improved, compliant and sustainable food production and consumption, including food waste and food fraud prevention activities, within the implementation of the rules in the area of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e).	14. Support to information and awareness raising initiatives by the Union and Member States aimed at ensuring improved, compliant and sustainable food production and consumption, including food waste <i>prevention contributing to the circular economy</i> , and food fraud prevention activities, within the implementation of the rules in the area of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e). [Am. 145]	14. Support to information and awareness raising initiatives by the Union and Member States aimed at ensuring improved, compliant and sustainable food production and consumption, including food waste and food fraud prevention activities, as well as other initiatives contributing to a high level of health for plants and animals, food and feed safety, within the implementation of the rules in the area of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e).	14. Support to information and awareness raising initiatives by the Union and Member States aimed at ensuring improved, compliant and sustainable food production and consumption, including food waste <i>prevention contributing to the circular economy</i> and food fraud prevention activities, as well as other initiatives contributing to a high level of health for plant and animals, food and feed safety, within the implementation of the rules in the area of the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(e).
396.	Annex I par. 1 point 15	15. Measures carried out to protect human, animal and plant health and animal	15. Measures carried out to protect human, animal and plant health and animal welfare,	15. Measures carried out to protect human, animal and plant health and animal welfare,	Green 15. Measures carried out to protect human, animal and plan

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	welfare, implemented on animals, animal products, plant and plant products arriving from third countries at a Union border.	implemented on animals, animal products, plant and plant products arriving from third countries at a Union border.	implemented on animals, animal products, plants and, plant products, and other relevant objects arriving from third countries at a Union border. NB. Council Directive 2000/29/EC of 8 May 2000 on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community	health and animal welfare, implemented on animals, animal products, plants and plant products, and other relevant objects arriving from third countries at a Union border.
397.		ANNEX I	II	
398.	Eligible actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f)	Eligible actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f)	Eligible actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f)	Green Eligible actions implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) on European statistics
399.	The implementation of Union policies requires high-quality, comparable and reliable	The implementation of Union policies requires high-quality, comparable and reliable	The implementation of Union policies requires high-quality, comparable and reliable statistical	Green

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	statistical information about the economic, social, territorial and environmental situation in the Union. Additionally, European statistics allow European citizens to understand and to participate in the democratic process and debate about the present state and future of the Union.	statistical information about the economic, social, territorial and environmental situation in the Union. Additionally, European statistics allow European citizens to understand and to participate in the democratic process and debate about the present state and future of the Union.	information about the economic, social, territorial and environmental situation in the Union. Additionally, European statistics allow European citizens to understand and to participate in the democratic process and debate about the present state and future of the Union.	The implementation of Union policies requires high-quality, comparable and reliable statistical information about the economic, social, territorial and environmental situation in the Union. Additionally, European statistics <i>enable</i> European citizens to understand and to participate in the democratic process and debate about the present state and future of the Union.
400.	Together with Regulation (EC) 223/2009 on European statistics, the Programme provides the overall framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics for 2021-2027. European statistics are developed, produced and disseminated under that	Together with Regulation (EC) 223/2009 on European statistics, the Programme provides the overall framework for the development, production and dissemination of European statistics for 2021-2027. European statistics are developed, produced and disseminated under that	Together with Regulation (EC) 223/2009 on European statistics, and especially with reference to the professional independence of statistical institutes and the other statistical principles laid down in Article 2 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009, the Programme provides the overall framework for the	Green Together with Regulation (EC) 223/2009 on European statistics, and especially with reference to the professional independence of statistical institutes and the other statistical principles laid down in Article 2 of that Regulation, the Programme is

development, production and

dissemination of European

framework and in accordance

with the principles of the

framework and in accordance

with the principles of the

intended to provides the

overall framework for the

	1	T	
European statistics Code of Practice through close and coordinated cooperation within the European Statistical System (ESS).	European statistics Code of Practice through close and coordinated cooperation within the European Statistical System (ESS).	statistics for 2021-2027. European statistics are developed, produced and disseminated under that framework and in accordance with the principles of the European statistics Code of Practice and quality criteria according to Article 12(1) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 through close and coordinated cooperation within the European Statistical System (ESS).	development, production and dissemination of European statistics for 2021-2027. European statistics are shall be developed, produced and disseminated under that framework and in accordance with the principles of the European statistics Code of Practice. That framework should respect the quality criteria referred to in Article 12(1) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 through close and coordinated cooperation within the European Statistical System.
European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under this framework, contribute to the implementation of the Union's policies as set out in the TFEU and further reflected in the	European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under this framework, contribute to the implementation of the Union's policies as set out in the TFEU and further reflected in the Commission's strategic	European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under this framework, contribute to the implementation of the Union's policies as set out in the TFEU and further reflected in the Commission's strategic priorities.	Green European statistics developed, produced and disseminated unde this framework, <i>shall</i> contribute to the implementation of the Union's policies as set out in the
	European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under this framework, contribute to the implementation of the Union's policies as set out in the TFEU	Practice through close and coordinated cooperation within the European Statistical System (ESS). European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under this framework, contribute to the implementation of the Union's policies as set out in the TFEU Practice through close and coordinated cooperation within the European Statistical System (ESS). European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under this framework, contribute to the implementation of the Union's policies as set out in the TFEU	Practice through close and coordinated cooperation within the European Statistical System (ESS). Practice through close and coordinated cooperation within the European Statistical System (ESS). Practice through close and coordinated cooperation within the European Statistical System (ESS). European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under this framework, contribute to the implementation of the Union's policies as set out in the TFEU and further reflected in statistics are developed, and disseminated under that framework and in accordance with the principles of the European statistics Code of Practice and quality criteria according to Article 12(1) of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 through close and coordinated cooperation within the European statistics developed, produced and disseminated under this framework, contribute to the implementation of the Union's policies as set out in the TFEU and further reflected in the

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priorities.

Commission's strategic

TFEU and further reflected in th

	priorities.		Commission's strategic priorities
402.		With this multi-annual programme the ESS aims to maintain and extend its leading position in the statistical field. The Commission shall, in the preparation of the annual work programmes, ensure effective priority-setting and an annual review of, and report on, statistical priorities. The annual work programmes will thereby aim to ensure that European statistics can be produced within the available resources at the national and the Union level.	Green Through this programme the ESS aims to maintain and improve its leading position level of excellence in the statistical field. The Commission shall, in the preparation of the annual work programmes, ensure effective priority-setting and an annual review of, and report on, statistical priorities. The annual work programmes shall thereby aim to achieve the best possible output, taking into account ensure that European statistics can be produced within the available resources at the regional, national and the Union level.

403.			Continuous research and innovation are seen as key drivers in modernizing European statistics and in improving the quality of European statistics. Therefore the implementation of this multiannual programme should invest substantially in scaling up activities in the area of developing new methods and methodologies.	Continuous research and innovation are considered as seen as key drivers in modernising European statistics and in improving the quality of European statistics. Therefore the implementation of investment through themultiannual work programme should concentrate on scaling up activities in the area of the development of new methods and methodologies as well as exploring new data sources for producing statistics.
404.	In implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) , the following actions shall be carried out:	In implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) , the following actions shall be carried out:	In implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) , the following actions shall be carried out:	Green In implementing the specific objective referred to in Article 3(2)(f) , the following actions shall be carried out:

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405.	Economic and Monetary Union, Globalisation and Trade	Economic and Monetary Union, Globalisation and Trade	Economic and Monetary Union, Globalisation and Trade	Green Economic and Monetary Union, Globalisation and Trade
406.	 providing high-quality statistics underpinning the Excessive Deficit Procedure, Reform Support Programme and the Union's annual cycle of economic monitoring and guidance; 	- providing high-quality statistics underpinning the Excessive Deficit Procedure, Reform Support Programme and the Union's annual cycle of economic monitoring and guidance;	– providing high-quality comparable and reliable statistics underpinning the Excessive Deficit Procedure, Reform Support Programme and the Union's annual cycle of economic monitoring and guidance;	Green – providing high-quality statistics underpinning the Excessive Deficit Procedure, and, where feasible, Reform Support Programme the Recovery and Resilience Facility and the Technical support instrument, and underpinning the Union's annual cycle of economic monitoring and guidance;
407.	 providing and where necessary, enhancing the Principal European Economic Indicators (PEEIs); 	- providing and where necessary, enhancing the Principal European Economic Indicators (PEEIs);	 providing and where necessary, enhancing the Principal European Economic Indicators (PEEIs); 	Green – providing and where necessary enhancing the Principal European Economic Indicators (PEEIs);

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408.	 providing statistics and methodological guidance on the statistical treatment of the investment and budgetary instruments in supporting economic convergence, financial stability and job creation; 	methodological guidance on	 providing statistics and methodological guidance on the statistical treatment of the investment and budgetary instruments in supporting economic convergence, financial stability and job creation; 	Green - providing statistics and methodological guidance on the statistical treatment of the investment and budgetary instruments in supporting economic convergence, financial stability and job creation;
409.	 providing statistics for own resource purposes and remunerations and pensions of EU staff; 	own resource purposes and	 providing statistics for own resource purposes and remunerations and pensions of EU staff; 	Green – providing statistics for own resource purposes and remunerations and pensions of EU staff;
410.	 better measuring of trade in services, foreign direct investment, global value chains and the impact of globalisation on the Union economies. 	foreign direct investment,	- better measuring of trade in goods, supported by the exchange of microdata within the ESS, trade in services, foreign direct investment, global value chains and the impact of globalisation on the Union economies;	Green - better measuring of trade in goods and in services, foreign direct investment, global value chains and the impact of globalisation on the Union economies;

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411.			 investigating data availability and the possibility for producing statistics underpinning the Reform Support Programme 	Green Deletion
412.	Single Market, Innovation and Digital transformation	Single Market, Innovation and Digital transformation	Single Market, Innovation and Digital transformation	Green Single Market, Innovation and Digital transformation
413.	 providing high quality and reliable statistics for the Single Market, the European Defence Action Plan and key areas of innovation and research; 	 providing high quality and reliable statistics for the Single Market, the European Defence Action Plan and key areas of innovation and research; 	– providing high quality and reliable statistics for the Single Market, the European Defence Action Plan and key areas of innovation and research;	Green – providing high quality and reliable statistics for the Single Market, the European Defence Action Plan and key areas of innovation and research;
414.	 providing more and timelier statistics on collaborative economy and the impact of digitalisation on the European business and citizens. 	 providing more and timelier statistics on collaborative economy and the impact of digitalisation on the European business and citizens. 	 providing more and timelier statistics on collaborative economy and the impact of digitalisation on the European business and citizens; investigating data availability and the possibility for 	Green - providing more and timelier statistics on collaborative economy and the impact of digitalisation on the European business and citizens; - providing statistics to support

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			producing statistics for the European Defence Action Plan.	the European defence policy, subject to feasibility studies and duly taking into account the sensitivity of statistical data;
415.	Social dimension of Europe	Social dimension of Europe	Social dimension of Europe	Green Social dimension of Europe
416.	 providing high quality, timely and reliable statistics to support the European Pillar of Social Rights and the Union Skills Policy, including statistics on the labour market, employment, education and training, income, living conditions, poverty, inequality, social protection, undeclared work and satellite accounts on skills; 	- providing high quality, timely and reliable statistics to support the European Pillar of Social Rights and the Union Skills Policy, including, but not exclusive to, statistics on the labour market, employment, education and training, income, living conditions, poverty, inequality, social protection, undeclared work and satellite accounts on skills; [Am. 147]	– providing high quality, timely and reliable statistics to support the European Pillar of Social Rights—and, the Union Skills Policy and other Union social policies, including statistics on the labour market, employment, education and training, income, living conditions, poverty, inequality, social protection, undeclared work and satellite accounts on skills;	Green - providing high quality, timely and reliable statistics to support the European Pillar of Social Rights and the Union Skill Policy, including statistics on the labour market, employment education and training, income living conditions, poverty inequality, social protection gender based violence undeclared work, and satellit accounts on skills; - where the development of new statistics is necessary, the data availability and the feasibility of producing

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				statistics on satellite accounts on skills and on undeclared work need to be further examined within the European Statistical System;
417.	 providing statistics related to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities; 	 providing statistics related to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities; 	 providing statistics related to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities; 	Green – providing statistics related to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities;
418.	 enriching statistics on migration in particular on the situation and integration of migrants and education needs and qualification levels of asylum seekers; 	migration in particular on the situation and integration of	 enriching statistics on migration in particular on the situation and integration of migrants and education needs and qualification levels of asylum seekers; 	Green - enriching statistics on migration in particular on the situation and integration of migrants and education needs and qualification levels of asylum seekers;
419.	 developing modernised post-2021 Population and Housing Census programmes and population statistics; 	 developing modernised post-2021 Population and Housing Census programmes and population statistics; 	 developing modernised post- 2021 Population and Housing Census programmes and population statistics; 	Green - developing modernised post- 2021 Population and Housing Census programmes and population statistics;

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420.	 providing population projections and their annual updates. 	 providing population projections and their annual updates. 	– providing <u>ageing-related</u> <u>statistics and</u> population projections and their annual <u>updates to support policies on an</u>	Green – providing and regularly updating projections and breakdown on the EU population
			ageing society;	breakdown on the EO population
421.			 investigating data availability and the possibility for producing statistics in the following areas: statistics on gender based violence; satellite accounts on skills; 	Green Deletion
422.			 further exploring methodological and other issues related to undeclared work in support to the European Platform tackling undeclared work. 	Green Deletion
423.	Sustainable development, Natural Resources and Environment	Sustainable development, Natural Resources and Environment	Sustainable development, Natural Resources and Environment	Green Sustainable development, Natural Resources and Environment

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424.	 monitoring the progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs); 	 monitoring the progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs); 	 monitoring the progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs); 	Green - monitoring the progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs);
425.	- further developing statistics in support of the Energy Strategy, circular economy and plastics strategy;	- further developing statistics in support of the Energy Strategy, circular economy and plastics strategy;	– further developing statistics in support of the Energy Strategy; and circular economy-and plastics strategy;	Green - providing high-quality statistic underpinning the European Gree Deal including further developing statistics in support of the Energ Strategy, the circular economy climate-related statistics and the plastics strategy; Where the development of new statistics and indicators for the topics mentioned in the indent above is necessary, the data availability and the feasibility for producing statistics and indicators shall be further examined within the European Statistical System;

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426.	 providing key environmental statistics and indicators including on waste, water, biodiversity, forests, land use and land cover as well as climaterelated statistics and environmental economic accounts; 	 providing key environmental statistics and indicators including on waste, water, biodiversity, forests, land use and land cover as well as climaterelated statistics and environmental economic accounts; 	 providing key environmental statistics and indicators including on waste, water, biodiversity, forests, land use and land cover-as well as climate-related statistics and environmental economic accounts; 	Green - providing key environmental statistics and indicators, including on waste, water, biodiversity, forests, land use and land cover, as well as elimate related statistics as well as environmental economic accounts;
427.	 providing freight and passengers' transport statistics to support the policies of the Union and 	 providing freight and passengers' transport statistics to support the policies of the Union and 	 providing freight and passengers' transport statistics to support the policies of the Union and 	Green - providing freight and passengers' transport statistics to support the policies of the Union and
428.	 developing further indicators to monitor intermodality and modal shift towards more environmentally friendly transport modes; 	 developing further indicators to monitor intermodality and modal shift towards more environmentally friendly transport modes; 	 developing further indicators to monitor intermodality and modal shift towards more environmentally friendly transport modes; 	Green - developing further indicators to monitor intermodality and moda shift towards more environmentally friendly transport modes;

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429.	 providing timely and relevant data for the needs of the Common Agricultural Policy, Common Fisheries policy and policies related to the environment, food security and animal welfare. 	relevant data for the needs of	– providing timely and relevant data for the needs of the Common Agricultural Policy, Common Fisheries policy and policies related to the environment, food security and animal welfare;	Green – providing timely and relevant data for the needs of the Common Agricultural Policy, Common Fisheries policy and policies related to the environment, food security and animal welfare.
430.			 investigating data availability and the possibility for producing statistics in the following areas: statistics to support the EU plastics strategy; climate-related statistics. 	Green Deletion
431.	Economic, Social and Territorial Cohesion	Economic, Social and Territorial Cohesion	Economic, Social and Territorial Cohesion	Green Economic, Social and Territorial Cohesion
432.	-providing timely and comprehensive statistical indicators on regions,	 providing timely and comprehensive statistical indicators on regions, 	 providing timely and comprehensive statistical indicators on regions, including 	Green – providing timely and comprehensive statistical

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	including the Union outermost regions, cities and rural areas to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of territorial development policies, and to evaluate the territorial impacts of sectoral policies;	including the Union outermost regions, cities and rural areas to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of territorial development policies, and to evaluate the territorial impacts of sectoral policies;	the Union outermost regions, cities and rural areas to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of territorial development policies, and to evaluate the territorial impacts of sectoral policies;	indicators on regions, including the Union outermost regions, cities and rural areas to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of territorial development policies, and to evaluate the territorial impacts of sectoral policies;
433.	-supporting the development of indicators on anti-money laundering and fight against financing of terrorism; and developing police and security statistics;	 supporting the development of indicators on anti-money laundering and fight against financing of terrorism; and developing police and security statistics; 	- supporting the development of indicators on anti-money laundering and fight against financing of terrorism; and developing police and security statistics;	Green Deletion
434.	-increasingly using geospatial data and systematically integrating and mainstreaming geospatial information management into statistical production.	 increasingly using geospatial data and systematically integrating and mainstreaming geospatial information management into statistical production. 	- increasingly using geospatial data and systematically integrating and mainstreaming geospatial information management into statistical production:	Green - increasingly using geospatial data and systematically integrating and mainstreaming geospatial information management into statistical production.
435.			 investigating data availability and the possibility for 	Green

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			 producing: indicators on anti-money laundering; indicators on the fight against financing of terrorism; police and security statistics. 	 examining within the European Statistical System the feasibility of providing and then supporting the development of: indicators on anti-mone laundering; indicators on the fight agains financing of terrorism; police and security statistics;
436.	Better communication of European statistics and promoting it as a trustworthy source in tackling disinformation online	Better communication of European statistics and promoting it as a trustworthy source in tackling disinformation online	Better communication of European statistics and <u>its</u> <u>values by promoting it as a</u> trustworthy source in tackling disinformation-online	Green Better communication of European statistics and its values by promoting it as a trustworthy source in tackling disinformation online
437.	 systematically promoting European statistics as a trustworthy source of evidence and facilitating fact checkers, researchers and public authorities to use it in 	 systematically promoting European statistics as a trustworthy source of evidence and facilitating fact checkers, researchers and public authorities to use it in 	- systematically promoting European statistics as a trustworthy source of evidence and facilitating fact checkers, researchers and public authorities to use it in tackling disinformation	Green - systematically promoting European statistics as a trustworthy source of evidence and facilitating fact checkers, researchers and public authoritie

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	tackling disinformatio online;	tackling disinformation online;	online;	to use it in tackling disinformation-online;
438.			- enhancing the existent dialogue with users to promote the value of European statistics and closely monitor their needs and satisfaction;	Green - enhancing the existent dialogue with producers and with users of European statistics in order to improve and promote their use of European statistics and closely monitor their needs and satisfaction by setting and implementing actions to increase statistical literacy for the benefit of the European citizens, including entrepreneurs;
439.	 making it easier for users to access an understand statistics including by providin attractive and interactive visualisations, more tailore 	to access and understand statistics, including by providing attractive and interactive visualisations,	 making it easier for users to access and understand statistics, including by providing attractive and interactive visualisations, more tailored services like on- demand data, and self-service 	Green - making it easier for users to access and understand statistics, including by providing attractive and interactive visualisations, more tailored services like on-

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	services like on-demand data, and self-service analytics;	on-demand data, and self- service analytics;	analytics;	demand data, and self-service analytics;
440.			 setting actions on helping to educate both professional users, citizens and young people and increasing statistical literacy; 	Green deletion, Council text covered i row 439
441.	 further developing and monitoring the quality assurance framework for European statistics, including through peer reviews of the Members States' compliance with the European statistics Code of Practice; 	 further developing and monitoring the quality assurance framework for European statistics, including through peer reviews of the Members States' compliance with the European statistics Code of Practice; 	- further developing and monitoring the quality assurance framework for European statistics, including through peer reviews of the Members States' compliance with the European statistics Code of Practice;	Green - further developing and monitoring the quality assurance framework for European statistics, including through peer reviews of the Members States' compliance with the European statistics Code of Practice;
442.	 providing access to micro-data for research purposes while safeguarding the highest standards in the protection of data and statistical confidentiality. 	 providing access to micro-data for research purposes while safeguarding the highest standards in the protection of data and statistical confidentiality. 	– providing access to micro-data for research purposes in accordance with Article 23 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 while safeguarding the highest standards in the protection of data and statistical confidentiality.	Green – providing access to micro-data for research purposes in accordance with Article 23 of Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 while safeguarding the highest standards in the protection of data and statistical confidentiality.

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443.	Reaping the benefits of data revolution and moving to trusted smart statistics	Reaping the benefits of data revolution and moving to trusted smart statistics	Reaping the benefits of data revolution and moving to trusted smart statistics	Green Reaping the benefits of data revolution and moving to trusted smart statistics
444.	 stepping-up the exploitation of new digital data sources and establishing the foundations of trusted smart statistics to produce new statistics in near real-time with trusted algorithms; 	 stepping-up the exploitation of new digital data sources and establishing the foundations of trusted smart statistics to produce new statistics in near real- time with trusted algorithms; 	- stepping-up the exploitation of new digital data sources in a multisource environment and establishing the foundations of trusted smart statistics to produce new statistics in near real-time with trusted algorithms that are fit for purpose;	Green — stepping-up the exploitation of new digital data sources <u>in a</u> <u>multisource environment</u> and establishing the foundations of trusted smart statistics to produce new smart statistics in near real-time with trusted algorithms <u>than</u> <u>are fit for purpose</u> ;
445.	 developing novel approaches to use privately held data through the adoption of privacy-preserving computation and secure multiparty computation methods; 	 developing novel approaches to use privately held data through the adoption of privacy- preserving computation and secure multiparty computation methods; 	 developing novel approaches to use privately held data through the adoption of privacy-preserving computation and secure multiparty computation methods; 	Green - developing novel approaches to use privately held data through the adoption of privacy-preserving computation and secure multiparty computation methods;

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446.	 promoting cutting-edge research and innovation in official statistics, including by making use of collaborative networks and providing European Statistical Training Programmes. 	 promoting cutting-edge research and innovation in official statistics, including by making use of collaborative networks and providing European Statistical Training Programmes. 	 promoting cutting-edge research and innovation in official statistics, including by making use of collaborative networks and providing European Statistical Training Programmes. 	Green - promoting cutting-edge research and innovation in official statistics, including by making use of collaborative networks and providing European Statistical Training Programmes.
447.	Expanded partnerships and statistical cooperation	Expanded partnerships and statistical cooperation	Expanded partnerships and statistical cooperation	Green Expanded partnerships and statistical cooperation
448.	 strengthening the ESS partnership and the cooperation with the European System of Central Banks; 	 strengthening the ESS partnership and the cooperation with the European System of Central Banks; 	- strengthening the ESS partnership and the cooperation with the European System of Central Banks;	Green - strengthening the ESS partnership and the cooperation with the European System of Central Banks;
449.	 fostering partnerships with public and private data holders and the technology sector to facilitate access to data for statistical purposes, the integration of data from 	 fostering partnerships with public and private data holders and the technology sector to facilitate access to data for statistical purposes, the integration of data from 	- fostering partnerships with public and private data holders and the technology sector to facilitate access to data for statistical purposes, the integration of data from multiple	Green - fostering partnerships with public and private data holders and the technology sector to facilitate access to data for statistical purposes, the integration of data from multiple

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453.	List of animal diseases and zoonoses	List of animal diseases and zoonoses	List of animal diseases and zoonoses	Green
452.		ANNEX I	II	
451.	 cooperating with international organisations and third countries for the benefit of global official statistics. 	 cooperating with international organisations and third countries for the benefit of global official statistics. 	 <u>continuing the</u> cooperatingon with international organisations and third countries for the benefit of global official statistics. 	Green - <u>continuing the</u> cooperating <u>on</u> with international organisations and third countries for the benefi of global official-statistics.
450.	 enhancing cooperation with research and academia, in particular as regards the use of new data sources, data analytics, and the promotion of statistical literacy; 	 enhancing cooperation with research and academia, in particular as regards the use of new data sources, data analytics, and the promotion of statistical literacy; 	 enhancing cooperation with research and academia, in particular as regards the use of new data sources, data analytics, and the promotion of statistical literacy; 	Green – enhancing cooperation with research and academia, in particular as regards the use of new data sources, data analytics, and the promotion of statistical literacy;
	multiple sources and the use of latest technologies;	multiple sources and the use of latest technologies;	sources and the use of latest technologies;	sources and the use of latest technologies;

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454.	Annex III point (1)	(2) African horse sickness	(1) African horse sickness	(1) African horse sickness	Green
455.	Annex III point (2)	(3) African swine fever	(2) African swine fever	(2) African swine fever	Green
456.	Annex III point (3)	(4) Anthrax	(3) Anthrax	(3) Anthrax	Green
457.	Annex III point (4)	(5) Avian influenza (highly pathogenic),	(4) Avian influenza (highly pathogenic),	(4) Avian influenza (highly pathogenic),	Green
458.	Annex III point (5)	(6) Avian influenza (low pathogenic)	(5) Avian influenza (low pathogenic)	(5) Avian influenza (low pathogenic)	Green
459.	Annex III point (6)	(7) Campylobacteriosis	(6) Campylobacteriosis	(6) Campylobacteriosis	Green
460.	Annex III point (7)	(8) Classical swine fever	(7) Classical swine fever	(7) Classical swine fever	Green
461.	Annex III point (8)	(9) Foot-and-mouth disease	(8) Foot-and-mouth disease	(8) Foot-and-mouth disease	Green

462.	Annex III point (9)	(10) Contagious caprine pleuropneumonia	(9) Contagious caprine pleuropneumonia	(9) Contagious caprine pleuropneumonia	Green
463.	Annex III point (10)	(11) Glanders	(10)Glanders	(10)Glanders	Green
464.	Annex III point (11)	(12) Infection with bluetongue virus (serotypes 1-24),	(11)Infection with bluetongue virus (serotypes 1-24),	(11)Infection with bluetongue virus (serotypes 1-24),	Green
465.	Annex III point (12)	(13) Infection with <i>Brucella</i> abortus, <i>B. melitensis</i> and <i>B. suis</i>	(12)Infection with <i>Brucella</i> abortus, <i>B. melitensis</i> and <i>B.</i> suis	(12)Infection with Brucella abortus, B. melitensis and B. suis	Green
466.	Annex III point (13)	(14) Infection with epizootic haemorrhagic disease virus	(13)Infection with epizootic haemorrhagic disease virus	(13)Infection with epizootic haemorrhagic disease virus	Green
467.	Annex III point (14)	(15) Infection with lumpy skin disease virus	(14)Infection with lumpy skin disease virus	(14)Infection with lumpy skin disease virus	Green

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468.	Annex III point (15)	(16) Infection with <i>Mycoplasma mycoides</i> subsp. mycoides SC (Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia),	(15)Infection with Mycoplasma mycoides subsp. mycoides SC (Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia),	(15)Infection with Mycoplasma mycoides subsp. mycoides SC (Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia),	Green
469.	Annex III point (16)	(17) Infection with <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> complex (<i>M. bovis</i> , <i>M. caprae</i> and <i>M. tuberculosis</i>)	(16)Infection with Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex (M. bovis, M. caprae and M. tuberculosis)	(16)Infection with Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex (M. bovis, M. caprae and M. tuberculosis)	Green
470.	Annex III point (17)	(18) Infection with Newcastle disease virus	(17)Infection with Newcastle disease virus	(17)Infection with Newcastle disease virus	Green
471.	Annex III point (18)	(19) Infection with peste des petits ruminants virus	(18)Infection with peste des petits ruminants virus	(18)Infection with peste des petits ruminants virus	Green
472.	Annex III point (19)	(20) Infection with rabies virus	(19)Infection with rabies virus	(19)Infection with rabies virus	Green
473.	Annex III point (20)	(21) Infection with Rift Valley fever virus	(20)Infection with Rift Valley fever virus	(20)Infection with Rift Valley fever virus	Green

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474.	Annex III point (21)	(22) Infection with rinderpest virus	(21)Infection with rinderpest virus	(21)Infection with rinderpest virus	Green
475.	Annex III point (22)	(23) Infection with zoonotic Salmonella serovars	(22)Infection with zoonotic Salmonella serovars	(22)Infection with zoonotic Salmonella serovars	Green
476.	Annex III point (23)	(24) Infestation with Echinococcus spp	(23)Infestation with Echinococcus spp	(23)Infestation with Echinococcus spp	Green
477.	Annex III point (24)	(25) Listeriosis	(24)Listeriosis	(24)Listeriosis	Green
478.	Annex III point (25)	(26) Sheep pox and goat pox	(25)Sheep pox and goat pox	(25)Sheep pox and goat pox	Green
479.	Annex III point (26)	(27) Transmissible spongiform encephalopathies	(26)Transmissible spongiform encephalopathies	(26)Transmissible spongiform encephalopathies	Green
480.	Annex III	(28) Trichinellosis	(27)Trichinellosis	(27)Trichinellosis	Green

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	point (27)				
481.	Annex III point (28)	(29) Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis	(28)Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis	(28)Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis	Green
482.	Annex III point (29)	(30) Verotoxigenic E. coli	(29)Verotoxigenic E. coli	(29)Verotoxigenic E. coli	Green
483.	Annex III introducto ry part (new)		The list of animal diseases and zoonoses covers:		Green The list of animal diseases and zoonoses covers
484.	Annex III point (a) (new)		(a) the list of diseases drawn up pursuant to Chapter 2 of Part 1 of Regulation 2016/429;		Green (1) Animal diseases referred to in Article 5(1), Article 9(1)(a), (b) and (c) and Article 28 of Regulation (EU) 2016/429;
485.	Annex III point (b) (new)		(b) salmonella, zoonoses and zoonotic agents covered by Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 and Directive 2003/99/EC;		Green (2) Zoonoses and zoonotic agents referred to in Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 and in Directive 2003/99/EC;

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486.	Annex III point (c) (new)	(c) transmissible spongiform encephalopathies. [Am. 148]		Green (3) Transmissible spongiform encephalopathies as referred to in Regulation (EC) No 999/2001.
487.	Annex III point (1) (new)		(1) Animal diseases referred to in Article 5(1), Article 9(1)(a), (b) and (c) and Article 28 of Regulation (EU) 2016/429;	<i>Green</i> deleted
488.	Annex III point (2) (new)		(2) Zoonoses and zoonotic agents referred to in Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 and in Directive 2003/99/EC;	<i>Green</i> deleted
489.	Annex III point (3) (new)		(3) Transmissible spongiform encephalopathies as referred to in Regulation (EC) No 999/2001.	<i>Green</i> deleted
490.		ANNEX I	V	

491.	<u>INDICATORS</u>					
492.	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(a)	Objectives laid down in Article $\frac{3(2)(a)}{3(2)(a)(i)}$	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(a)	Green Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(a)		
493.	1 - Number of new complaints and cases of non-compliance in the area of free movement of goods and services, as well as Union legislation on public procurement.	1 - Number of new complaints and cases of non-compliance in the area of free movement of goods and services, as well as Union legislation on public procurement.	1 - Number of new complaints and cases of non-compliance in the area of free movement of goods and services, as well as Union legislation on public procurement.	Yellow EP suggestion, subject to agreement on splitting the objectives 1. Number of new complaints and cases of non-compliance in the area of free movement of goods and services, as well as Union legislation on public procurement.		
494.	2 - Services Trade Restrictiveness Index.	2 - Services Trade Restrictiveness Index.	2 - Services Trade Restrictiveness Index.	Green 2 - Services Trade Restrictiveness Index.		
495.	3 - Number of visits to the Your Europe portal.	3 - Number of visits to the Your Europe portal.	3 - Number of visits to the Your Europe portal.	Green 3 - Number of visits to the Your		

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				Europe portal.
496.	4 – Number of Joint market surveillance campaigns.	4 Number of Joint market surveillance campaigns.	4 – Number of Joint market surveillance campaigns.	Yellow EP Suggestion: subject to agreement on splitting the objectives - text added in row 500: Deletion 4 Number of Joint market surveillance campaigns.
497.		Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(a)(ii)		Yellow EP Suggestion, subject to agreement on splitting the objectives: Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(a)(ii)
498.		1 - Number of new complaints and cases of non-compliance in		Green

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		the area of free movement of goods and services and online sales.		EP proposal, subject to agreement on splitting the objectives 1. Number of cases of noncompliance in the area of goods including online sales.
499.		2 - Number of Joint market surveillance and products safety campaigns.		Yellow EP proposal for a deletion of "product safety", subject to agreement on the split of the objective 2. Number of joint market surveillance and products safety campaigns.
500.	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(b)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(b)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(b)	Green Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(b)
501.	1 - Number of SMEs receiving support	1 - Number of SMEs receiving support <i>from the programme</i>	1 - Number of SMEs receiving support	Green 1. Number of SMEs, clusters and business network

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	and the Network.		organisations, and business support organisations receiving support from the programme, in particular for internationalisation, digitalisation and sustainability.
2 - Number of companies supported having concluded business partnerships.	_	2 - Number of companies supported having concluded business partnerships.	Green 2 - Number of companies supported having concluded business partnerships.
	2a - Number of entrepreneurs benefitting from mentoring and mobility schemes.		Green 3 - Number of entrepreneurs benefitting from mentoring and mobility schemes, including young, new and female entrepreneurs, as well as other specific target groups.
	2b - Time and cost reduction in setting up an SME.		Green Deletion
	2c - Number of enterprise networks created compared to		Green Deletion
	supported having concluded	2 - Number of companies supported having concluded business partnerships. 2 - Number of companies supported having concluded business partnerships. 2a - Number of entrepreneurs benefitting from mentoring and mobility schemes. 2b - Time and cost reduction in setting up an SME. 2c - Number of enterprise	2 - Number of companies supported having concluded business partnerships. 2 - Number of companies supported having concluded business partnerships. 2 - Number of companies supported having concluded business partnerships. 2 - Number of companies supported having concluded business partnerships. 2 - Number of entrepreneurs benefitting from mentoring and mobility schemes. 2 - Number of entrepreneurs benefitting from mentoring and mobility schemes.

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	baseline.	
506.	2d - Number of Member States using SME test.	Green Deletion
507.	2e - Marked increase in the number of Member States with a one-stop shop for business start-ups.	Green Deletion
508.	2f - Increase in the proportion of SMEs exporting and increase in the proportion of SMEs exporting outside the Union compared to baseline.	Green Deletion
509.	2g - Marked increase in number of Member States implementing entrepreneurship solutions targeting potential, young, new and female entrepreneurs, as well as other specific target groups compared to baseline.	Green Deletion

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510.		2h - Increase in the proportion of Union citizens that would like to be self-employed compared to baseline.		Green Deletion
511.		2i - Performance of SMEs as regards sustainability to be measured inter alia by the increase in the proportion of Union SMEs developing sustainable blue economy and green products1a and services and by their improvement in resource-efficiency (which may include energy, materials or water, recycling, etc.) compared to baseline.		Green Deletion
512.	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(c)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(c)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(c)	Green Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(c)
513.	1 - Share of implementation of European standards as national standards by Member States in	European standards as national	1 - Share of implementation of European standards as national standards by Member States in total amount of active European	Green 1 - Share of implementation of European standards as national standards by Member States in total amount of active European

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	total amount of active European standards.	standards.	standards.	standards.
514.	2 - Percentage of international financial reporting and auditing standards endorsed by the Union.	2 - Percentage of international financial reporting and auditing standards endorsed by the Union.	2 - Percentage of international financial reporting and auditing standards endorsed by the Union.	Green 2 - Percentage of international financial reporting and auditing standards endorsed by the Union
515.	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(d)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(d)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(d)	Green Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(d)
516.	1 - Consumer condition index.	1 - Consumer condition index.	1 - Consumer condition index.	Green 1 - Consumer condition index.
517.	2 - Number of position papers and responses to public consultations in the field of financial services from beneficiaries.	2 - Number of position papers and responses to public consultations in the field of financial services from beneficiaries.	2 - Number of position papers and responses to public consultations in the field of financial services from beneficiaries.	Green 2 - Number of position papers and responses to public consultations in the field of financial services from beneficiaries.
518.	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(e)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(e)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(e)	Green Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(e)
519.	1 - Number of successfully implemented national	1 - Number of successfully implemented national veterinary	1 - Number of successfully implemented national veterinary	Green 1 - Number of successfully

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	veterinary and phytosanitary programmes.	and phytosanitary programmes.	and phytosanitary programmes.	implemented national veterinary and phytosanitary programmes, including the number of successfully implemented emergency measures on plant pests and animal deseases. EP to check
520.		2 - Number of emergencies caused by pests successfully resolved.		Green Deletion
521.		3 - Number of emergencies caused by diseases successfully resolved.[Am. 149]		Green Deletion
522.	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(f)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(f)	Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(f)	Green Objectives laid down in Article 3(2)(f)
523.	1 - Impact of statistics published on the internet: number of web mentions and positive/negative opinions.	1 - Impact of statistics published on the internet: number of web mentions and positive/negative opinions.	1 - Impact of statistics published on the internet: number of web mentions and positive/negative opinions.	Green 1 - Impact of statistics published on the internet: number of web mentions and positive/negative opinions.

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